

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.6350, -7.8438,
5.3815)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.6350, -7.8438, 5.3815)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.5320, -7.5803,
5.4606)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2E9E6
RGB	226, 233, 230
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.1137, 0.0863, 0.0980
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	154°, 14%, 90%
HSV	154°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.7859, 80.1598, 86.3938
YIQ	230.5650, -3.2090, -2.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

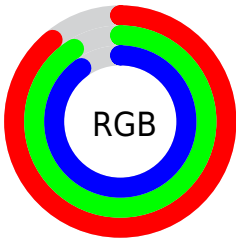
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 230, 233
Decimal	14871014
CIE Lab	91.76, -2.87, 0.63
CIE LCh	92, 2.941, 167.577
Yxy	80.1632, 0.3099, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293061094 (0xFFE2E9E6)
YUV	230.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035
Hunter-Lab	89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606

Details

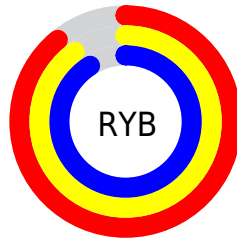
The HunterLab color $89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $87.9634, -1.8506, 4.2026$, and the grayscale version is $89.2060, -4.7598, 4.8467$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.7247, -5.6918, 3.8129$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $87.2372, -16.3771, 7.4455$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92.0691, 1.8175, 3.6793$.

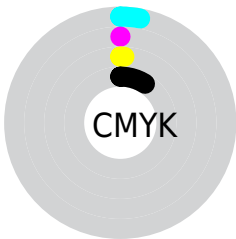
Distribution



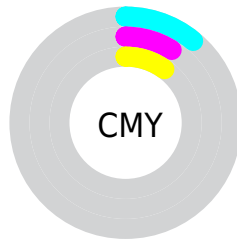
- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.5320, -7.5803,
5.4606

■ 89.5320, -7.5803,
5.4606

222.5944,
-15.6932, 12.9148

■ 77.3645, -6.7976,
4.7714

115.5834, -9.2254,
6.9326

■ 65.8027, -6.0381,
4.1124

129.4161,
-10.0826, 7.7103

■ 54.8821, -5.3043,
3.4866

143.7605,
-10.9629, 8.5150

■ 44.6431, -4.5968,
2.8957

158.5989,
-11.8657, 9.3457

■ 35.1343, -3.9157,
2.3420

173.9154,
-12.7906, 10.2018

■ 26.4170, -3.2607,
1.8280

189.6954,

■ 18.5707, -2.6305,

-13.7371, 11.0824

1.3570

205.9258,
-14.7048, 11.9870

■ 11.7057, -2.0212,
0.9329

■ 4.4116, -3.0722,
0.8345

■ 89.5320, -7.5803,
5.4606

■ 89.5320, -7.5803,
5.4606

■ 87.2372, -16.3771,
7.4455

■ 92.0691, 1.8175,
3.6793

■ 85.1859, -24.4850,
9.6175

■ 92.9743, 5.5417,
-0.2813

■ 83.3847, -31.8287,
11.9598

■ 93.1456, 6.4595,
-2.7118

■ 81.8353, -38.3407,
14.4480

■ 80.5362, -43.9691,
17.0523

■ 79.4813, -48.6837,
19.7376

■ 78.6602, -52.4819,
22.4649

■ 78.0564, -55.3944,
25.1917

■ 77.6461, -57.4933,
27.8731

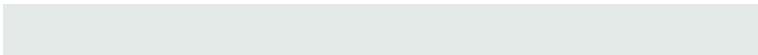
Harmonies

Analogous

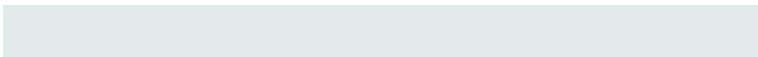
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.5339, -6.9019, 6.7054



89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606



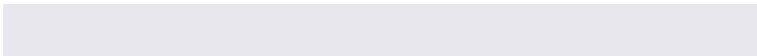
89.5339, -7.5160, 4.0408

Triad

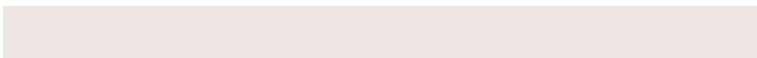
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5339, -7.5823, 5.4620



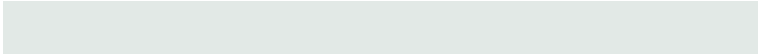
89.5339, -3.9092, 2.2175



89.5339, -2.8274, 6.8760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



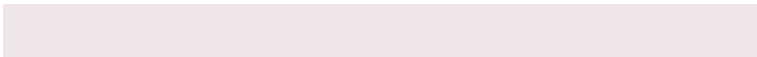
89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606



87.9634, -1.8506, 4.2026

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.5339, -2.0150, 5.6984



89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606



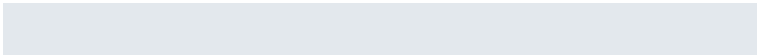
89.5339, -2.6424, 3.0022

Square

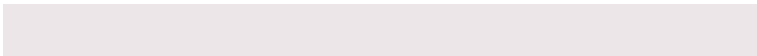
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5339, -7.5823, 5.4620



89.5339, -5.4019, 2.1516



89.5339, -1.9470, 4.2811



89.5339, -4.1606, 7.5127

Rectangle

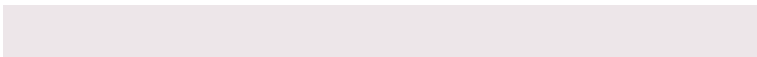
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



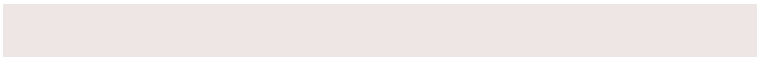
89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606



89.5339, -7.0572, 3.1837



89.5339, -1.9470, 4.2811



89.5339, -2.4840, 6.5312

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5339, -7.5823, 5.4620



99.7243, -6.3666, 5.6374



89.6861, -7.2962, 7.5698



46.1433, -2.9219, 2.6034

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5339, -7.5823, 5.4620



98.9131, -9.4192, 6.2635



89.4815, -6.8177, 3.9360



41.7531, -4.2861, 2.7131



58.3571, -44.0006, 22.0434



16.4116, -11.9683, 5.3230

Inverse Universe

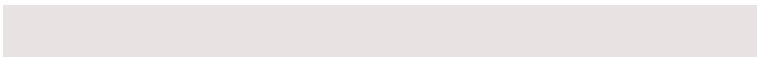
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.9634, -1.8506, 4.2026



96.5890, -0.9369, 4.4000



88.0133, -2.6100, 5.7170



40.5962, -0.0635, 1.7855



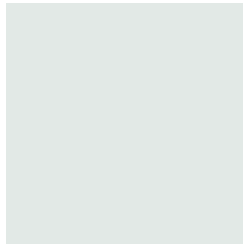
32.2099, 56.8523, 7.6979



9.1302, 16.3117, 0.6593

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

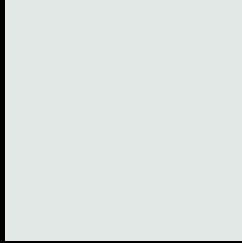
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

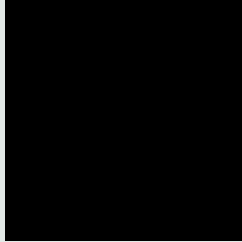
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

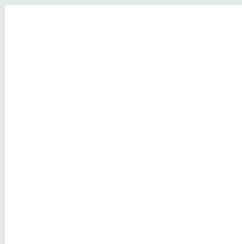
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606.



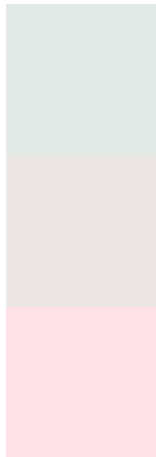
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5320, -7.5803,

5.4606.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606

Protanopia

89.4583, -3.1253, 6.4228

Deuteranopia

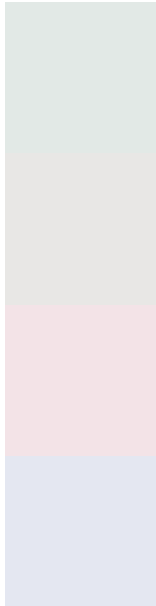
89.4540, 6.5411, 4.6350



Tritanopia

89.4589, -1.8089, -3.7654

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606

Protanomaly

89.4230, -4.7894, 5.8687

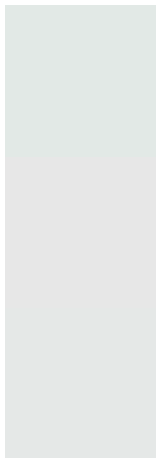
Deuteranomaly

89.3098, 1.3124, 4.8659

Tritanomaly

89.4409, -3.9518, -0.1218

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606

Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569

Achromatomaly

89.5214, -5.9337, 4.9880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 233, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 233, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 233, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 233, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 233, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 233, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 233, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 233, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 233, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 233,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.5320, -7.5803, 5.4606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 233, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
233, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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