

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.6336, 0.8378,  
21.5618)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.6336, 0.8378,  
21.5618) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.5059, 1.0138,  
21.5352)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0BF
RGB	255, 224, 191
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	31°, 100%, 87%
HSV	31°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	77.2997, 78.3329, 60.3359
YIQ	229.5070, 29.0690, -3.6910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

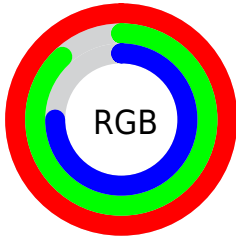
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	251, 255, 191
Decimal	16769215
CIE Lab	90.93, 5.80, 20.09
CIE LCh	91, 20.912, 73.904
Yxy	78.3364, 0.3579, 0.3627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959295 (0xFFFFE0BF)
YUV	229.5070, -18.9840, 22.3574
Hunter-Lab	88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352

# Details

The HunterLab color **88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **83.9862, -7.4329, -15.1665**, and the grayscale version is **88.8123, -4.7388, 4.8253**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.7474, -6.7215, 9.0414**, and **64.9522, 1.7352, 18.4498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.2084, 4.2712, 26.7311**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.9730, -1.8187, 15.6110**.

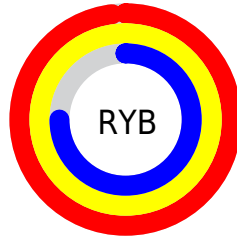
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

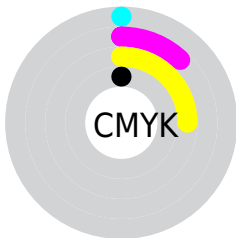
Blue (75%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (75%)

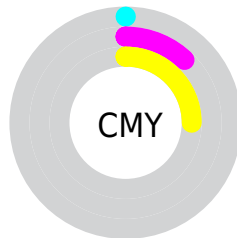


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88.5059, 1.0138,  
21.5352

88.5059, 1.0138,  
21.5352

221.2032, -4.0723,  
35.9209

76.3874, 1.3902,  
19.8910

114.4658, 0.1255,  
24.7719

64.8771, 1.7234,  
18.2177

128.2555, -0.3749,  
26.3724

54.0112, 2.0060,  
16.5059

142.5584, -0.9110,  
27.9664

43.8304, 2.2327,  
14.7412

157.3567, -1.4811,  
29.5567

34.3844, 2.3966,  
12.9026

172.6343, -2.0835,  
31.1456

25.7355, 2.4880,  
10.9581

188.3766, -2.7170,

17.9655, 2.4933,

32.7350

8.8567

204.5703, -3.3803,  
34.3263

■ 11.1878, 2.3906,  
7.8315

■ 3.2142, 7.6882,  
2.2499

■ 88.5059, 1.0138,  
21.5352

■ 88.5059, 1.0138,  
21.5352

■ 84.2084, 4.2712,  
26.7311

■ 92.9730, -1.8187,  
15.6110

■ 80.0887, 7.9872,  
31.1220

■ 97.5911, -4.2449,  
9.0243

■ 76.1638, 12.1764,  
34.6354

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 72.4494, 16.8454,  
37.2031

■ 68.9614, 21.9838,  
38.7719

■ 65.7145, 27.5559,  
39.3208

■ 62.7208, 33.4896,  
38.8903

■ 61.3424, 36.4708,  
38.4374

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.5079, 10.4853, 17.2677



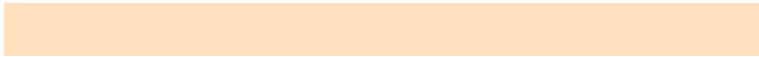
88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352



88.5079, -9.5854, 21.6890

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5079, 1.0107, 21.5364



88.5079, -23.7060, 0.0171



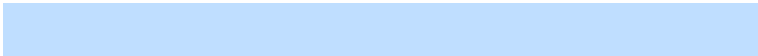
88.5079, 9.8966, -10.3667

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352



83.9862, -7.4329, -15.1665

# Split Complementary

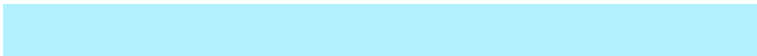
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.5079, 0.2379, -16.2094



88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352



88.5079, -18.9771, -9.7532

# Square

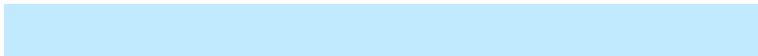
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.5079, 1.0107, 21.5364



88.5079, -23.5211, 10.0403



88.5079, -10.3227, -15.9725



88.5079, 15.7785, -0.7439



# Rectangle

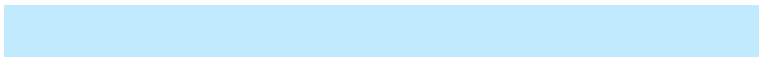
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352



88.5079, -15.8420, 19.4831



88.5079, -10.3227, -15.9725



88.5079, 6.9645, -12.8859

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5079, 1.0107, 21.5364



96.2356, -3.5805, 11.0005



79.9063, 23.6620, -2.1485



44.2001, -1.4913, 5.5538

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5079, 1.0107, 21.5364



86.3784, 2.5537, 24.1790



98.2556, -14.9777, 30.5388



44.2001, -1.4913, 5.5538



44.6794, 25.5871, 27.9792

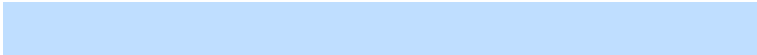


14.7054, 6.2934, 9.1716

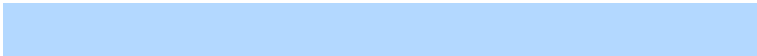


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.9862, -7.4329, -15.1665



81.0091, -7.4316, -19.4554



74.5379, 8.8556, -29.1693



43.3932, -3.0089, -0.9823



33.9629, 10.5323, -65.1870

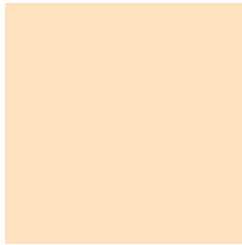


11.5789, 1.3965, -17.4873



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

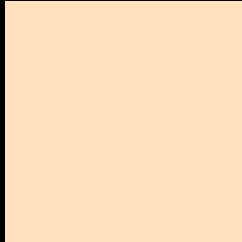
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

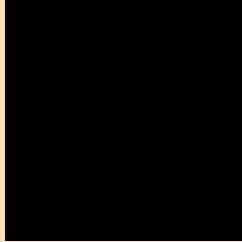
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5059, 1.0138,

21.5352.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352

### Protanopia

88.6508, -6.2985, 20.7734

### Deuteranopia

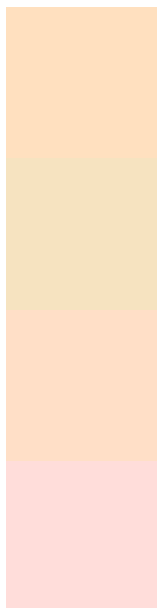
88.5139, 3.2190, 16.7524



## Tritanopia

88.5364, 9.7471, 2.5981

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352

## Protanomaly

88.5081, -3.6528, 21.0678

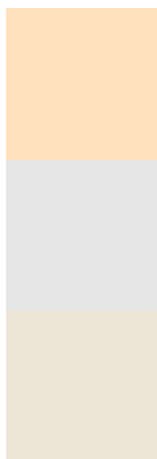
## Deuteranomaly

88.4075, 2.6452, 18.2858

## Tritanomaly

88.3373, 6.5602, 10.0290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352

## Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

## Achromatomaly

88.7668, -3.0479, 11.2517

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.5059, 1.0138, 21.5352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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