

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.9580, -5.8379,
3.5861)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.9580, -5.8379, 3.5861)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.0556, -5.8806,
3.9456)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E7E8
RGB	227, 231, 232
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 91%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0941, 0.0902
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	192°, 10%, 90%
HSV	192°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.8200, 79.3090, 87.7088
YIQ	229.9180, -2.7050, -0.5370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

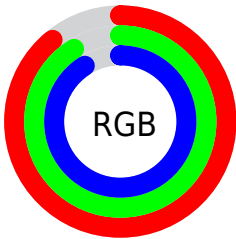
Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 229, 232
Decimal	14936040
CIE Lab	91.38, -1.15, -0.96
CIE LCh	91, 1.501, 219.842
Yxy	79.3124, 0.3094, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293126120 (0xFFE3E7E8)
YUV	229.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591
Hunter-Lab	89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456

Details

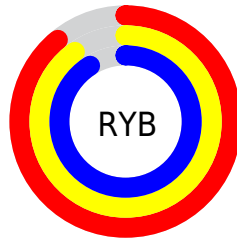
The HunterLab color $89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $88.4239, -3.5677, 5.6944$, and the grayscale version is $88.9173, -4.7444, 4.8310$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.2420, -4.2431, 2.8004$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85.5786, -10.6107, -0.3456$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92.7170, -0.6314, 8.3000$.

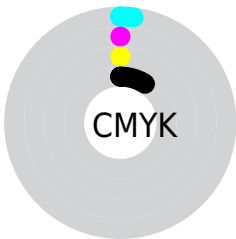
Distribution



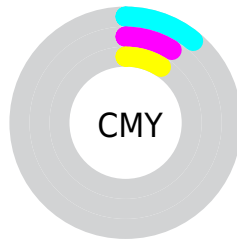
- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.0556, -5.8806,
3.9456

■ 89.0556, -5.8806,
3.9456

221.9488,
-13.3828, 10.8631

■ 76.9108, -5.1799,
3.3284

115.0646, -7.3725,
5.2832

■ 65.3728, -4.5068,
2.7450

128.8774, -8.1577,
5.9976

■ 54.4776, -3.8646,
2.1993

143.2025, -8.9686,
6.7413

■ 44.2655, -3.2549,
1.6939

158.0223, -9.8044,
7.5131

■ 34.7858, -2.6792,
1.2322

173.3208,
-10.6643, 8.3120

■ 26.1002, -2.1396,
0.8185

189.0833,

■ 18.2891, -1.6380,

-11.5477, 9.1372

0.4590

205.2967,
-12.4541, 9.9878

■ 11.4645, -1.1767,
0.1624

■ 3.9022, -1.4954,
-0.8091

■ 89.0556, -5.8806,
3.9456

■ 89.0556, -5.8806,
3.9456

■ 85.5786, -10.6107,
-0.3456

■ 92.7170, -0.6314,
8.3000

■ 82.2907, -14.7578,
-4.5576

■ 94.6329, -1.4305,
10.4550

■ 79.2035, -18.2652,
-8.6653

■ 96.0802, -3.8723,
12.0246

■ 76.3260, -21.0766,
-12.6421

■ 97.5418, -6.3022,
13.5886

■ 73.6654, -23.1419,
-16.4598

■ 99.0173, -8.7200,
15.1471

■ 71.2261, -24.4227,
-20.0897

■ 99.3007, -9.1804,
15.4441

■ 69.0088, -24.8994,
-23.5062

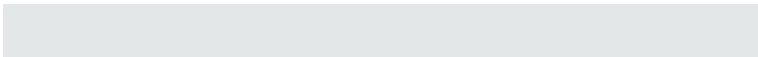
■ 67.0086, -24.5795,
-26.6911

■ 65.2122, -23.5094,
-29.6401

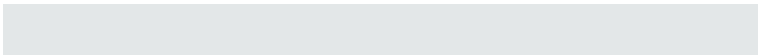
Harmonies

Analogous

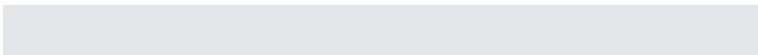
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.0575, -6.2005, 4.6083



89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456



89.0575, -5.2627, 3.5248

Triad

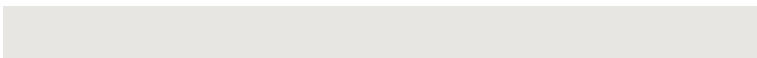
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.0575, -5.8826, 3.9470



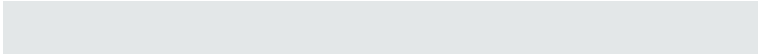
89.0575, -3.3724, 4.3644



89.0575, -5.0078, 6.2145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



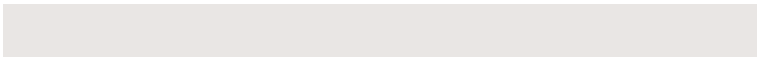
89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456



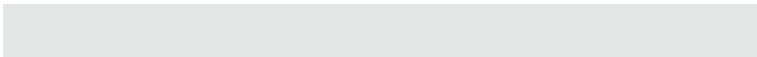
88.4239, -3.5677, 5.6944

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.0575, -4.2495, 6.1505



89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456



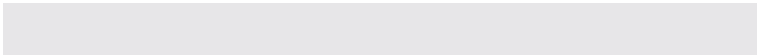
89.0575, -3.3036, 5.0863

Square

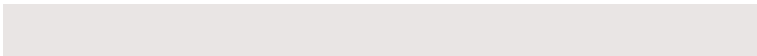
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



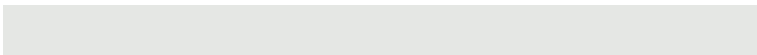
89.0575, -5.8826, 3.9470



89.0575, -3.8129, 3.7672



89.0575, -3.6251, 5.7389



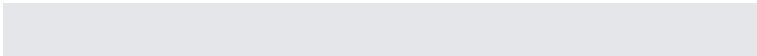
89.0575, -5.6965, 5.9147

Rectangle

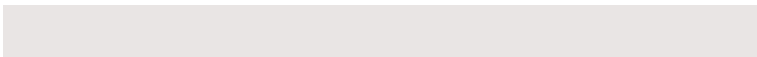
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456



89.0575, -4.7607, 3.4378



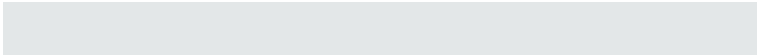
89.0575, -3.6251, 5.7389



89.0575, -4.7526, 6.2348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.0575, -5.8826, 3.9470



99.5971, -5.9047, 4.9481



89.2425, -7.1050, 6.1420



46.0874, -2.7188, 2.3003

0.0000, NaN, NaN



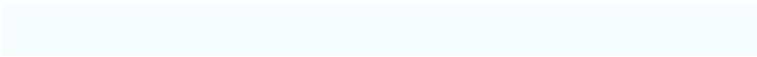
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

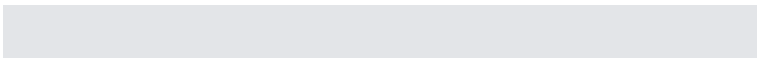
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.0575, -5.8826, 3.9470



98.7974, -7.0251, 3.9798



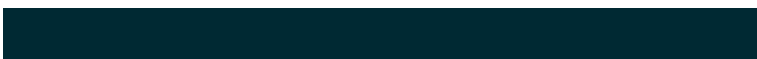
88.2988, -4.6263, 3.0647



40.6877, -3.0754, 1.4922



47.8124, -16.8483, -23.3906



13.4676, -5.2127, -5.5807

Inverse Universe

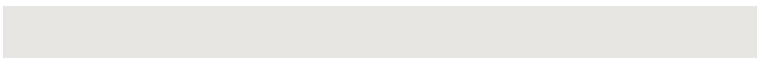
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.2412, -2.3563, 3.5326



97.5285, -1.5365, 3.3342



89.1790, -4.8270, 6.5503



40.0319, -0.2352, 1.1579



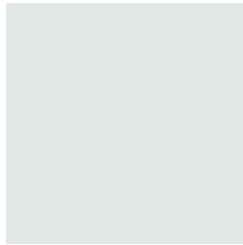
33.9197, 63.9293, -23.3587



9.2886, 17.6184, -7.2647

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

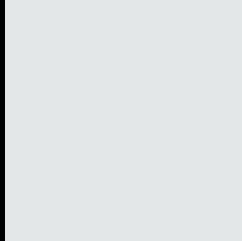
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

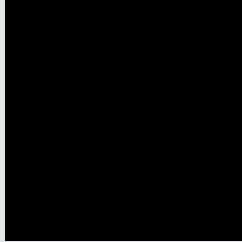
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

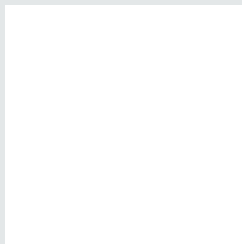
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456.



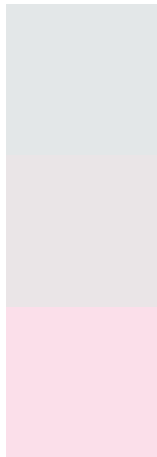
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.0556, -5.8806,

3.9456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456

Protanopia

89.0509, -2.7478, 4.4893

Deuteranopia

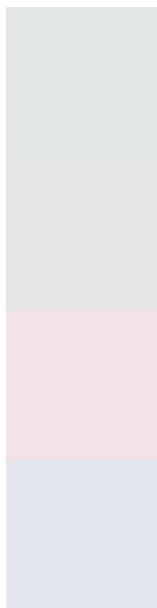
89.0085, 6.7201, 3.1125



Tritanopia

89.1134, -1.4703, -3.6608

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456

Protanomaly

89.0798, -4.2492, 4.4972

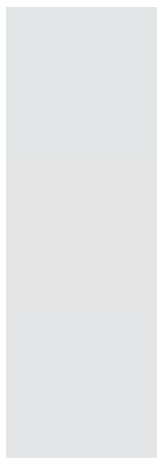
Deuteranomaly

88.9681, 1.8482, 3.4793

Tritanomaly

89.1619, -3.2450, -0.9761

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

88.8938, -4.8956, 4.2661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 231, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 231, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 231, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 231, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 231, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 231, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 231, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 231, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 231,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.0556, -5.8806, 3.9456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 231, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
231, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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