

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.5041, 1.5977,
17.3769)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.5041, 1.5977,
17.3769) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.4496, 1.7799,
17.2842)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE2CC
RGB	255, 226, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1137, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	26°, 100%, 90%
HSV	26°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	79.3354, 80.0123, 68.3892
YIQ	232.1630, 24.3460, -0.6940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

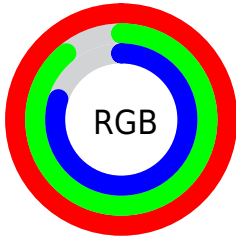
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 243, 204
Decimal	16769740
CIE Lab	91.69, 6.59, 14.39
CIE LCh	92, 15.831, 65.405
Yxy	80.0158, 0.3484, 0.3513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959820 (0xFFFFE2CC)
YUV	232.1630, -13.8844, 20.0280
Hunter-Lab	89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842

Details

The HunterLab color $89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCCC . A complement of this color would be $88.5059, -9.4931, -9.0069$, and the grayscale version is $89.9549, -4.7998, 4.8874$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.8283, 2.3665, 14.6162$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.4608, 5.9380, 22.3955$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.6374, -1.9703, 11.6088$.

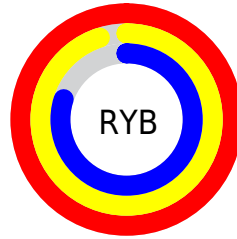
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

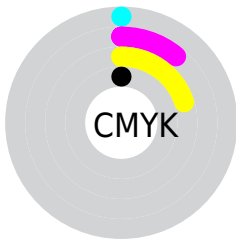
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (80%)

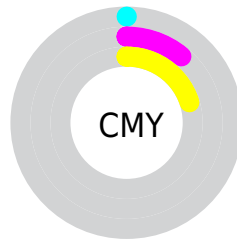


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

89.4496, 1.7799,
17.2842

89.4496, 1.7799,
17.2842

222.4828, -3.0593,
29.5497

77.2861, 2.1240,
15.9367

115.4937, 0.9529,
19.9760

65.7283, 2.4232,
14.5801

129.3230, 0.4815,
21.3238

54.8122, 2.6701,
13.2092

143.6641, -0.0266,
22.6761

44.5778, 2.8592,
11.8153

158.4993, -0.5695,
24.0344

35.0741, 2.9831,
10.3855

173.8126, -1.1456,
25.4001

26.3621, 3.0319,
8.8994

189.5897, -1.7534,

18.5219, 2.9911,

26.7740

7.3238

205.8171, -2.3917,
28.1570

■ 11.6639, 2.8383,
6.1163

■ 4.3279, 6.4026,
3.0296

■ 89.4496, 1.7799,
17.2842

■ 89.4496, 1.7799,
17.2842

■ 84.4608, 5.9380,
22.3955

■ 94.6374, -1.9703,
11.6088

■ 79.6854, 10.5420,
26.8623

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 75.1481, 15.6105,
30.6020

■ 70.8737, 21.1514,
33.5261

■ 66.8892, 27.1504,
35.5501

■ 63.2223, 33.5599,
36.6075

■ 59.8995, 40.2850,
36.6764

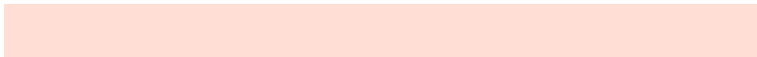
■ 56.9366, 47.1413,
35.9093

■ 56.9364, 47.1417,
35.9092

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.4516, 8.2333, 13.0109



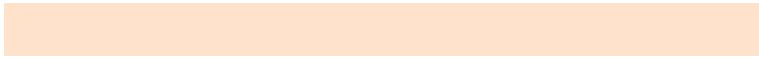
89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842



89.4516, -6.2357, 18.3613

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.4516, 1.7769, 17.2855



89.4516, -19.7171, 3.4665



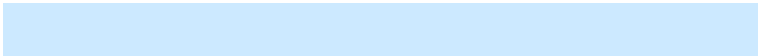
89.4516, 4.3971, -8.0262

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842



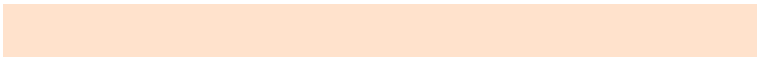
88.5059, -9.4931, -9.0069

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.4516, -3.3103, -11.1195



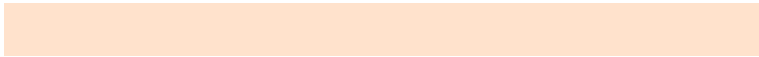
89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842



89.4516, -17.0851, -4.1181

Square

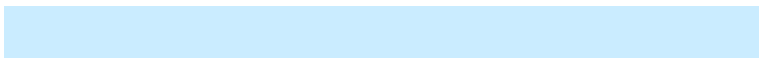
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.4516, 1.7769, 17.2855



89.4516, -18.4631, 10.8011



89.4516, -11.1489, -9.6297



89.4516, 9.7833, -1.4992

Rectangle

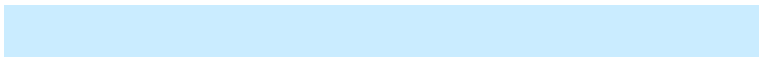
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842



89.4516, -11.3423, 17.2103



89.4516, -11.1489, -9.6297



89.4516, 1.9818, -9.5272

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.4516, 1.7769, 17.2855



96.7619, -3.3603, 9.1952



83.8885, 18.4182, -2.8697



44.6051, -1.4515, 4.4389

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.4516, 1.7769, 17.2855



87.4304, 3.3902, 19.4019



97.1895, -11.1069, 24.8427



43.9045, -0.9926, 5.2346



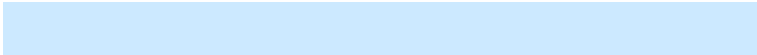
41.4995, 33.2102, 26.1532



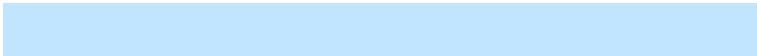
13.7438, 8.4406, 8.6166

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.5059, -9.4931, -9.0069



86.3000, -10.0579, -11.9960



80.8036, 3.4410, -19.5679



43.6944, -3.5029, -0.6147



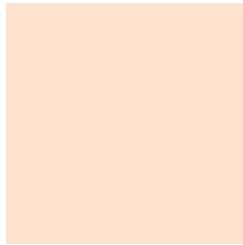
38.2785, 2.3610, -52.9415



12.8213, -0.7664, -14.3711

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

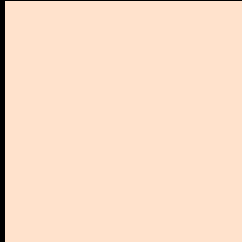
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

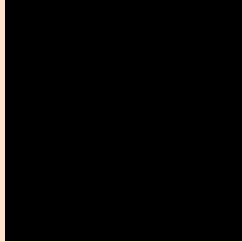
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842.

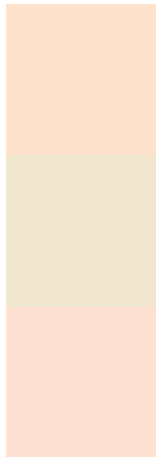


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.4496, 1.7799,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842

Protanopia

89.6152, -5.4617, 16.4920

Deuteranopia

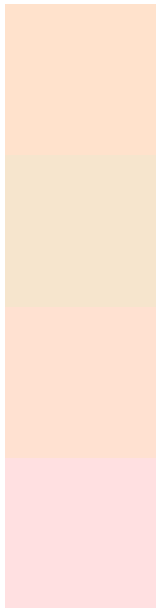
89.3666, 3.4973, 13.8042



Tritanopia

89.5264, 8.6443, 2.2561

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842

Protanomaly

89.4646, -2.8432, 16.8008

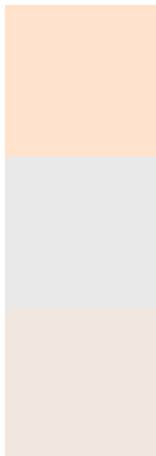
Deuteranomaly

89.2826, 3.0448, 15.0110

Tritanomaly

89.4469, 6.0816, 8.0056

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842

Achromatopsia

89.8305, -4.7931, 4.8807

Achromatomaly

89.6620, -2.7865, 9.5026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(255, 226, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 226, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 226, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.4496, 1.7799, 17.2842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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