

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9E5E7
RGB	233, 229, 231
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1019, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	330°, 8%, 91%
HSV	330°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	76.0473, 79.1317, 86.8671
YIQ	230.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

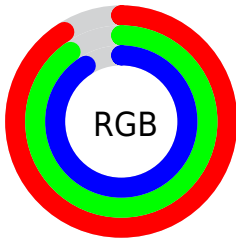
Format	Color
R_{YB}	233, 229, 231
Decimal	15328743
CIE Lab	91.30, 1.70, -0.50
CIE LCh	91, 1.776, 343.561
Yxy	79.1351, 0.3142, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293518823 (0xFFE9E5E7)
YUV	230.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592
Hunter-Lab	88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715

Details

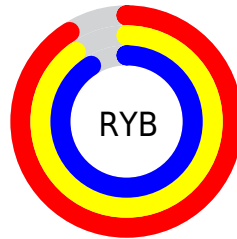
The HunterLab color $88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $89.8373, -6.4499, 5.3471$, and the grayscale version is $89.1403, -4.7563, 4.8432$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.3562, -2.3801, 3.4375$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.5212, 7.1866, 1.4461$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $96.7406, -13.1272, 7.5766$.

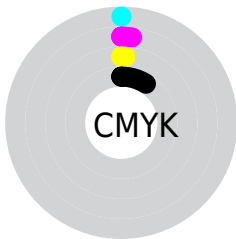
Distribution



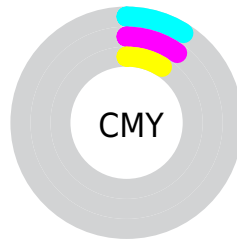
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715

88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715

221.8137, -9.5818,
11.4384

76.8159, -2.5086,
3.7343

114.9561, -4.3182,
5.7464

65.2830, -1.9761,
3.1300

128.7647, -4.9859,
6.4785

54.3930, -1.4828,
2.5620

143.0859, -5.6835,
7.2391

44.1866, -1.0318,
2.0329

157.9018, -6.4098,
8.0273

34.7130, -0.6272,
1.5458

173.1964, -7.1637,
8.8421

26.0340, -0.2742,
1.1045

188.9553, -7.9442,

18.2304, 0.0198,

9.6828

0.7142

205.1652, -8.7505,
10.5484

■ 11.4142, 0.2436,
0.3827

■ 3.7869, 1.7574,
-0.3439

■ 88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715

■ 88.9560, -3.0757,
4.3715

■ 81.5212, 7.1866,
1.4461

■ 96.7406, -13.1272,
7.5766

■ 74.4877, 17.6496,
-1.1265

■ 97.9900, -12.4445,
3.2642

■ 67.9284, 28.2456,
-3.2409

■ 98.0122, -12.3214,
2.9484

■ 61.9298, 38.8236,
-4.7618

■ 56.5944, 49.0983,
-5.5237

■ 52.0357, 58.6038,
-5.3467

■ 48.3642, 66.6904,
-4.0794

■ 45.6614, 72.6334,
-1.6716

■ 43.9405, 75.8957,
1.7477

Harmonies

Analogous

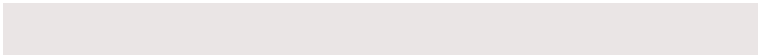
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.9579, -3.5502, 3.6355



88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715



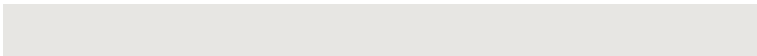
88.9579, -3.0551, 5.2291

Triad

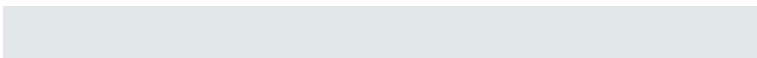
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.9579, -3.0778, 4.3729



88.9579, -5.1586, 6.4349



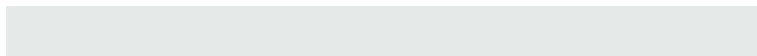
88.9579, -6.0076, 3.6951

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



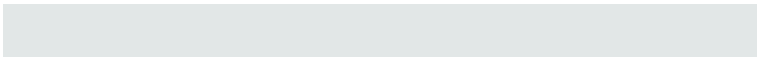
88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715



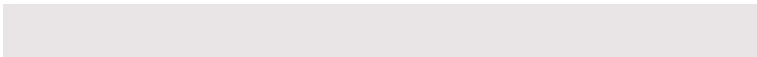
89.8373, -6.4499, 5.3471

Split Complementary

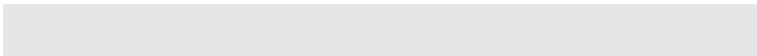
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.9579, -6.4350, 4.4536



88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715



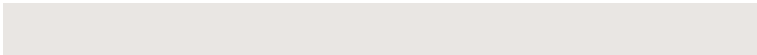
88.9579, -5.9462, 6.0323

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



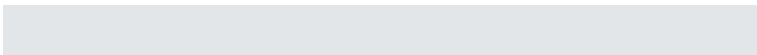
88.9579, -3.0778, 4.3729



88.9579, -4.2588, 6.4138



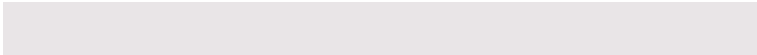
88.9579, -6.4126, 5.3090



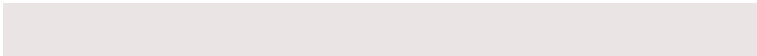
88.9579, -5.2428, 3.2415

Rectangle

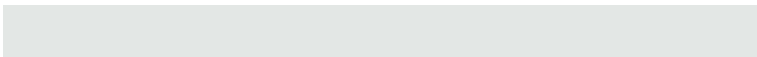
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



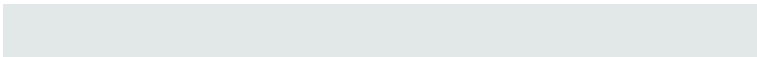
88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715



88.9579, -3.2981, 5.7516



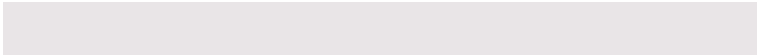
88.9579, -6.4126, 5.3090



88.9579, -6.1953, 3.9232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.9579, -3.0778, 4.3729



99.1473, -4.2080, 5.0871



88.8338, -3.3797, 3.2267



45.8896, -1.9727, 2.3614

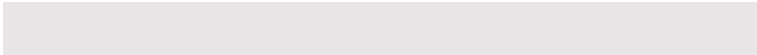
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

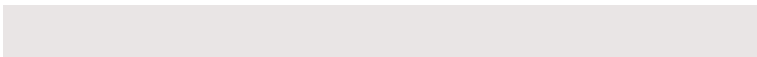
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.9579, -3.0778, 4.3729



98.2984, -3.0777, 4.7440



88.8949, -3.4223, 5.2725



41.6144, -1.3568, 2.0230



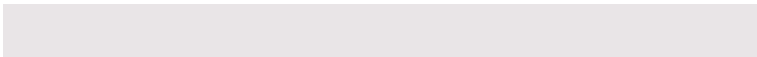
32.5200, 57.9843, 3.2394



9.2187, 16.6332, -0.5997

Inverse Universe

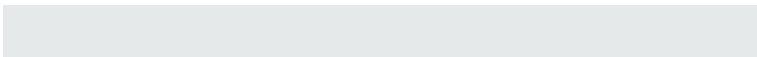
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.9579, -3.0778, 4.3729



98.2984, -3.0777, 4.7440



89.9004, -6.1030, 4.4467



41.6144, -1.3568, 2.0230



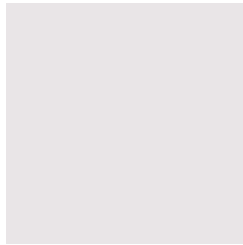
32.5200, 57.9843, 3.2394



9.2187, 16.6332, -0.5997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

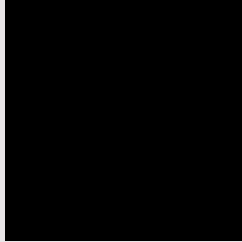
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

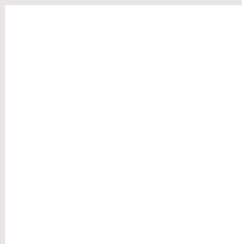
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715.



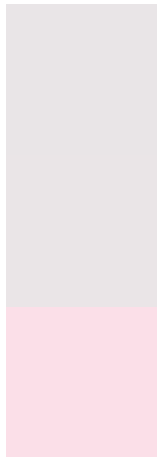
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.9560, -3.0757,

4.3715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715

Protanopia

89.0509, -2.7478, 4.4893

Deuteranopia

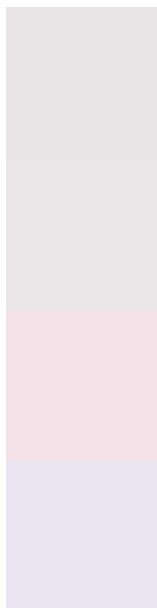
88.9442, 6.3763, 4.0280



Tritanopia

88.9904, 1.1460, -2.6994

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715

Protanomaly

89.0509, -2.7478, 4.4893

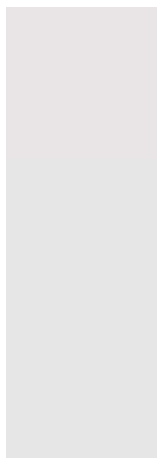
Deuteranomaly

88.8311, 2.8865, 3.8324

Tritanomaly

89.0340, -0.6273, -0.0463

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

89.0481, -4.4223, 4.9484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 229, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 229, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 229, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 229, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 229, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 229, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 229,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.9560, -3.0757, 4.3715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
229, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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