

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.6290, -0.7781,
-8.6904)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.6290, -0.7781,
-8.6904) contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| HunterLab(88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(88.6308, -0.9666,
-8.6914)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | E0E4FF |
| RGB | 224, 228, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 88%, 89%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.1216, 0.1059, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 232°, 100%, 94% |
| HSV | 232°, 12%, 100% |
| XYZ | 76.5340, 78.5542, 105.7365 |
| YIQ | 229.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

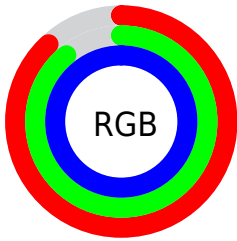
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 224, 228, 255 |
| Decimal | 14738687 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 91.03, 3.82, -13.51 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 91, 14.043, 285.780 |
| Y _{xy} | 78.5574, 0.2934, 0.3012 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292928767 (0xFFE0E4FF) |
| YUV | 229.8820, 12.3832, -5.1585 |
| Hunter-Lab | 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 |

Details

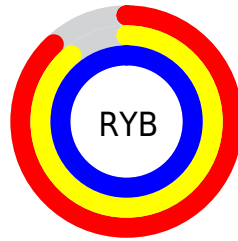
The HunterLab color $88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $97.7929, -8.3382, 17.3570$, and the grayscale version is $88.8560, -4.7411, 4.8277$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.1148, -0.1897, -8.5268$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.5862, 3.1320, -21.3852$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $97.9568, -4.6031, 3.0171$.

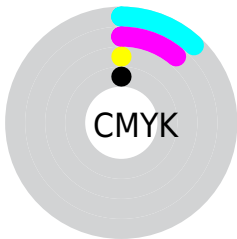
Distribution



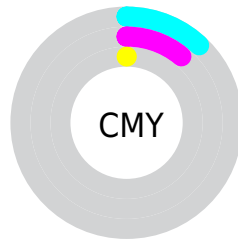
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.6308, -0.9666,
-8.6914

88.6308, -0.9666,
-8.6914

221.3725, -6.7342,
-5.6930

76.5062, -0.4981,
-8.7973

114.6017, -2.0243,
-8.3189

64.9896, -0.0694,
-8.8493

128.3967, -2.6050,
-8.0636

54.1170, 0.3142,
-8.8405

142.7046, -3.2187,
-7.7649

43.9291, 0.6482,
-8.7654

157.5078, -3.8639,
-7.4251

34.4754, 0.9271,
-8.6183

172.7901, -4.5391,
-7.0464

25.8182, 1.1434,
-8.3934

188.5371, -5.2432,

18.0388, 1.2861,

-6.6304

-8.0877

204.7352, -5.9753,
-6.1788

■ 11.2504, 1.3380,
-7.7138

■ 3.3828, 4.7388,
-16.4434

■ 88.6308, -0.9666,
-8.6914

■ 88.6308, -0.9666,
-8.6914

■ 79.5862, 3.1320,
-21.3852

■ 97.9568, -4.6031,
3.0171

■ 70.8631, 7.8303,
-35.3541

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 62.5250, 13.2973,
-50.9524

■ 54.6573, 19.7455,
-68.6012

■ 47.3811, 27.4080,
-88.7109

■ 40.8674, 36.4520,
-111.4356

■ 35.3500, 46.7414,
-136.0777

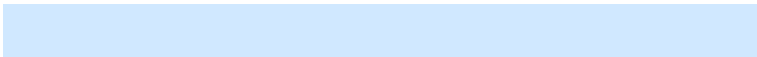
■ 31.1125, 57.3956,
-160.1145

■ 28.8163, 64.7374,
-175.7673

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6326, -8.0820, -8.7951



88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914



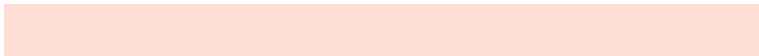
88.6326, 5.3235, -4.7777

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6326, -0.9686, -8.6890



88.6326, 5.0476, 13.6849



88.6326, -17.6562, 7.9737

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914



97.7929, -8.3382, 17.3570

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.6326, -14.3620, 13.4597



88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914



88.6326, -1.3355, 16.5759

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.6326, -0.9686, -8.6890



88.6326, 8.8713, 8.3039



88.6326, -8.4375, 16.4969



88.6326, -17.5650, 1.1981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914



88.6326, 8.1401, -0.7034



88.6326, -8.4375, 16.4969



88.6326, -16.9127, 10.0178

Sweetspot

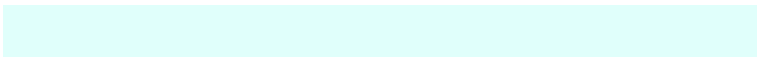
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6326, -0.9686, -8.6890



96.2182, -3.9630, 0.9222



97.1207, -15.7730, 3.9200



44.1879, -1.7110, 0.0277

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6326, -0.9686, -8.6890



86.0297, 0.1451, -12.1882



88.4633, 4.7739, -8.8139



42.1375, -0.9128, -2.5440



21.1068, 45.7106, -125.0578



7.3894, 11.4099, -33.8669

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.5401, 6.5753, 6.6850



87.1861, 9.4340, 7.0415



98.0151, -14.1861, 17.4885



42.4561, 1.8206, 2.9496



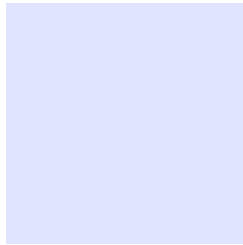
33.4331, 57.4612, 20.0065



10.4865, 18.1305, 5.4426

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

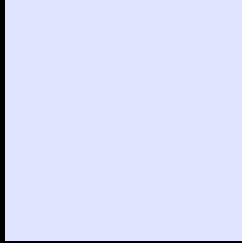
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

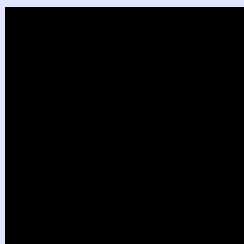
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914.



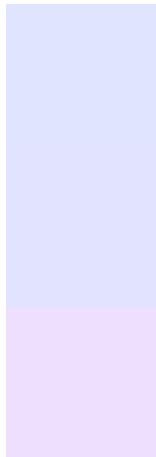
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914.

-8.6914.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914

Protanopia

88.8119, -0.3448, -8.4398

Deuteranopia

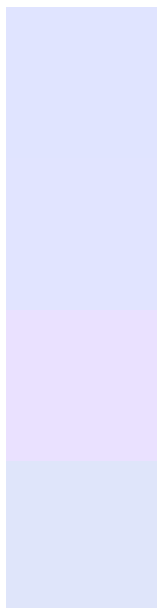
88.5133, 6.5025, -8.7170



Tritanopia

88.5675, -3.3550, -4.3911

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914

Protanomaly

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

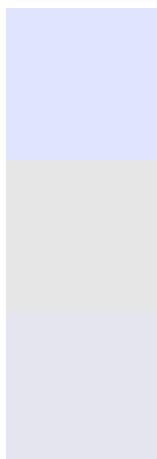
Deuteranomaly

88.6357, 3.7951, -8.6015

Tritanomaly

88.6728, -2.7798, -5.8821

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

88.7494, -3.2703, 0.0750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 228,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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