

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.9081, -5.4950,
5.1841)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.9081, -5.4950, 5.1841)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.8306, -5.2422,
5.1680)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E6E5
RGB	229, 230, 229
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.1020, 0.0980, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	120°, 2%, 90%
HSV	120°, 0%, 90%
XYZ	74.7527, 78.9088, 85.4197
YIQ	229.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 230, 230
Decimal	15066853
CIE Lab	91.19, -0.51, 0.36
CIE LCh	91, 0.625, 144.879
Yxy	78.9121, 0.3127, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256933 (0xFFE5E6E5)
YUV	229.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680

Details

The HunterLab color $88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $88.6436, -4.2243, 4.4725$, and the grayscale version is $88.7773, -4.7369, 4.8234$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.3564, -3.9645, 3.8755$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86.1249, -16.2228, 12.5856$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.8263, 6.5065, -2.7666$.

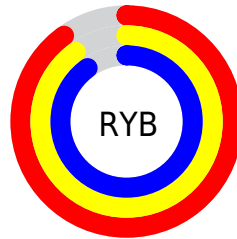
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (90%)

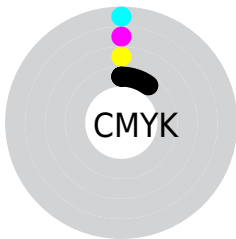
Blue (90%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (90%)

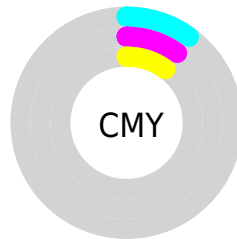


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.8306, -5.2422,
5.1680

■ 88.8306, -5.2422,
5.1680

221.6437,
-12.5162, 12.5181

■ 76.6965, -4.5722,
4.4928

114.8195, -6.6770,
6.6139

■ 65.1699, -3.9313,
3.8485

128.6229, -7.4353,
7.3793

■ 54.2866, -3.3233,
3.2382

142.9389, -8.2202,
8.1722

■ 44.0873, -2.7501,
2.6639

157.7499, -9.0309,
8.9915

■ 34.6214, -2.2138,
2.1281

173.0398, -9.8665,
9.8365

■ 25.9508, -1.7171,
1.6337

188.7941,

■ 18.1565, -1.2635,

-10.7264, 10.7064

1.1843

204.9995,
-11.6098, 11.6004

■ 11.3510, -0.8571,
0.7851

■ 3.6365, -0.8067,
0.6078

■ 88.8306, -5.2422,
5.1680

■ 88.8306, -5.2422,
5.1680

■ 86.1249, -16.2228,
12.5856

■ 91.8263, 6.5065,
-2.7666

■ 83.7157, -26.2993,
19.3940

■ 92.2370, 8.0890,
-3.8363

■ 81.6141, -35.3464,
25.5081

■ 79.8257, -43.2491,
30.8498

■ 78.3512, -49.9152,
35.3563

■ 77.1857, -55.2866,
38.9883

■ 76.3172, -59.3504,
41.7365

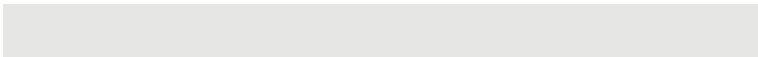
■ 75.7259, -62.1479,
43.6287

■ 75.3825, -63.7844,
44.7358

Harmonies

Analogous

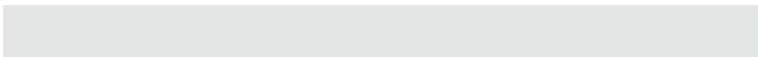
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.8325, -5.0018, 5.3615



88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680



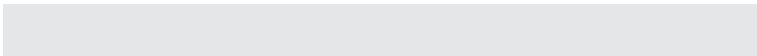
88.8325, -5.3529, 4.8873

Triad

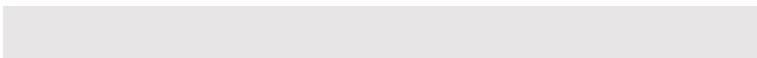
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.8325, -5.2443, 5.1694



88.8325, -4.7992, 4.2540



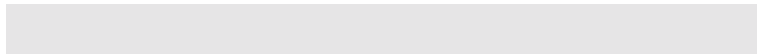
88.8325, -4.1892, 5.0798

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680



88.6436, -4.2243, 4.4725

Split Complementary

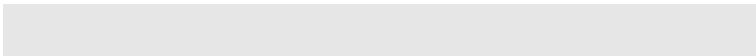
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.8325, -4.1347, 4.7835



88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680



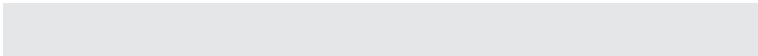
88.8325, -4.4872, 4.3060

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.8325, -5.2443, 5.1694



88.8325, -5.0962, 4.3583



88.8325, -4.2439, 4.5001



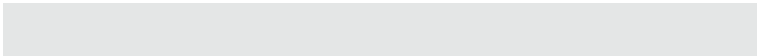
88.8325, -4.3926, 5.3099

Rectangle

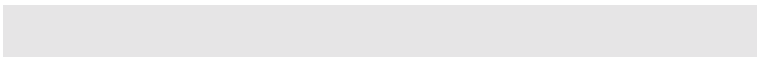
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680



88.8325, -5.3349, 4.6859



88.8325, -4.2439, 4.5001



88.8325, -4.1528, 4.9846

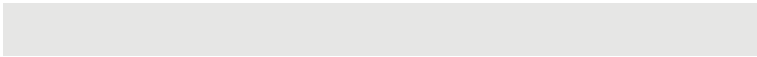
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.8325, -5.2443, 5.1694

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



88.9257, -4.9198, 5.2844



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

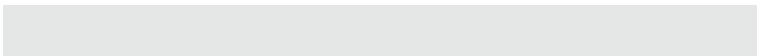
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.8325, -5.2443, 5.1694



99.6777, -6.6224, 6.3022



88.8483, -5.1576, 4.9439



41.1840, -2.7039, 2.5820



56.6040, -48.5377, 34.0288



15.3872, -13.1942, 9.2499

Inverse Universe

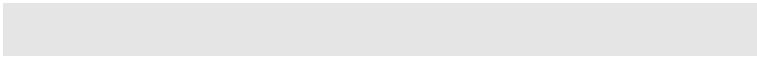
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.6436, -4.2243, 4.4725



99.1886, -3.9822, 4.4982



88.6277, -4.3113, 4.6990



40.9940, -1.6786, 1.8813



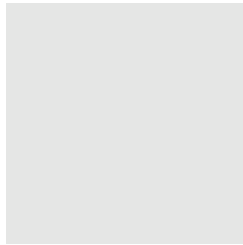
35.7182, 70.2213, -47.0964



9.7096, 19.0891, -12.8033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

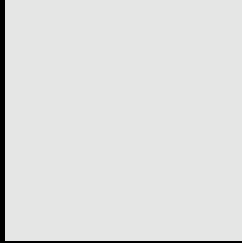
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

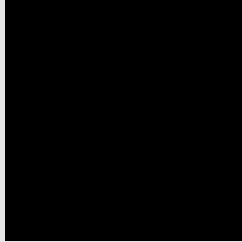
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

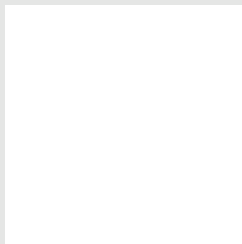
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680.



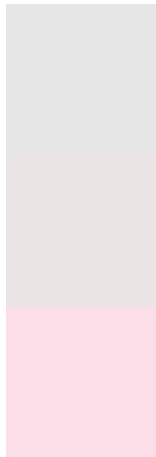
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.8306, -5.2422,

5.1680.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680

Protanopia

88.9564, -3.2633, 5.8367

Deuteranopia

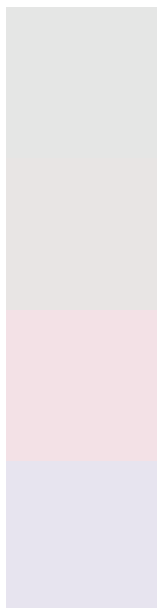
88.6122, 6.7423, 4.1360



Tritanopia

88.7054, 0.1722, -3.0770

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680

Protanomaly

88.7670, -3.9197, 5.6041

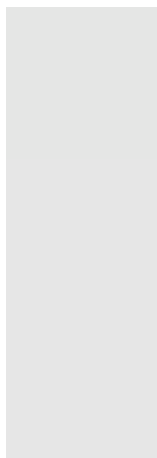
Deuteranomaly

88.6670, 2.2015, 4.6152

Tritanomaly

88.7174, -1.7827, 0.0616

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 230, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 230, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 230, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 230, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 230, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 230, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 230, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 230, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 230, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 230,  
229) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.8306, -5.2422, 5.1680 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 230, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
230, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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