

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.6836, -48.8846,
3.2501)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.6836, -48.8846,
3.2501) contains.

HunterLab(88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.6946,
-48.8409, 3.2606)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	48FFE7
RGB	72, 255, 231
RGB Percent	28%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.7176, 0.0000, 0.0941
CMYK	0.72, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	172°, 100%, 64%
HSV	172°, 72%, 100%
XYZ	52.8563, 78.6673, 87.9999
YIQ	197.5470, -101.3640, -46.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

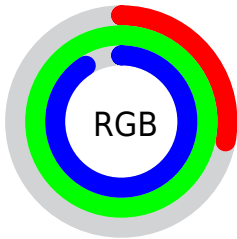
Format	Color
RYB	72, 170, 255
Decimal	4784103
CIELab	91.08, -50.39, -1.67
CIELCh	91, 50.422, 181.898
Yxy	78.6677, 0.2408, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282974183 (0xFF48FFE7)
YUV	197.5470, 16.4923, -110.1047
Hunter-Lab	88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606

Details

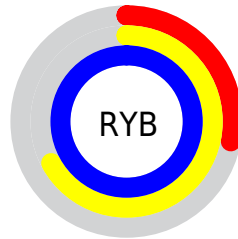
The HunterLab color **88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **51.7114, 67.1500, 20.3496**, and the grayscale version is **74.9190, -3.9975, 4.0705**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.0159, -34.3311, -4.8613**, and **65.6255, -39.2219, 2.6425** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.1449, -51.2462, 4.2135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.4706, -45.5573, 2.5769**.

Distribution



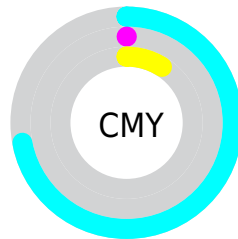
- Red (28%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.6946, -48.8409,
3.2606

 88.6946, -48.8409,
3.2606


221.4569,
-74.8057, 9.9361

 76.5654, -45.5947,
2.6733


 114.6695,
-55.0300, 4.5361

 65.0457, -42.2213,
2.1237


 128.4671,
-58.0068, 5.2223

 54.1698, -38.6889,
1.6136


 142.7776,
-60.9203, 5.9387

 43.9783, -34.9559,
1.1462

 157.5832,
-63.7796, 6.6841

 34.5209, -30.9626,
0.7252

172.8679,
-66.5920, 7.4575

 25.8595, -26.6198,
0.3559

188.6171,

 18.0754, -21.7868,

-69.3638, 8.2578

0.0454

204.8175,
-72.1002, 9.0843

■ 11.2817, -19.7430,
-0.1956

■ 3.4638, -6.0616,
-1.8101

■ 88.6946, -48.8409,
3.2606

■ 88.6946, -48.8409,
3.2606

■ 88.1449, -51.2462,
4.2135

■ 89.4706, -45.5573,
2.5769


■ 87.7943, -52.8631,
5.3973


■ 90.4912, -41.3529,
2.1939


■ 87.6186, -53.7409,
6.4954

■ 91.7695, -36.2130,
2.1308

■ 93.3137, -30.1525,
2.3987

 95.1273, -23.2091,
3.0004

 97.2103, -15.4389,
3.9315

 99.5592, -6.9104,
5.1812

 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6948, -44.1812, 24.2045



88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



88.6948, -42.8421, -23.7101

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6948, -48.8396, 3.2600



88.6948, 22.8543, -44.9478



88.6948, 19.7078, 37.0409

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



51.7114, 67.1500, 20.3496

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.6948, 41.1334, 26.2114



88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



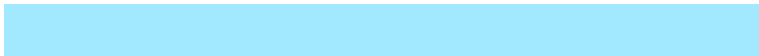
88.6948, 43.0904, -20.2340

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.6948, -48.8396, 3.2600



88.6948, -3.0979, -56.0201



88.6948, 50.1275, 6.3677



88.6948, -6.3648, 40.0808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



88.6948, -33.1624, -40.5894



88.6948, 50.1275, 6.3677



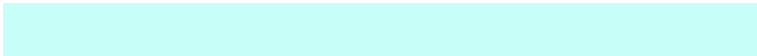
88.6948, 27.7903, 34.3784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6948, -48.8396, 3.2600



95.0808, -23.3851, 2.9822



86.3117, -64.6056, 47.8412



43.7497, -11.7266, 1.2900

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6948, -48.8396, 3.2600



87.9738, -52.0214, 4.6900



66.7258, -13.2807, -43.1812



45.2085, -6.2819, 1.9367



63.3483, -38.7707, 4.5150



19.7946, -11.9314, 1.0150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.7114, 67.1500, 20.3496



47.8321, 76.0165, 24.7069



63.4224, 34.4004, 33.9498



42.4568, 1.8243, 2.9395



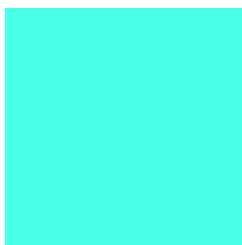
33.4355, 57.4703, 19.9699



10.4878, 18.1354, 5.4228

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

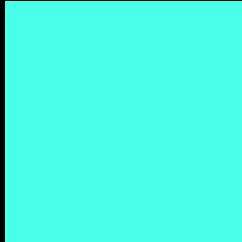
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

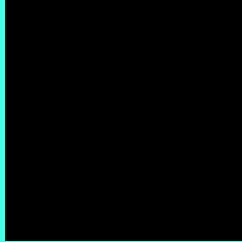
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

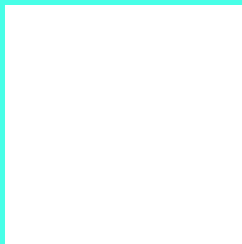
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606.



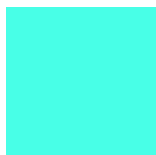
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6946,

-48.8409, 3.2606.

Color Blindness Simulation

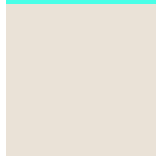
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



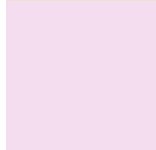
Original Color

88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



Protanopia

87.6307, -3.8538, 10.4323



Deuteranopia

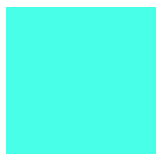
87.8175, 6.0783, -0.3931



Tritanopia

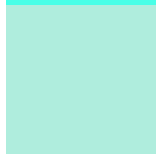
88.4295, -24.9599, -9.3794

Trichromacy



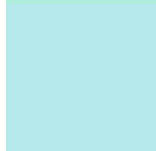
Original Color

88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



Protanomaly

86.5464, -25.6151, 6.0180



Deuteranomaly

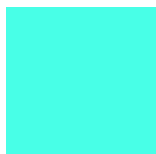
86.0812, -19.6091, -1.4358



Tritanomaly

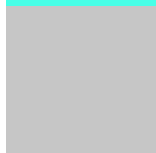
88.1842, -35.3063, -4.9001

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606



Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829



Achromatomaly

78.7347, -24.6271, 2.1702

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 255, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 255, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 255, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 255, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 255, 231) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 255, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 255, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 255, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 255, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 255,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.6946, -48.8409, 3.2606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 255, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 255,  
231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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