

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.6969, -52.7593,  
33.7092)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.6969, -52.7593,  
33.7092) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.7274,  
-52.6208, 33.6138)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84FF99
RGB	132, 255, 153
RGB Percent	52%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.4823, 0.0000, 0.4000
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	130°, 100%, 76%
HSV	130°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	51.0255, 78.7255, 42.6433
YIQ	206.5950, -40.5660, -57.7980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

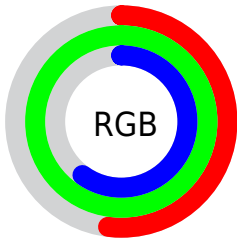
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">132, 237, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8716185</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.11, -55.31, 38.34</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">91, 67.302, 145.270</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.7257, 0.2960, 0.4567</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286906265 (0xFF84FF99)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">206.5950, -26.4223, -65.4198</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138</a>

# Details

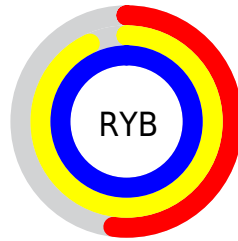
The HunterLab color **88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **66.1085, 58.0418, -28.0602**, and the grayscale version is **78.9400, -4.2120, 4.2890**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3544, -32.1430, 19.0621**, and **64.9705, -45.2504, 28.0069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.3367, -58.9899, 37.9990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.4436, -44.9574, 28.6429**.

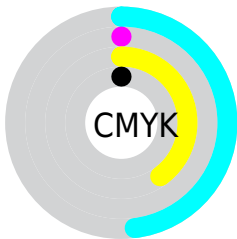
# Distribution



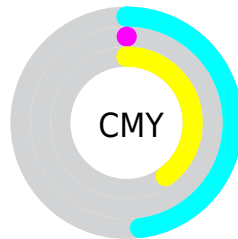
- Red (52%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 88.7274, -52.6208,  
33.6138

 88.7274, -52.6208,  
33.6138


221.5012,  
-80.5518, 55.2016


 76.5965, -49.1002,  
30.9555


 114.7051,  
-59.3160, 38.7072

 65.0751, -45.4332,  
28.2024


 128.5040,  
-62.5272, 41.1684

 54.1975, -41.5852,  
25.3311


 142.8158,  
-65.6648, 43.5845

 44.0042, -37.5096,  
22.3117

157.6227,  
-68.7392, 45.9629

 34.5447, -33.1398,  
19.1046

172.9087,  
-71.7585, 48.3092

 25.8811, -28.3776,  
15.6583

188.6591,

 18.0946, -23.0700,

-74.7300, 50.6285

12.6662

204.8607,  
-77.6594, 52.9248

■ 11.2982, -19.7718,  
7.9087

■ 3.5055, -6.1346,  
2.4539

■ 88.7274, -52.6208,  
33.6138

■ 88.7274, -52.6208,  
33.6138

■ 87.3367, -58.9899,  
37.9990

■ 90.4436, -44.9574,  
28.6429

■ 86.2617, -64.0338,  
41.7536

■ 92.4883, -36.0735,  
23.1497

■ 85.4852, -67.7670,  
44.8475

■ 94.8596, -26.0687,  
17.2031

■ 84.9815, -70.2620,  
47.2727

■ 97.5507, -15.0620,  
10.8766

■ 84.7092, -71.6757, 100.0000, -5.3358,  
49.0400 5.4332

■ 84.6749, -71.8565,  
49.2813

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7275, -31.1291, 44.8483



88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



88.7275, -61.2777, 9.8406

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.7275, -52.6202, 33.6130



88.7275, -10.1032, -82.9944



88.7275, 62.9873, 27.6196

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



66.1085, 58.0418, -28.0602

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.7275, 70.8629, -0.4917



88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



88.7275, 25.1486, -72.5174

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.7275, -52.6202, 33.6130



88.7275, -39.2165, -63.5925



88.7275, 56.1060, -38.7694



88.7275, 35.9683, 42.4213



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



88.7275, -59.7353, -13.2969



88.7275, 56.1060, -38.7694



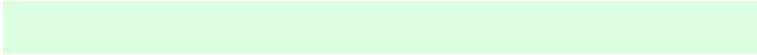
88.7275, 68.1198, 19.7903

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.7275, -52.6202, 33.6130



95.9607, -21.5227, 14.5661



95.2697, -28.0340, 44.6281



44.1329, -11.0391, 7.3643

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.7275, -52.6202, 33.6130



87.3657, -58.8556, 37.9031



90.1558, -44.0992, 12.9434



44.9653, -7.6386, 5.4122



61.2198, -51.8668, 35.4462



19.1378, -15.9649, 10.5430



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.1085, 58.0418, -28.0602



61.2333, 69.9487, -33.3502



63.8593, 47.6692, 3.4775



42.7130, 3.1987, -0.7069



36.8754, 69.9002, -28.4966

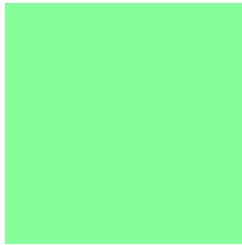


11.5647, 22.0168, -9.6729



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

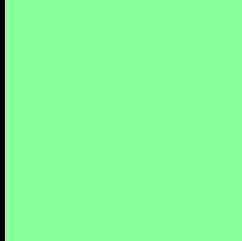
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

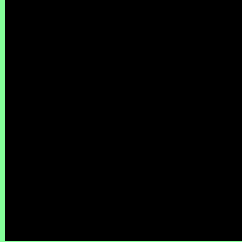
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

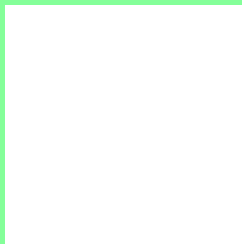
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138.



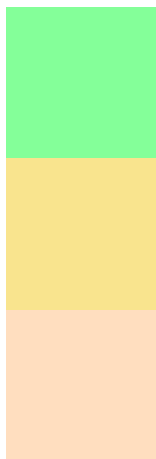
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7274,

-52.6208, 33.6138.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138

### Protanopia

88.0792, -8.8472, 36.8926

### Deuteranopia

87.9000, 2.0634, 20.9527



## Tritanopia

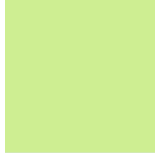
88.3555, -20.0824, -9.3928

# Trichromacy



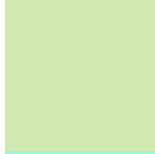
## Original Color

88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



## Protanomaly

87.3763, -27.8502, 34.9005



## Deuteranomaly

87.0182, -21.1281, 24.9095



## Tritanomaly

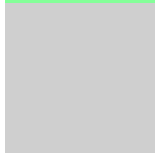
88.1690, -33.6234, 9.1367

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138



## Achromatopsia

78.9912, -4.2148, 4.2917



## Achromatomaly

81.6103, -23.7288, 15.7170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 255, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 255, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 255, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 255, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 255, 153) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 255, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 255, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 255, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 255, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 255,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.7274, -52.6208, 33.6138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 255, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
255, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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