

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.1771, -1.0273,
12.7210)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.1771, -1.0273,
12.7210) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.3053, -1.3058,
12.7703)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5E4D6
RGB	245, 228, 214
RGB Percent	96%, 89%, 84%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1059, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.13, 0.04
HSL	27°, 61%, 90%
HSV	27°, 13%, 96%
XYZ	77.5373, 79.7544, 74.9258
YIQ	231.4870, 14.6260, -0.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

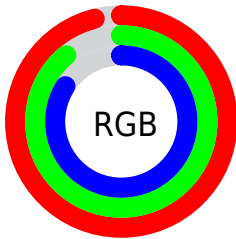
Format	Color
R _Y B	245, 240, 214
Decimal	16114902
CIE Lab	91.58, 3.50, 8.90
CIE LCh	92, 9.568, 68.513
Yxy	79.7579, 0.3339, 0.3435
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294304982 (0xFF5E4D6)
YUV	231.4870, -8.6211, 11.8509
Hunter-Lab	89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703

Details

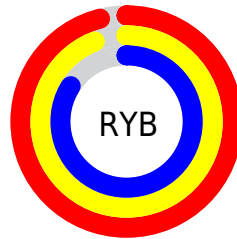
The HunterLab color **89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **88.3397, -7.5171, -3.6765**, and the grayscale version is **89.6395, -4.7829, 4.8703**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **65.7337, -0.4727, 10.9110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.5534, 2.1059, 18.1785**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.2260, -4.3503, 6.8441**.

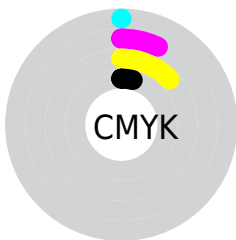
Distribution



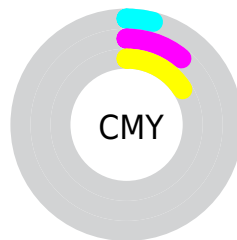
- Red (96%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

89.3053, -1.3058,
12.7703

89.3053, -1.3058,
12.7703

222.2873, -7.1974,
23.0600

77.1487, -0.8212,
11.6956

115.3366, -2.3949,
14.9585

65.5981, -0.3749,
10.6288

129.1599, -2.9903,
16.0717

54.6896, 0.0272,
9.5685

143.4951, -3.6180,
17.1989

44.4634, 0.3810,
8.5106

158.3247, -4.2767,
18.3408

34.9685, 0.6814,
7.4490

173.6326, -4.9650,
19.4977

26.2662, 0.9211,
6.3735

189.4043, -5.6819,

18.4366, 1.0900,

20.6697

5.2671

205.6266, -6.4264,
21.8571

■ 11.5908, 1.1722,
4.1598

■ 4.1772, 3.4329,
2.9240

■ 89.3053, -1.3058,
12.7703

■ 89.3053, -1.3058,
12.7703

■ 84.5534, 2.1059,
18.1785

■ 94.2260, -4.3503,
6.8441

■ 79.9806, 5.9218,
22.9983

■ 99.0301, -8.5107,
4.2306

■ 75.6067, 10.1656,
27.1576

■ 99.0720, -8.5790,
4.2792

■ 71.4516, 14.8557,
30.5773

■ 67.5372, 19.9975,
33.1775

■ 63.8862, 25.5760,
34.8858

■ 60.5217, 31.5452,
35.6532

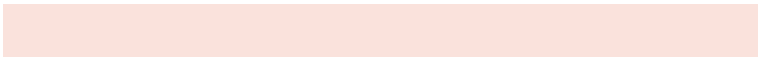
■ 57.4648, 37.8156,
35.4811

■ 55.4186, 42.5046,
34.8928

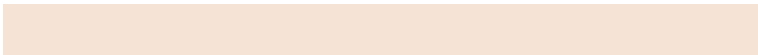
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.3073, 2.6884, 10.2408



89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703



89.3073, -6.1543, 13.2430

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.3073, -1.3083, 12.7717



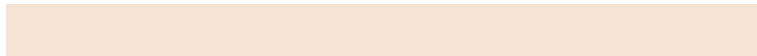
89.3073, -13.8584, 3.5302



89.3073, 1.1461, -2.4060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703



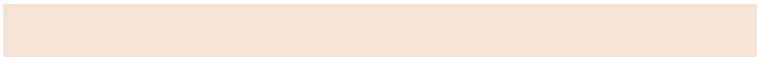
88.3397, -7.5171, -3.6765

Split Complementary

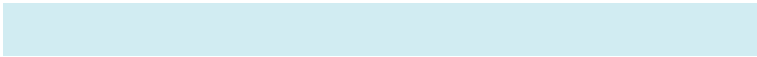
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.3073, -3.3772, -4.4210



89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703



89.3073, -11.9914, -0.8753

Square

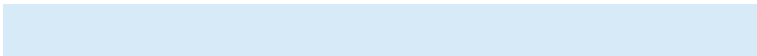
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.3073, -1.3083, 12.7717



89.3073, -13.3314, 8.0681



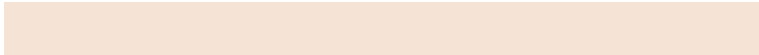
89.3073, -8.1797, -3.8463



89.3073, 4.1265, 1.5309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703



89.3073, -9.2036, 12.3516



89.3073, -8.1797, -3.8463



89.3073, -0.2482, -3.3400

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.3073, -1.3083, 12.7717



97.9000, -4.1426, 8.0329



85.6032, 8.9505, 0.5161



45.1116, -1.8098, 3.9386

0.0000, NaN, NaN



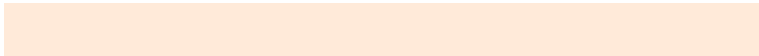
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.3073, -1.3083, 12.7717



92.2602, -0.5556, 14.7636



94.1485, -9.3302, 17.7862



42.0897, -1.0705, 5.0720



41.0041, 30.3865, 25.7985



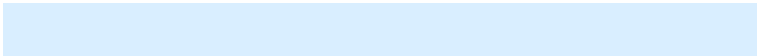
12.9618, 7.1098, 8.1115

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.3397, -7.5171, -3.6765



91.0602, -8.2520, -5.6334



83.5292, 0.5375, -9.8388



41.7526, -3.2351, -0.6600



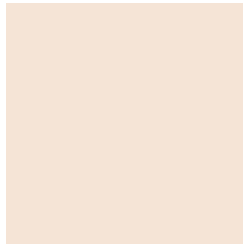
36.1457, 4.0828, -53.9924



11.6340, -0.3976, -13.6831

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

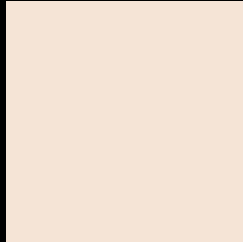
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

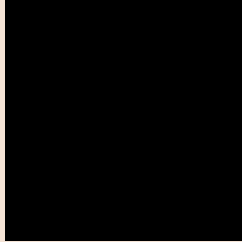
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703.



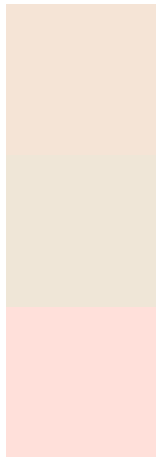
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.3053, -1.3058,

12.7703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703

Protanopia

89.3592, -4.2464, 12.3318

Deuteranopia

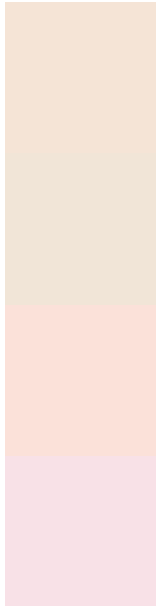
89.2375, 4.9581, 11.0046



Tritanopia

89.3319, 6.7190, -0.0693

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703

Protanomaly

89.2444, -3.0469, 12.2273

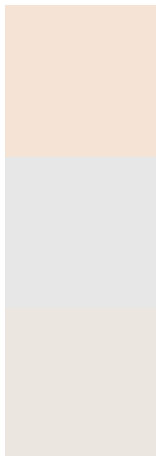
Deuteranomaly

89.0895, 2.8453, 11.2585

Tritanomaly

89.2056, 4.0907, 4.7917

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703

Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569

Achromatomaly

89.3660, -3.6299, 7.7429

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 228, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 228, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 228, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 228, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 228, 214) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 228, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 228, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 228, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 228, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 228,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.3053, -1.3058, 12.7703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 228, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
228, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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