

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.5950, 8.5530,  
-8.5723)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.5950, 8.5530, -8.5723)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(88.6100, 8.3715,  
-8.5556)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3DEFF
RGB	243, 222, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.0471, 0.1294, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	278°, 100%, 94%
HSV	278°, 13%, 100%
XYZ	81.1335, 78.5173, 105.4870
YIQ	232.0410, 1.9230, 14.7150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

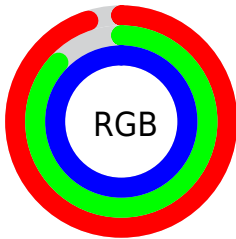
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">243, 222, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15982335</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.02, 13.03, -13.39</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 18.680, 314.223</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.5206, 0.3060, 0.2961</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294172415</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFF3DEFF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">232.0410, 11.3188, 9.6110</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556</a>

# Details

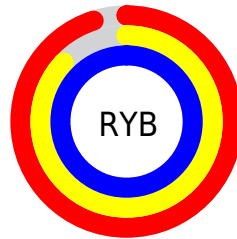
The HunterLab color  $88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $97.1016, -17.5740, 17.3268$ , and the grayscale version is  $89.8016, -4.7916, 4.8791$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $65.0226, 8.3861, -8.5024$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.2340, 19.2091, -20.1355$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $97.3643, -2.2534, 2.3445$ .

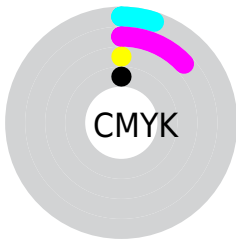
# Distribution



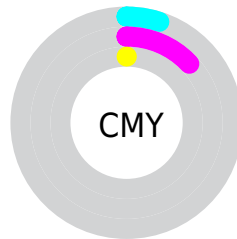
- Red (95%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88.6100, 8.3715,  
-8.5556

 88.6100, 8.3715,  
-8.5556

221.3443, 5.7287,  
-5.5205

 76.4864, 8.4256,  
-8.6660


114.5791, 8.0913,  
-8.1742

 64.9709, 8.4204,  
-8.7228


128.3732, 7.8779,  
-7.9146

 54.0994, 8.3469,  
-8.7187


142.6803, 7.6193,  
-7.6118

 43.9127, 8.1969,  
-8.6486

157.4827, 7.3179,  
-7.2680

 34.4603, 7.9594,  
-8.5065

172.7642, 6.9763,  
-6.8852

 25.8044, 7.6198,  
-8.2864

188.5104, 6.5964,

 18.0266, 7.1577,

-6.4654

-7.9852

204.7078, 6.1800,  
-6.0100

■ 11.2400, 6.5430,  
-7.6145

■ 3.3553, 16.7411,  
-16.4105

■ 88.6100, 8.3715,  
-8.5556

■ 88.6100, 8.3715,  
-8.5556

■ 80.2340, 19.2091,  
-20.1355

■ 97.3643, -2.2534,  
2.3445

■ 72.2968, 30.2518,  
-32.5085

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 64.8849, 41.4196,  
-45.7429

■ 58.1062, 52.5141,  
-59.8110

■ 52.0933, 63.1308,  
-74.4729

■ 46.9977, 72.5683,  
-89.1223

■ 42.9659, 79.8279,  
-102.6794

■ 40.0848, 83.8828,  
-113.7673

■ 38.6392, 84.8560,  
-119.8760

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6118, -0.2005, -13.7257



88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556



88.6118, 13.5377, -0.0320

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6118, 8.3691, -8.5531



88.6118, 0.2881, 19.9674



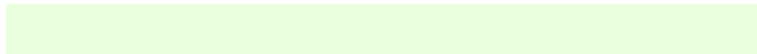
88.6118, -21.7518, 0.4474

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556



97.1016, -17.5740, 17.3268

# Split Complementary

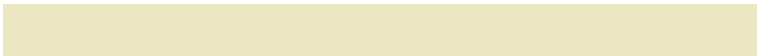
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.6118, -21.6334, 9.4186



88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556



88.6118, -9.1759, 20.0667

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



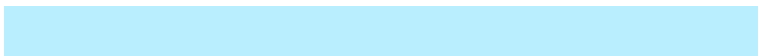
88.6118, 8.3691, -8.5531



88.6118, 8.7398, 16.1059



88.6118, -17.1152, 16.3931



88.6118, -17.4457, -8.1705



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556



88.6118, 14.2279, 6.0933



88.6118, -17.1152, 16.3931



88.6118, -22.2222, 3.5344

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6118, 8.3691, -8.5531



96.4195, -1.1363, 1.2174



90.3632, -4.7918, -6.4775



44.2992, -0.1587, 0.1917

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6118, 8.3691, -8.5531



86.0048, 11.6640, -12.0207



89.6914, 11.6313, -4.6425



42.3684, 2.1729, -2.1924



28.0867, 61.5309, -85.9707



9.1099, 19.6331, -25.3689



# Inverse Universe

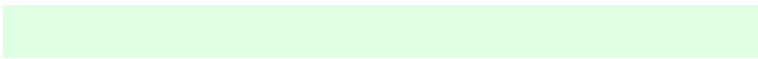
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.1326, 8.6636, 3.2934



86.6681, 12.0370, 2.8852



96.2100, -20.5564, 14.4041



42.5397, 2.2698, 1.7577



33.9784, 59.4735, 11.9984

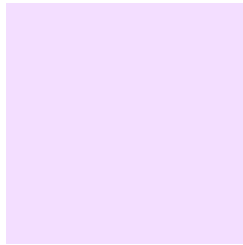


10.6968, 18.9038, 2.3761



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

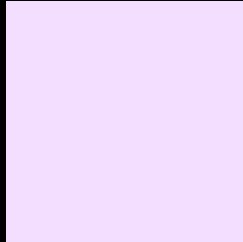
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

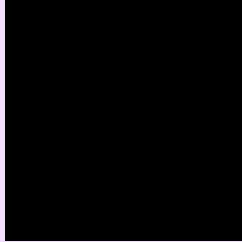
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556.



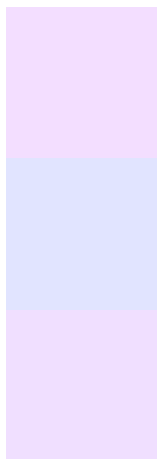
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556.

-8.5556.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556

### Protanopia

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

### Deuteranopia

88.6119, 6.8326, -8.5800



## Tritanopia

88.5567, 4.1787, -1.6008

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556

## Protanomaly

88.7516, 2.6167, -8.4680

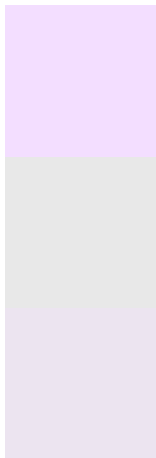
## Deuteranomaly

88.7108, 7.1638, -8.4426

## Tritanomaly

88.5257, 5.9740, -4.2813

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556

## Achromatopsia

89.8305, -4.7931, 4.8807

## Achromatomaly

89.2250, 0.0274, 0.2004

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 222, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 222, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 222, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 222, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 222, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 222, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 222, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 222, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 222, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 222,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.6100, 8.3715, -8.5556 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 222, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
222, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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