

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.4018, -7.0752,
5.2769)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.4018, -7.0752, 5.2769)
contains.

HunterLab(89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(89.3069, -6.7464,
5.2117)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E8E6
RGB	227, 232, 230
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.1098, 0.0902, 0.0980
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	156°, 10%, 90%
HSV	156°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.8180, 79.7572, 86.3141
YIQ	230.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

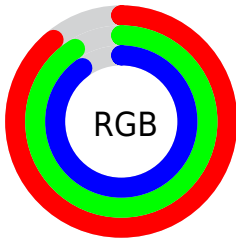
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 230, 232
Decimal	14936294
CIE Lab	91.58, -2.03, 0.38
CIE LCh	92, 2.062, 169.436
Yxy	79.7606, 0.3106, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293126374 (0xFFE3E8E6)
YUV	230.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739
Hunter-Lab	89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117

Details

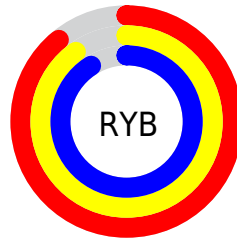
The HunterLab color $89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $88.1777, -2.7024, 4.4412$, and the grayscale version is $89.0791, -4.7530, 4.8398$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.5107, -4.9005, 3.5753$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $87.0233, -15.4405, 6.8845$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $91.8297, 2.5361, 3.7582$.

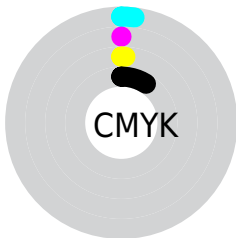
Distribution



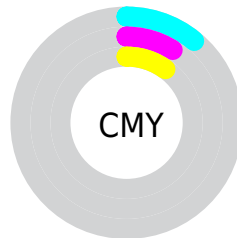
- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.3069, -6.7464,
5.2117

■ 89.3069, -6.7464,
5.2117

222.2894,
-14.5592, 12.5770

■ 77.1501, -6.0040,
4.5345

115.3383, -8.3162,
6.6614

■ 65.5995, -5.2870,
3.8880

129.1616, -9.1381,
7.4286

■ 54.6910, -4.5983,
3.2755

143.4969, -9.9842,
8.2232

■ 44.4646, -3.9388,
2.6988

158.3265,
-10.8541, 9.0442

■ 34.9696, -3.3096,
2.1604

173.6345,
-11.7470, 9.8908

■ 26.2672, -2.7114,
1.6631

189.4063,

■ 18.4375, -2.1445,

-12.6626, 10.7622

1.2107

205.6287,
-13.6001, 11.6579

■ 11.5916, -1.6081,
0.8080

■ 4.1788, -2.3368,
0.6024

■ 89.3069, -6.7464,
5.2117

■ 89.3069, -6.7464,
5.2117

■ 87.0233, -15.4405,
6.8845

■ 91.8297, 2.5361,
3.7582

■ 84.9800, -23.4601,
8.7636

■ 92.6228, 5.8286,
0.0240

■ 83.1835, -30.7318,
10.8355

■ 92.8419, 7.0022,
-3.0863

■ 81.6358, -37.1894,
13.0796

■ 80.3352, -42.7817,
15.4692

■ 79.2761, -47.4786,
17.9720

■ 78.4485, -51.2761,
20.5512

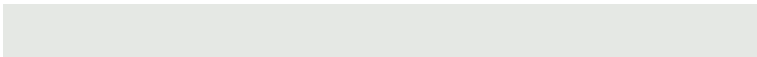
■ 77.8364, -54.2028,
23.1659

■ 77.4170, -56.3269,
25.7719

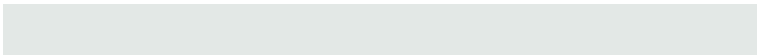
Harmonies

Analogous

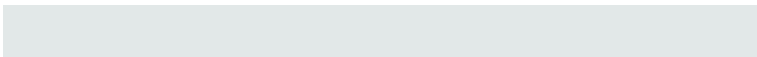
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.3088, -6.3004, 6.1027



89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117



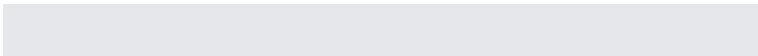
89.3088, -6.6682, 4.2191

Triad

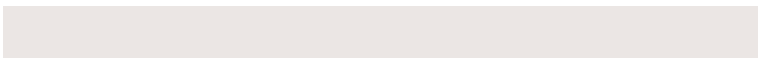
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.3088, -6.7484, 5.2131



89.3088, -4.0965, 3.0290



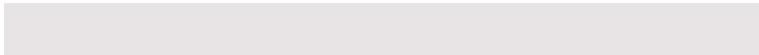
89.3088, -3.4518, 6.3097

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



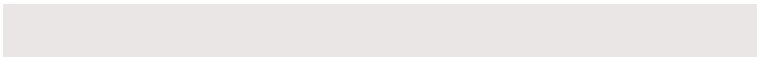
89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117



88.1777, -2.7024, 4.4412

Split Complementary

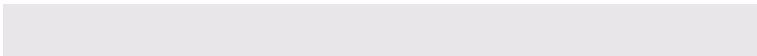
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.3088, -2.8560, 5.4988



89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117



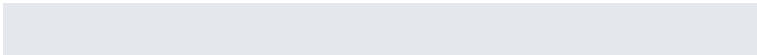
89.3088, -3.2293, 3.6019

Square

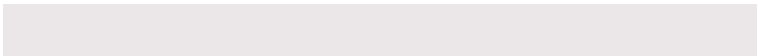
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



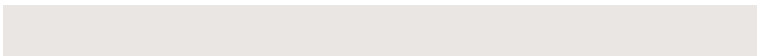
89.3088, -6.7484, 5.2131



89.3088, -5.1403, 2.9504



89.3088, -2.7743, 4.5081



89.3088, -4.3992, 6.7309

Rectangle

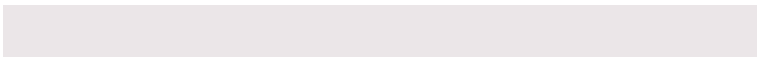
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



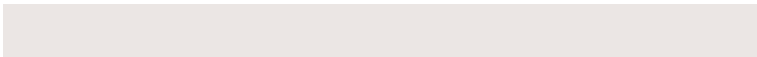
89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117



89.3088, -6.3258, 3.6313



89.3088, -2.7743, 4.5081



89.3088, -3.2036, 6.0741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.3088, -6.7484, 5.2131



99.7266, -6.3538, 5.6042



89.4062, -6.5947, 6.7822



46.1443, -2.9163, 2.5888

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

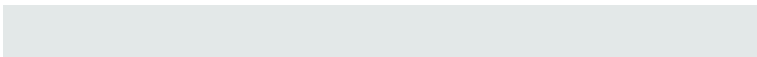
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.3088, -6.7484, 5.2131



99.1877, -8.3702, 5.9535



89.2409, -6.1840, 4.1574



40.8902, -3.7714, 2.5153



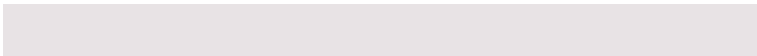
57.5343, -42.7468, 20.3650



15.6983, -11.2620, 4.6899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.1777, -2.7024, 4.4412



97.4289, -2.0785, 4.7533



88.2441, -3.2645, 5.4897



39.9802, -0.5161, 1.8943



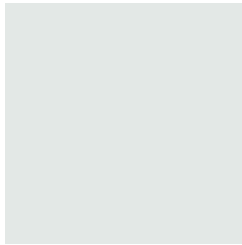
31.5997, 55.5748, 9.1062



8.6939, 15.4870, 0.9787

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

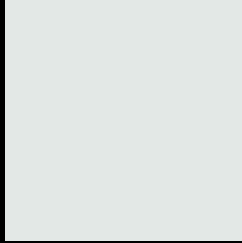
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

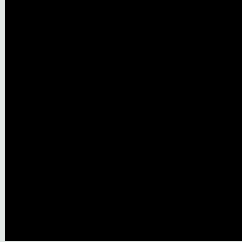
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

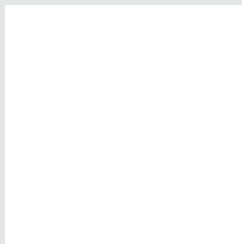
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117.

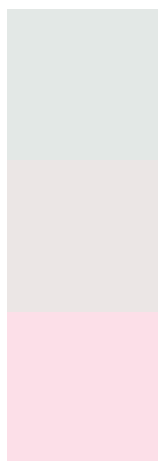


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.3069, -6.7464,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117

Protanopia

89.3940, -3.2855, 5.8613

Deuteranopia

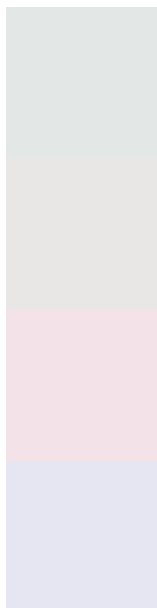
89.0489, 6.7270, 4.1584



Tritanopia

89.2060, -1.1521, -3.5375

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117

Protanomaly

89.4230, -4.7894, 5.8687

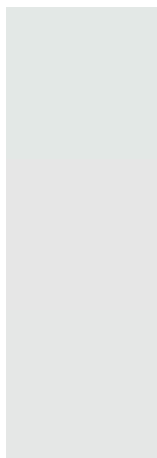
Deuteranomaly

89.0039, 1.8424, 4.5142

Tritanomaly

89.2202, -3.1102, -0.3794

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

89.1757, -5.5882, 5.0779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 232, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 232, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 232, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 232, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

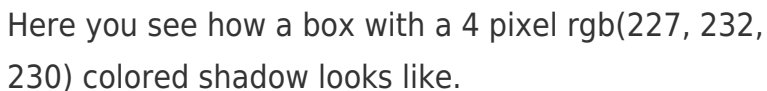
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 232, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 232, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 232, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 232, 230); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 232, 230); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 232, 230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.3069, -6.7464, 5.2117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 232, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
232, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor