

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.9650, -4.8817,  
5.5351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.9650, -4.8817, 5.5351)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.9234, -4.9190,  
5.2825)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E6E5
RGB	230, 230, 229
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0980, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	60°, 2%, 90%
HSV	60°, 0%, 90%
XYZ	75.0727, 79.0737, 85.4347
YIQ	229.8860, 0.3210, -0.3110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

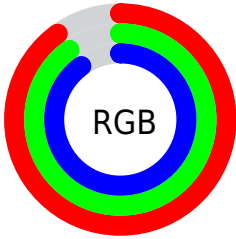
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 230, 229
Decimal	15132389
CIE Lab	91.27, -0.18, 0.48
CIE LCh	91, 0.509, 110.157
Yxy	79.0771, 0.3133, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293322469 (0xFFE6E6E5)
YUV	229.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000
Hunter-Lab	88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825

# Details

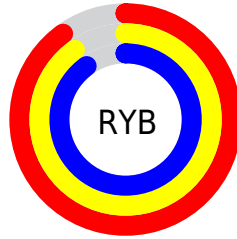
The HunterLab color  $88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $88.5505, -4.5478, 4.3568$ , and the grayscale version is  $88.9085, -4.7439, 4.8306$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $65.4446, -3.6574, 3.9841$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $88.2389, -8.6806, 14.9845$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $89.7014, -0.7032, -5.6122$ .

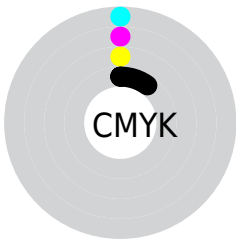
# Distribution



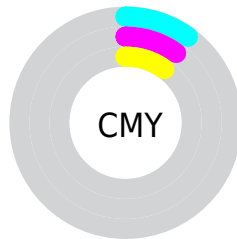
- Red (90%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 88.9234, -4.9190,  
5.2825

■ 88.9234, -4.9190,  
5.2825

221.7695,  
-12.0776, 12.6736

■ 76.7849, -4.2645,  
4.6018

114.9206, -6.3248,  
6.7387

■ 65.2536, -3.6399,  
3.9517

128.7279, -7.0695,  
7.5090

■ 54.3654, -3.0492,  
3.3353

143.0477, -7.8413,  
8.3065

■ 44.1608, -2.4945,  
2.7544

157.8623, -8.6393,  
9.1303

■ 34.6892, -1.9781,  
2.2115

173.1557, -9.4626,  
9.9796

■ 26.0124, -1.5031,  
1.7093

188.9134,

■ 18.2112, -1.0737,

-10.3106, 10.8537

1.2514

205.1221,  
-11.1824, 11.7519

■ 11.3978, -0.6951,  
0.8423

■ 3.7484, -0.4040,  
0.7320

■ 88.9234, -4.9190,  
5.2825

■ 88.9234, -4.9190,  
5.2825

■ 88.2389, -8.6806,  
14.9845

■ 89.7014, -0.7032,  
-5.6122

■ 87.6404, -11.9802,  
23.4861

■ 89.8166, -0.0947,  
-7.1098

■ 87.1277, -14.8228,  
30.7965

■ 89.8251, -0.0657,  
-7.0982

■ 86.6979, -17.2163,  
36.9366

■ 89.8336, -0.0367,  
-7.0866

86.3475, -19.1735,  
41.9404

89.8420, -0.0076,  
-7.0749

86.0722, -20.7133,  
45.8571

89.8505, 0.0214,  
-7.0633

85.8668, -21.8607,  
48.7521

89.8590, 0.0504,  
-7.0517

85.7252, -22.6481,  
50.7101

89.8675, 0.0795,  
-7.0401

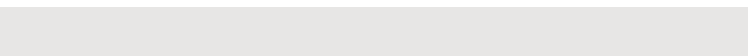
85.6396, -23.1176,  
51.8406

89.8760, 0.1086,  
-7.0284

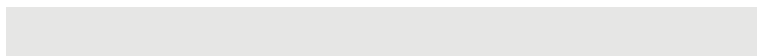
# Harmonies

## Analogous

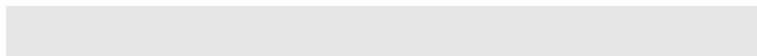
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.9253, -4.6645, 5.3058



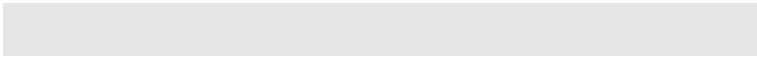
88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825



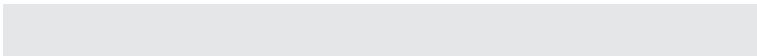
88.9253, -5.1315, 5.1434

# Triad

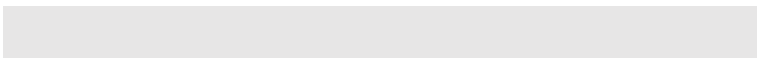
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.9253, -4.9211, 5.2839



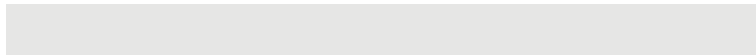
88.9253, -5.0684, 4.4760



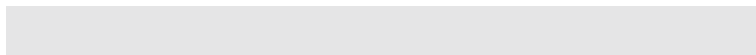
88.9253, -4.2585, 4.7594

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825



88.5505, -4.5478, 4.3568

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.9253, -4.3670, 4.5365



88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825



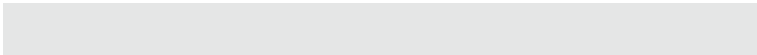
88.9253, -4.8347, 4.3725

# Square

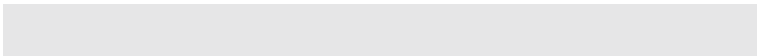
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



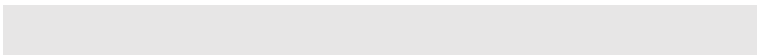
88.9253, -4.9211, 5.2839



88.9253, -5.2165, 4.6771



88.9253, -4.5780, 4.3947



88.9253, -4.2817, 5.0035

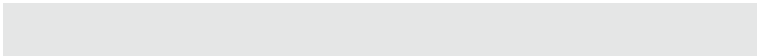


# Rectangle

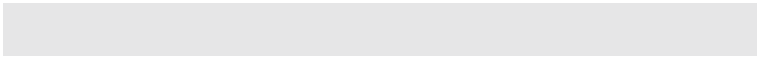
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



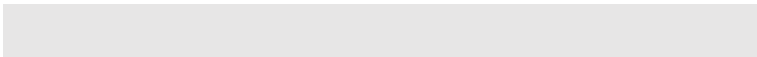
88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825



88.9253, -5.2174, 5.0011



88.9253, -4.5780, 4.3947



88.9253, -4.2808, 4.6795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.9253, -4.9211, 5.2839

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



88.6118, -4.3980, 4.9251



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

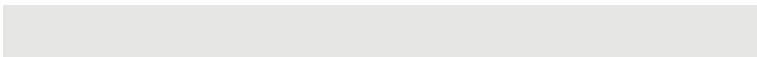
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.9253, -4.9211, 5.2839



99.9174, -5.7864, 6.5967



88.8790, -5.0822, 5.2269



41.2771, -2.3792, 2.6964



64.4050, -17.5582, 39.3787



17.5105, -4.7629, 10.7065



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.5505, -4.5478, 4.3568



98.9471, -4.8201, 4.1965



88.5968, -4.3869, 4.4143



40.9003, -2.0039, 1.7643



17.9974, 48.7925, -127.6813

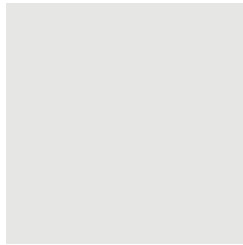


4.9023, 13.2708, -34.6255



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

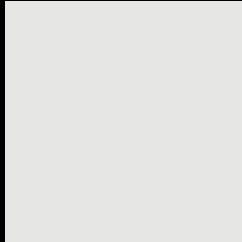
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

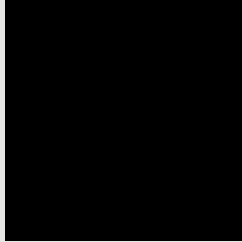
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

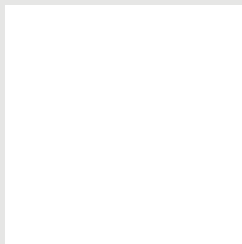
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# HunterLab 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825.



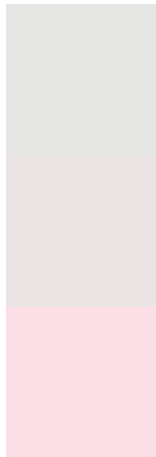
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.9234, -4.9190,

5.2825.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825

### Protanopia

88.9564, -3.2633, 5.8367

### Deuteranopia

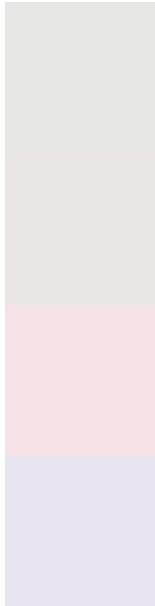
88.9854, 6.3872, 5.0638



## Tritanopia

88.8000, 0.4956, -2.9515

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825

## Protanomaly

88.8615, -3.5921, 5.7202

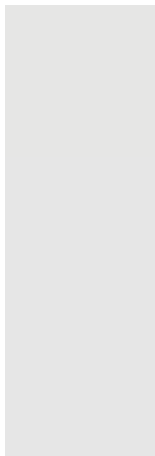
## Deuteranomaly

89.0724, 2.0124, 5.0896

## Tritanomaly

88.8114, -1.4591, 0.1829

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825

## Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

## Achromatomaly

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 230, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 230, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 230, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 230, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 230, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 230, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 230, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 230, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 230, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 230,  
229) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.9234, -4.9190, 5.2825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 230, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
230, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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