

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.3328, 4.1677,  
12.4496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(89.3328, 4.1677,  
12.4496) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(89.4521, 3.9574,  
12.5770)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE1D7
RGB	255, 225, 215
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.1569
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	15°, 100%, 92%
HSV	15°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	80.4310, 80.0168, 75.4956
YIQ	232.8300, 21.0900, 3.2500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

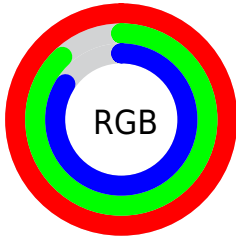
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 228, 215
Decimal	16769495
CIE Lab	91.69, 8.74, 8.66
CIE LCh	92, 12.302, 44.745
Yxy	80.0202, 0.3409, 0.3391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959575 (0xFFFFE1D7)
YUV	232.8300, -8.7902, 19.4431
Hunter-Lab	89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770

# Details

The HunterLab color **89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93.2574, -12.5146, -2.9028**, and the grayscale version is **90.2267, -4.8143, 4.9022**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **65.7976, 4.2435, 10.6501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.0921, 10.3850, 16.8256**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1039, -2.0739, 8.0820**.

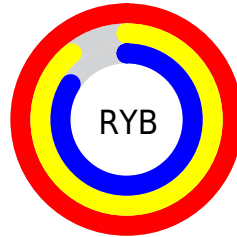
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

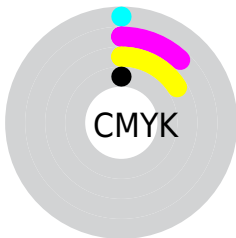
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (84%)

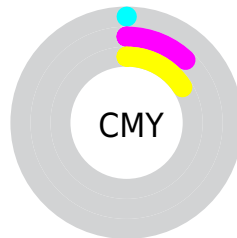


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



89.4521, 3.9574,  
12.5770

89.4521, 3.9574,  
12.5770

222.4862, -0.1526,  
22.7822

77.2884, 4.2048,  
11.5139

115.4964, 3.3119,  
14.7436

65.7305, 4.4027,  
10.4595

129.3258, 2.9262,  
15.8468

54.8143, 4.5429,  
9.4125

143.6670, 2.5009,  
16.9644

44.5797, 4.6189,  
8.3691

158.5023, 2.0383,  
18.0971

35.0758, 4.6221,  
7.3234

173.8157, 1.5400,  
19.2450

26.3638, 4.5408,  
6.2658

189.5928, 1.0079,

18.5234, 4.3583,

20.4084

5.1799

205.8204, 0.4432,  
21.5875

■ 11.6651, 4.0486,  
4.0784

■ 4.3304, 8.5606,  
3.0313

■ 89.4521, 3.9574,  
12.5770

■ 89.4521, 3.9574,  
12.5770

■ 83.0921, 10.3850,  
16.8256

■ 96.1039, -2.0739,  
8.0820

■ 77.0587, 17.2455,  
20.7612

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 71.4019, 24.5433,  
24.3027

■ 66.1780, 32.2477,  
27.3459

■ 61.4505, 40.2668,  
29.7666

■ 57.2880, 48.4187,  
31.4313

■ 53.7577, 56.4083,  
32.2273

■ 50.9146, 63.8248,  
32.1220

■ 49.9021, 66.7010,  
31.9172

# Harmonies

## Analogous

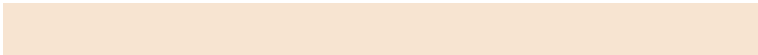
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.4540, 7.1925, 7.7416



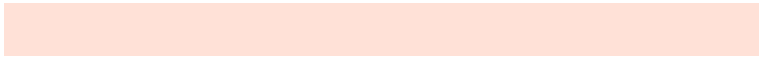
89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770



89.4540, -1.5809, 15.2502

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.4540, 3.9544, 12.5783



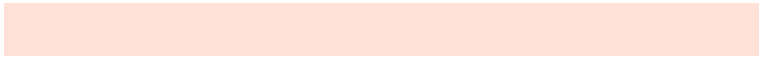
89.4540, -16.1236, 7.8369



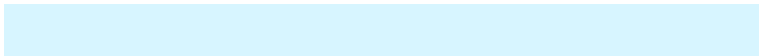
89.4540, -1.6860, -6.9573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



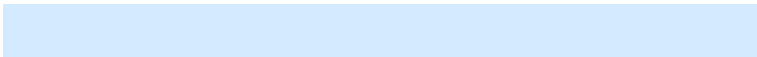
89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770



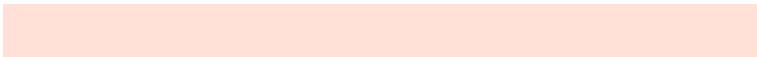
93.2574, -12.5146, -2.9028

# Split Complementary

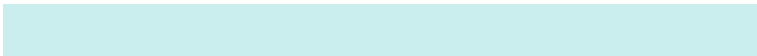
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.4540, -7.9305, -6.9274



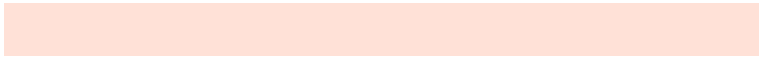
89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770



89.4540, -16.1500, 1.8983

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.4540, 3.9544, 12.5783



89.4540, -13.1143, 12.6439



89.4540, -13.1874, -3.5935



89.4540, 3.8756, -3.6727

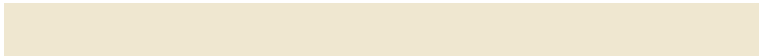


# Rectangle

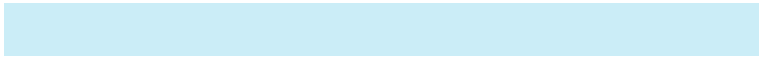
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770



89.4540, -5.7738, 15.5694



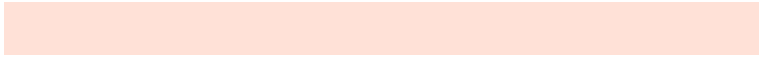
89.4540, -13.1874, -3.5935



89.4540, -3.7775, -7.3414

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.4540, 3.9544, 12.5783



96.5695, -2.4733, 7.7659



87.4382, 14.4271, -4.4453



44.4567, -0.9548, 3.7427

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

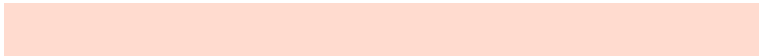


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.4540, 3.9544, 12.5783



87.3117, 6.0395, 14.0163



95.6407, -6.5685, 18.9627



43.2725, 0.0847, 4.5456



36.3447, 47.3879, 23.2250

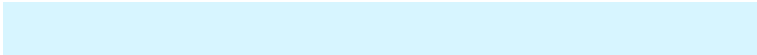


12.0441, 12.7526, 7.6447

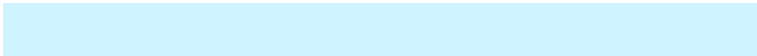


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.2574, -12.5146, -2.9028



91.8972, -13.8363, -4.6544



86.9014, -2.1307, -11.0369



44.3471, -4.5624, 0.1734



48.5201, -13.8480, -30.7521

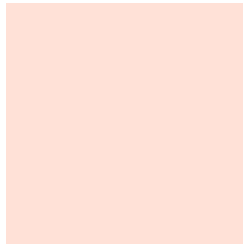


15.7012, -5.1119, -8.5901



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

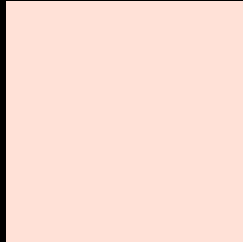
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

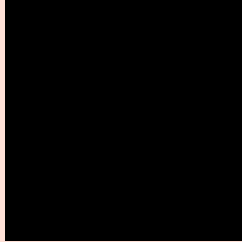
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

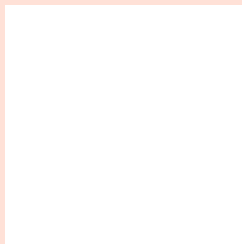
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770.



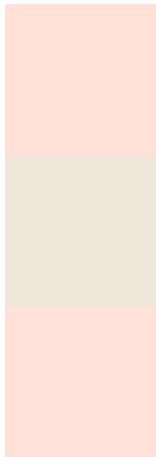
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.4521, 3.9574,

12.5770.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770

### Protanopia

89.4462, -3.7702, 11.0833

### Deuteranopia

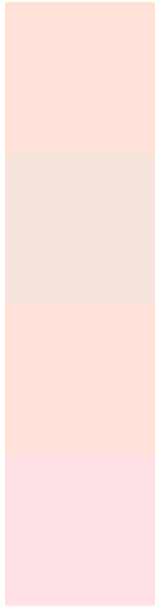
89.5390, 4.4251, 11.3295



## Tritanopia

89.5591, 8.8187, 1.7902

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770

## Protanomaly

89.3919, -0.8351, 11.5281

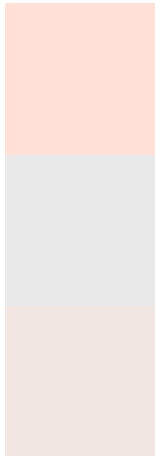
## Deuteranomaly

89.5099, 4.2684, 11.7476

## Tritanomaly

89.6016, 6.9094, 5.7957

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770

## Achromatopsia

90.2689, -4.8165, 4.9045

## Achromatomaly

89.8807, -1.7903, 7.8897

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 215) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 215) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
215) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.4521, 3.9574, 12.5770 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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