

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.5514, -7.4267,  
-7.5866)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(89.5514, -7.4267,  
-7.5866) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(89.5610, -7.4253,  
-7.5739)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5EAFF
RGB	213, 234, 255
RGB Percent	84%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.1647, 0.0823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.16, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 92%
HSV	210°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	74.9134, 80.2117, 106.1418
YIQ	230.1150, -19.2570, 2.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

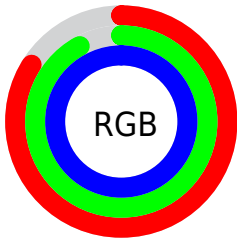
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 227, 255
Decimal	14019327
CIE Lab	91.78, -2.71, -12.48
CIE LCh	92, 12.769, 257.747
Yxy	80.2149, 0.2867, 0.3070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292209407 (0xFFD5EAF7)
YUV	230.1150, 12.2683, -15.0099
Hunter-Lab	89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739

# Details

The HunterLab color **89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **92.1458, -1.1060, 16.2545**, and the grayscale version is **88.9609, -4.7467, 4.8334**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **65.7169, -5.7755, -7.8078** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.4848, -7.9953, -15.8865**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.8408, -6.3128, 0.4190**.

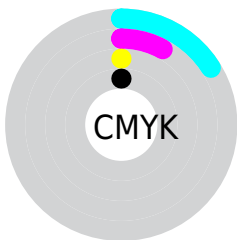
# Distribution



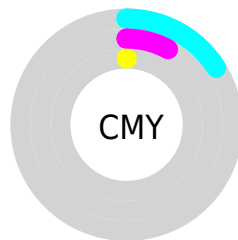
- Red (84%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89.5610, -7.4253,  
-7.5739

■ 89.5610, -7.4253,  
-7.5739

222.6335,  
-15.4816, -4.2434

■ 77.3920, -6.6500,  
-7.7224

115.6148, -9.0561,  
-7.1204

■ 65.8287, -5.8985,  
-7.8183

129.4488, -9.9066,  
-6.8263

■ 54.9067, -5.1732,  
-7.8548

143.7944,  
-10.7805, -6.4899

■ 44.6660, -4.4748,  
-7.8264

158.6339,  
-11.6772, -6.1135

■ 35.1555, -3.8035,  
-7.7270

173.9514,  
-12.5961, -5.6990

■ 26.4362, -3.1592,  
-7.5498

189.7325,

■ 18.5878, -2.5410,

-13.5367, -5.2481

-7.2893

205.9640,  
-14.4987, -4.7625

■ 11.7203, -1.9456,  
-6.9494

■ 4.4406, -2.8963,  
-11.4765

■ 89.5610, -7.4253,  
-7.5739

■ 89.5610, -7.4253,  
-7.5739

■ 83.4848, -7.9953,  
-15.8865

■ 95.8408, -6.3128,  
0.4190

■ 77.6287, -7.9318,  
-24.5624

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 72.0200, -7.1391,  
-33.6318

■ 66.6876, -5.5090,  
-43.1169

■ 61.6638, -2.9291,  
-53.0201

■ 56.9828, 0.7039,  
-63.3134

■ 52.6777, 5.4604,  
-73.9279

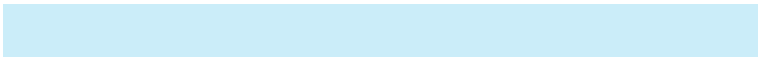
■ 48.7717, 11.3335,  
-84.7599

■ 47.4700, 13.5928,  
-88.6762

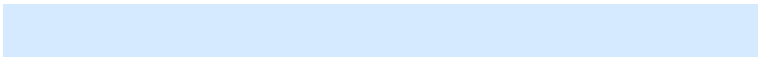
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.5628, -13.0535, -4.4032



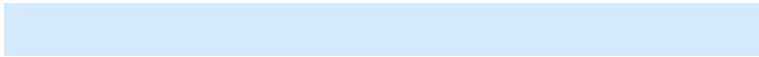
89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739



89.5628, -0.9324, -7.2354

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5628, -7.4271, -7.5716



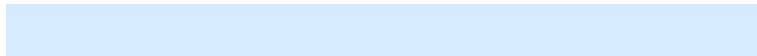
89.5628, 7.4643, 8.4326



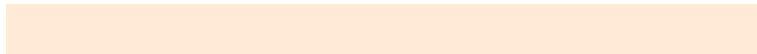
89.5628, -13.8702, 12.5247

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739



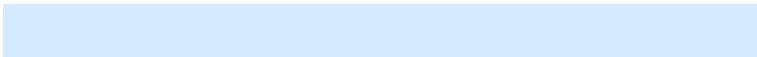
92.1458, -1.1060, 16.2545

# Split Complementary

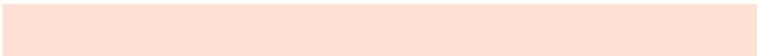
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.5628, -8.5709, 15.4999



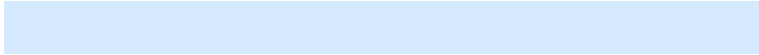
89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739



89.5628, 3.7976, 13.2561

# Square

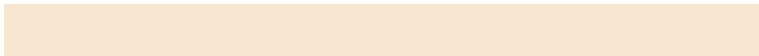
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5628, -7.4271, -7.5716



89.5628, 7.7919, 2.3087



89.5628, -2.1091, 15.7577

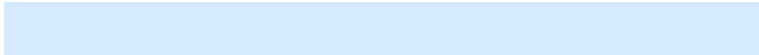


89.5628, -16.7015, 7.3679



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



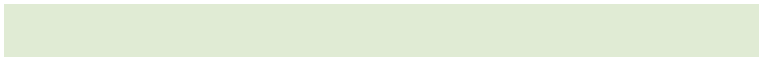
89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739



89.5628, 3.0162, -5.0705



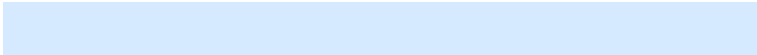
89.5628, -2.1091, 15.7577



89.5628, -12.3254, 13.7967

# Sweetspot

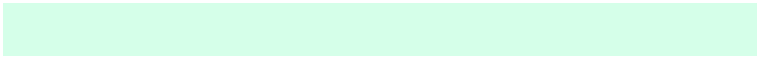
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5628, -7.4271, -7.5716



96.7791, -6.1076, 1.5682



95.6906, -22.0473, 10.6727



44.5667, -2.8716, 0.4716

0.0000, NaN, NaN

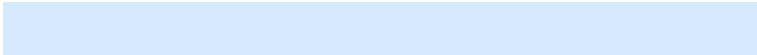


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

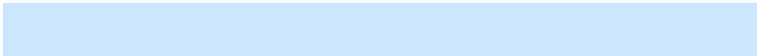


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5628, -7.4271, -7.5716



87.3931, -7.6942, -10.4681



83.2521, 3.2429, -16.0208



43.4496, -3.1016, -0.9133



34.7464, 8.9664, -62.7859



11.8065, 0.9830, -16.8791



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.4815, 13.5458, 0.1573



83.7443, 17.6707, -0.8319



98.5588, -11.6745, 22.6568



42.5895, 2.5369, 1.0489



34.5641, 61.6163, 3.5421

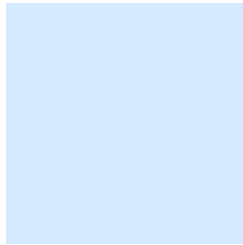


10.8870, 19.5962, -0.3441



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

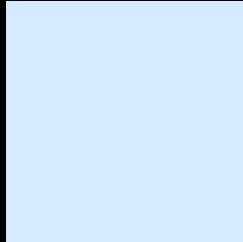
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

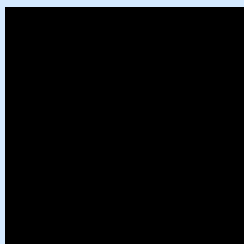
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

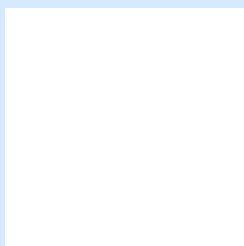
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739.



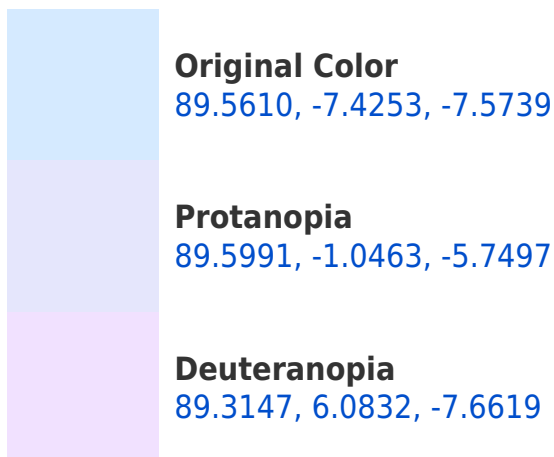
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5610, -7.4253,

-7.5739.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

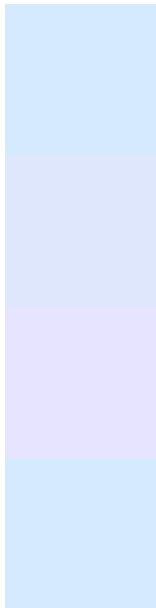




## Tritanopia

89.4895, -7.8197, -6.5624

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739

## Protanomaly

89.4045, -3.2492, -6.5932

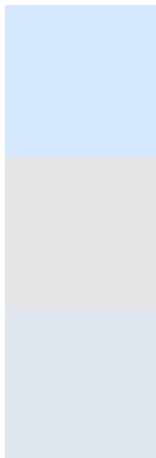
## Deuteranomaly

89.2725, 1.2304, -7.8026

## Tritanomaly

89.5252, -7.6229, -7.0670

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739

## Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

## Achromatomaly

89.0119, -5.5773, 0.3572

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 234, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 234, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 234, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 234, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 234, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 234, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 234, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 234, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 234,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.5610, -7.4253, -7.5739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 234, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
234, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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