

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.6124, 0.0033,
-7.3762)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.6124, 0.0033, -7.3762)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.7979, -0.1502,
-7.1353)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E6FF
RGB	230, 230, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 95%
HSV	240°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	78.9800, 80.6366, 106.0094
YIQ	232.8500, -8.0250, 7.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

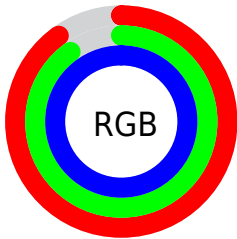
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 230, 255
Decimal	15132415
CIE Lab	91.97, 4.68, -12.07
CIE LCh	92, 12.944, 291.202
Yxy	80.6399, 0.2973, 0.3036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293322495 (0xFFE6E6FF)
YUV	232.8500, 10.9200, -2.4994
Hunter-Lab	89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353

Details

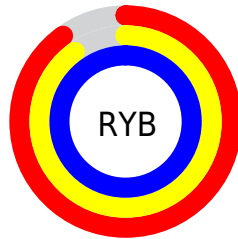
The HunterLab color $89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $99.2428, -9.4929, 16.2609$, and the grayscale version is $90.1609, -4.8108, 4.8986$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $66.1331, 0.2707, -7.1422$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.7222, 5.5832, -21.1383$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

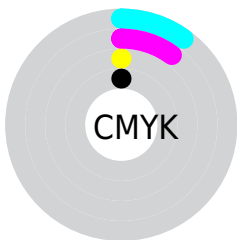
Distribution



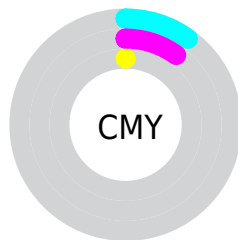
- Red (90%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

89.7979, -0.1502,
-7.1353

89.7979, -0.1502,
-7.1353

222.9544, -5.6485,
-3.6765

77.6177, 0.2826,
-7.3002

115.8728, -1.1410,
-6.6505

66.0426, 0.6740,
-7.4130

129.7167, -1.6901,
-6.3414

55.1080, 1.0183,
-7.4670

144.0718, -2.2732,
-5.9905

44.8539, 1.3108,
-7.4567

158.9205, -2.8886,
-5.5999

35.3290, 1.5454,
-7.3757

174.2470, -3.5351,
-5.1716

26.5940, 1.7140,
-7.2172

190.0368, -4.2113,

18.7282, 1.8049,

-4.7073

-6.9747

206.2767, -4.9161,
-4.2085

■ 11.8408, 1.7997,
-6.6496

■ 4.6715, 4.1172,
-10.5148

■ 89.7979, -0.1502,
-7.1353

■ 89.7979, -0.1502,
-7.1353

■ 79.7222, 5.5832,
-21.1383

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 70.0348, 11.9186,
-36.7291

■ 60.8215, 19.0478,
-54.4141

■ 52.2038, 27.2037,
-74.8060

■ 44.3618, 36.5980,
-98.4681

■ 37.5619, 47.2077,
-125.3626

■ 32.1728, 58.2542,
-153.5043

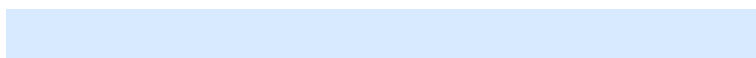
■ 28.6003, 67.5718,
-177.3208

■ 26.8976, 72.7941,
-190.6938

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.7997, -6.7323, -7.9026



89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353



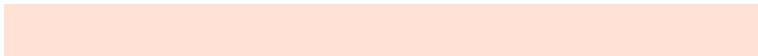
89.7997, 5.3276, -3.0240

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.7997, -0.1523, -7.1330



89.7997, 3.3085, 13.8113



89.7997, -17.0169, 6.7180

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



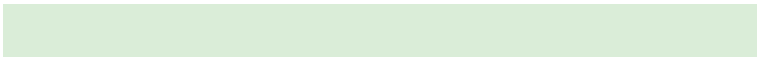
89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353



99.2428, -9.4929, 16.2609

Split Complementary

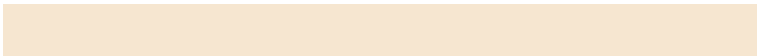
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.7997, -14.4906, 12.1398



89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353



89.7997, -2.8437, 16.0363

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.7997, -0.1523, -7.1330



89.7997, 7.3655, 9.1525



89.7997, -9.3478, 15.4473



89.7997, -16.3435, 0.4036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353



89.7997, 7.5576, 0.9034



89.7997, -9.3478, 15.4473



89.7997, -16.5165, 8.6981

Sweetspot

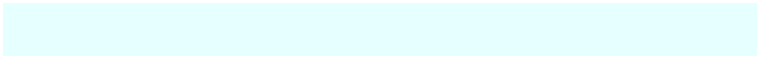
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.7997, -0.1523, -7.1330



96.8474, -3.7887, 1.6917



97.7428, -13.3067, 2.8205



44.4183, -1.5590, 0.3132

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.7997, -0.1523, -7.1330



87.5556, 1.0645, -10.0955



90.9434, 3.7470, -5.5744



41.6871, -0.1462, -3.1159



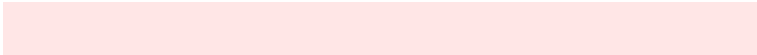
19.4245, 52.6796, -137.9992



6.0621, 16.4336, -43.0525

Inverse Universe

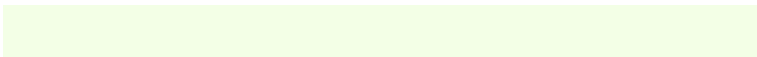
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.4157, 3.6931, 7.8378



89.5491, 5.7701, 8.3988



98.1190, -13.4779, 14.9864



42.4112, 1.5787, 3.5912



33.3300, 57.0787, 21.5358



10.4002, 17.8108, 6.7191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

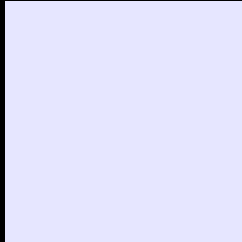
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

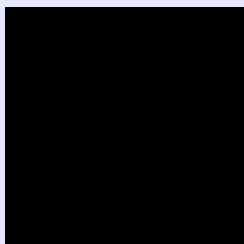
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353.



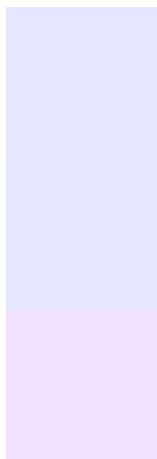
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353.

-7.1353.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353

Protanopia

89.7060, -0.4653, -7.2615

Deuteranopia

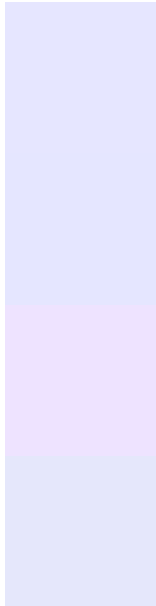
89.8150, 6.2063, -7.0016



Tritanopia

89.8050, -2.1469, -3.8697

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353

Protanomaly

89.7060, -0.4653, -7.2615

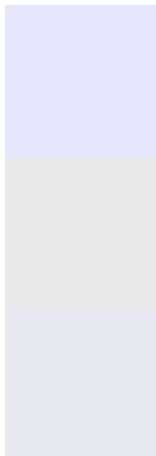
Deuteranomaly

89.6300, 4.0206, -7.2828

Tritanomaly

89.8748, -1.7665, -4.8587

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353

Achromatopsia

90.2689, -4.8165, 4.9045

Achromatomaly

90.1221, -3.1984, 0.7282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 230, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 230,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.7979, -0.1502, -7.1353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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