

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.6529, -9.7343,
-8.8130)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.6529, -9.7343,
-8.8130) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.5072, -9.4960,
-9.0052)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCE9FF
RGB	204, 233, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.0863, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	206°, 100%, 90%
HSV	206°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	72.0908, 78.3352, 105.9284
YIQ	226.8370, -24.3460, 0.6940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

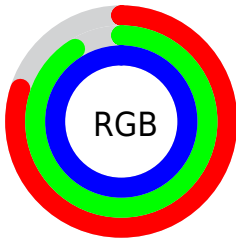
Format	Color
RYB	204, 222, 255
Decimal	13429247
CIELab	90.93, -4.93, -13.81
CIELCh	91, 14.661, 250.336
Yxy	78.3383, 0.2812, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291619327 (0xFFCCE9FF)
YUV	226.8370, 13.8844, -20.0280
Hunter-Lab	88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052

Details

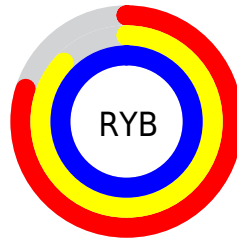
The HunterLab color $88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $89.4490, 1.7815, 17.2825$, and the grayscale version is $87.5237, -4.6700, 4.7553$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.7388, -7.6642, -9.1719$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.0606, -10.7219, -16.5386$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.1616, -7.6778, -1.6834$.

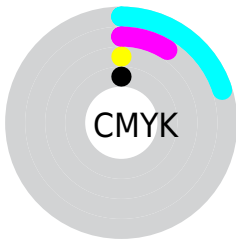
Distribution



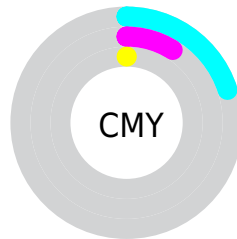
- Red (80%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.5072, -9.4960,
-9.0052

■ 88.5072, -9.4960,
-9.0052

221.2047,
-18.3203, -6.0958

■ 76.3885, -8.6168,
-9.0999

114.4670,
-11.3199, -8.6544

■ 64.8781, -7.7558,
-9.1404

128.2568,
-12.2612, -8.4094

■ 54.0121, -6.9141,
-9.1196

142.5597,
-13.2224, -8.1208

■ 43.8313, -6.0910,
-9.0324

157.3580,
-14.2034, -7.7909

■ 34.3852, -5.2846,
-8.8730

172.6357,
-15.2039, -7.4218

■ 25.7363, -4.4918,
-8.6359

188.3780,

■ 17.9661, -3.7064,

-16.2237, -7.0151

-8.3191

204.5718,
-17.2626, -6.5727

■ 11.1884, -2.9161,
-7.9377

■ 3.2157, -5.6275,
-17.7038

■ 88.5072, -9.4960,
-9.0052

■ 88.5072, -9.4960,
-9.0052

■ 83.0606, -10.7219,
-16.5386

■ 94.1616, -7.6778,
-1.6834

■ 77.8366, -11.2683,
-24.2997

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 72.8588, -11.0470,
-32.2866

■ 68.1509, -9.9652,
-40.4872

■ 63.7366, -7.9348,
-48.8720

■ 59.6382, -4.8869,
-57.3921

■ 55.8713, -0.7958,
-65.9829

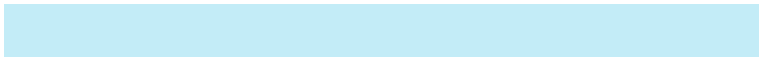
■ 52.4184, 4.2238,
-74.6362

■ 52.4180, 4.2244,
-74.6371

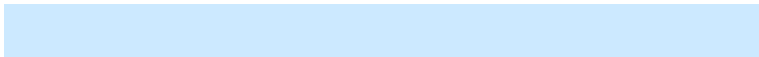
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.5090, -15.3870, -4.4666



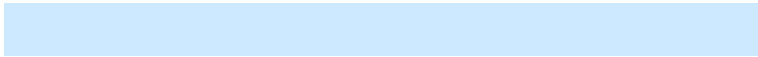
88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052



88.5090, -2.1419, -9.6679

Triad

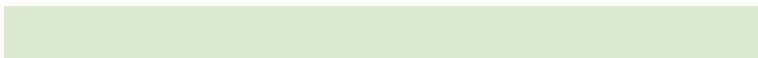
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5090, -9.4977, -9.0029



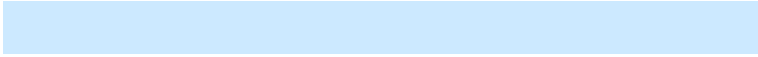
88.5090, 9.8145, 7.2285



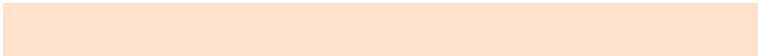
88.5090, -13.8122, 14.5908

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052



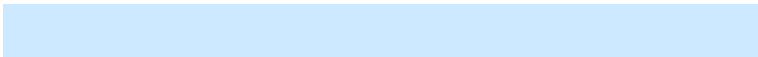
89.4490, 1.7815, 17.2825

Split Complementary

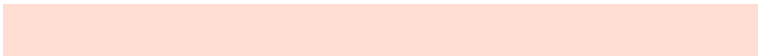
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.5090, -7.2835, 17.2055



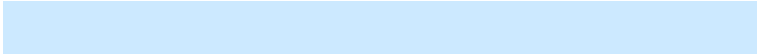
88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052



88.5090, 6.4619, 13.1940

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.5090, -9.4977, -9.0029



88.5090, 9.1739, 0.1071



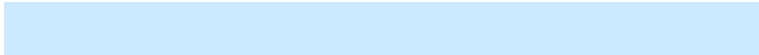
88.5090, 0.1462, 16.7162



88.5090, -17.8203, 9.2830

Rectangle

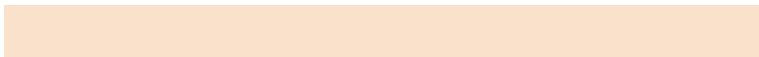
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052



88.5090, 2.6264, -7.7723



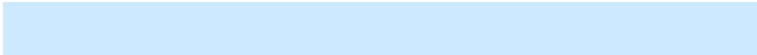
88.5090, 0.1462, 16.7162



88.5090, -11.8486, 15.7931

Sweetspot

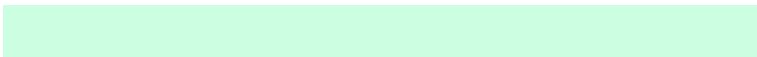
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5090, -9.4977, -9.0029



96.4751, -6.8000, 1.1861



94.7669, -25.9165, 13.2616



44.4581, -3.2149, 0.3329

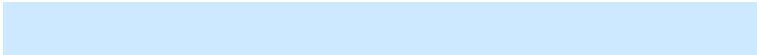
0.0000, NaN, NaN



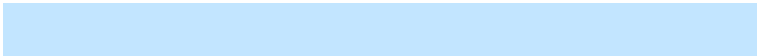
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5090, -9.4977, -9.0029



86.3035, -10.0634, -11.9914



80.8039, 3.4408, -19.5673



43.6951, -3.5039, -0.6139



38.2878, 2.3444, -52.9173



12.8240, -0.7708, -14.3649

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.8633, 18.2850, -2.5083



80.8639, 23.1060, -3.9072



97.1896, -11.1068, 24.8424



42.6148, 2.6728, 0.6883



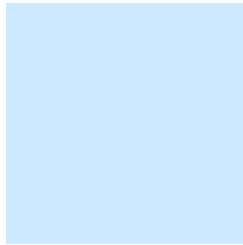
34.9397, 62.9808, -1.8058



11.0026, 20.0141, -1.9743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

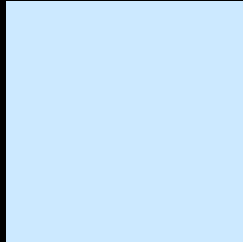
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

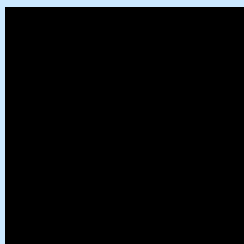
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

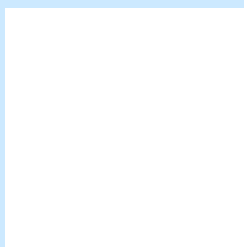
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052.



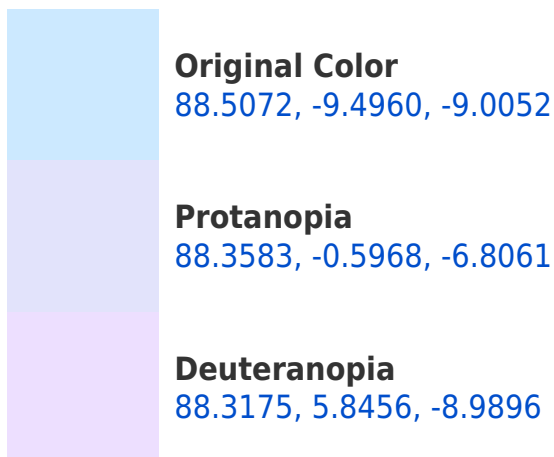
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5072, -9.4960,

-9.0052.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

88.3191, -10.3781, -7.5850

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052

Protanomaly

88.3019, -3.9217, -7.4946

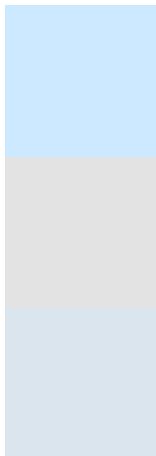
Deuteranomaly

88.4114, -0.1265, -8.9689

Tritanomaly

88.3551, -10.1787, -8.0932

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.8710, -6.4605, -0.0280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 233, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 233, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 233, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 233, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 233, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 233, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 233, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 233, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 233, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 233,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.5072, -9.4960, -9.0052 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 233, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
233, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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