

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.0539, 0.6297,
-11.8635)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.0539, 0.6297,
-11.8635) contains.

HunterLab(88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.7211, -0.6563,
-8.5658)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E4FF
RGB	225, 228, 255
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	234°, 100%, 94%
HSV	234°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	76.8447, 78.7143, 105.7509
YIQ	230.1810, -10.4550, 7.7610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

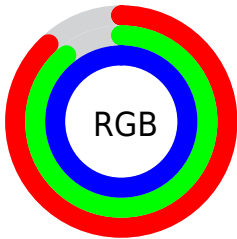
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 228, 255
Decimal	14804223
CIE Lab	91.11, 4.13, -13.40
CIE LCh	91, 14.021, 287.150
Yxy	78.7175, 0.2941, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292994303 (0xFFE1E4FF)
YUV	230.1810, 12.2358, -4.5437
Hunter-Lab	88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

Details

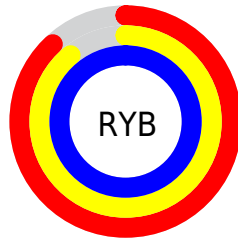
The HunterLab color $88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $98.1404, -8.7056, 17.2853$, and the grayscale version is $88.9872, -4.7481, 4.8348$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.2000, 0.1021, -8.4056$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.4489, 3.8155, -21.5797$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98.2861, -4.6684, 3.4106$.

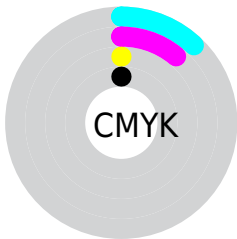
Distribution



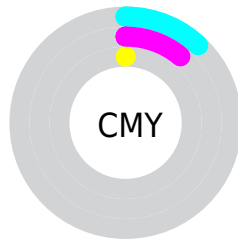
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.7211, -0.6563,
-8.5658

88.7211, -0.6563,
-8.5658

221.4950, -6.3174,
-5.5307

76.5922, -0.2020,
-8.6765

114.7001, -1.6873,
-8.1845

65.0710, 0.2119,
-8.7333

128.4989, -2.2556,
-7.9248

54.1936, 0.5797,
-8.7294

142.8105, -2.8572,
-7.6220

44.0006, 0.8970,
-8.6595

157.6172, -3.4906,
-7.2782

34.5414, 1.1580,
-8.5176

172.9029, -4.1544,
-6.8955

25.8781, 1.3548,
-8.2978

188.6532, -4.8476,

18.0919, 1.4761,

-6.4756

-7.9969

204.8546, -5.5689,
-6.0202

■ 11.2959, 1.5040,
-7.6264

■ 3.4997, 4.9609,
-15.7446

■ 88.7211, -0.6563,
-8.5658

■ 88.7211, -0.6563,
-8.5658

■ 79.4489, 3.8155,
-21.5797

■ 98.2861, -4.6684,
3.4106

■ 70.5125, 8.8891,
-35.9453

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 61.9800, 14.7396,
-52.0517

■ 53.9447, 21.5862,
-70.3640

■ 46.5396, 29.6632,
-91.3306

■ 39.9555, 39.1108,
-115.0834

■ 34.4550, 49.6838,
-140.6997

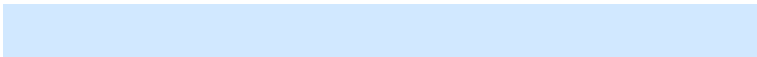
■ 30.3525, 60.2430,
-165.0471

■ 28.1744, 67.3254,
-180.5519

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7229, -7.7685, -8.8553



88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658



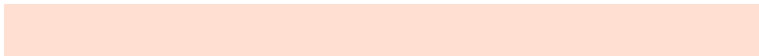
88.7229, 5.5417, -4.5095

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.7229, -0.6583, -8.5635



88.7229, 4.7825, 13.8718



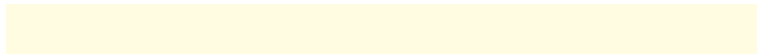
88.7229, -17.7182, 7.6823

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



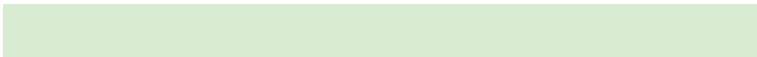
88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658



98.1404, -8.7056, 17.2853

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.7229, -14.5715, 13.2520



88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658



88.7229, -1.6679, 16.6310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.7229, -0.6583, -8.5635



88.7229, 8.7504, 8.5910



88.7229, -8.7468, 16.4134



88.7229, -17.4673, 0.8956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658



88.7229, 8.2569, -0.3877



88.7229, -8.7468, 16.4134



88.7229, -17.0270, 9.7478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.7229, -0.6583, -8.5635



96.1245, -3.8062, 0.8104



97.2237, -15.3625, 3.7301



44.1365, -1.6248, -0.0341

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.7229, -0.6583, -8.5635



86.6225, 0.2976, -11.3740



88.8766, 4.6053, -8.2674



42.0359, -0.7406, -2.6724



20.5992, 47.7183, -128.7574



7.1124, 12.3387, -35.5256

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.8406, 6.0388, 7.0233



87.9776, 8.2560, 7.3682



98.0308, -14.0749, 17.0756



42.4460, 1.7658, 3.0948



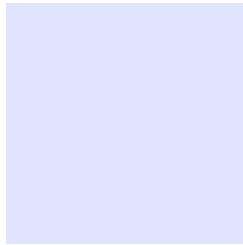
33.4011, 57.3426, 20.4803



10.4671, 18.0589, 5.7279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

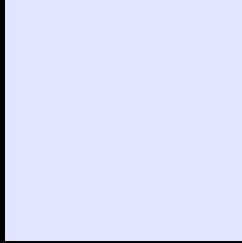
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

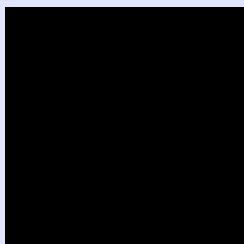
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658.



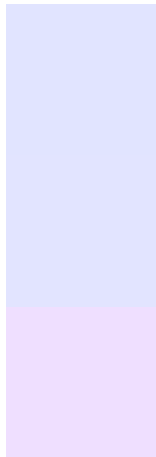
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658.

-8.5658.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

Protanopia

88.8119, -0.3448, -8.4398

Deuteranopia

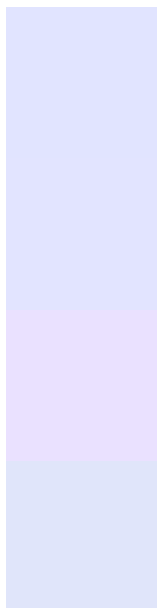
88.5133, 6.5025, -8.7170



Tritanopia

88.6574, -3.0439, -4.2705

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

Protanomaly

88.8119, -0.3448, -8.4398

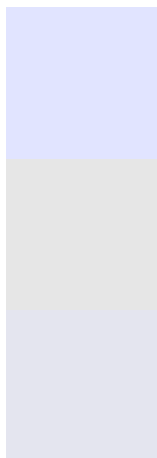
Deuteranomaly

88.6357, 3.7951, -8.6015

Tritanomaly

88.7626, -2.4696, -5.7602

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

88.7494, -3.2703, 0.0750

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 228, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 228, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 228,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor