

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.6563, -9.3263,
-7.4818)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.6563, -9.3263,
-7.4818) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(89.5500, -9.1029,
-7.6178)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1EBFF
RGB	209, 235, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.1804, 0.0784, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	206°, 100%, 91%
HSV	206°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	74.0529, 80.1920, 106.1834
YIQ	229.5060, -21.9160, 0.7080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

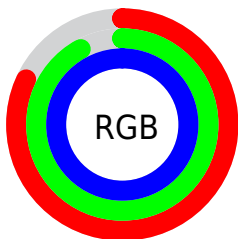
Format	Color
R _Y B	209, 226, 255
Decimal	13757439
CIE Lab	91.77, -4.45, -12.52
CIE LCh	92, 13.285, 250.444
Yxy	80.1952, 0.2844, 0.3079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291947519 (0xFFD1EBFF)
YUV	229.5060, 12.5685, -17.9838
Hunter-Lab	89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178

Details

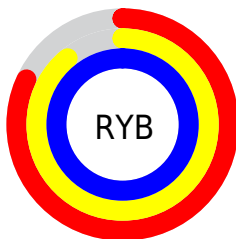
The HunterLab color $89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $90.4991, 0.9321, 16.2610$, and the grayscale version is $88.6942, -4.7325, 4.8189$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $65.7172, -7.3366, -7.8348$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.0342, -10.4090, -15.1509$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.2701, -7.2211, -0.2993$.

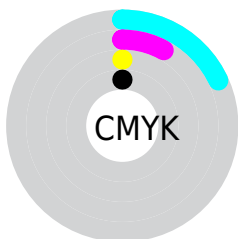
Distribution



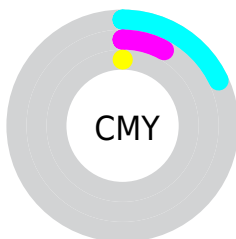
- Red (82%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.5500, -9.1029,
-7.6178

■ 89.5500, -9.1029,
-7.6178

222.6186,
-17.7703, -4.2997

■ 77.3815, -8.2453,
-7.7646

115.6028,
-10.8871, -7.1673

■ 65.8188, -7.4070,
-7.8589

129.4364,
-11.8098, -6.8746

■ 54.8973, -6.5897,
-7.8937

143.7815,
-12.7532, -6.5397

■ 44.6573, -5.7929,
-7.8636

158.6206,
-13.7169, -6.1646

■ 35.1474, -5.0152,
-7.7625

173.9377,
-14.7008, -5.7515

■ 26.4289, -4.2543,
-7.5835

189.7184,

■ 18.5812, -3.5057,

-15.7045, -5.3019

-7.3213

205.9494,
-16.7278, -4.8176

■ 11.7147, -2.7594,
-6.9801

■ 4.4296, -4.6111,
-11.5468

■ 89.5500, -9.1029,
-7.6178

■ 89.5500, -9.1029,
-7.6178

■ 84.0342, -10.4090,
-15.1509

■ 95.2701, -7.2211,
-0.2993

■ 78.7369, -11.0531,
-22.9171

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 73.6819, -10.9480,
-30.9178

■ 68.8926, -10.0001,
-39.1446

■ 64.3934, -8.1186,
-47.5729

■ 60.2076, -5.2280,
-56.1577

■ 56.3533, -1.2904,
-64.8360

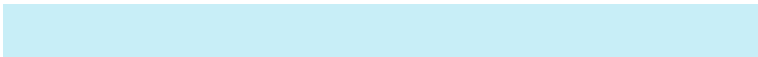
■ 52.8306, 3.6435,
-73.5572

■ 52.1656, 4.6788,
-75.3026

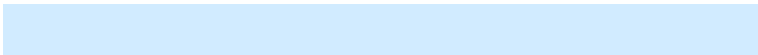
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.5518, -14.4892, -3.5485



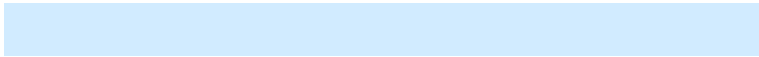
89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178



89.5518, -2.4077, -8.1979

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5518, -9.1047, -7.6154



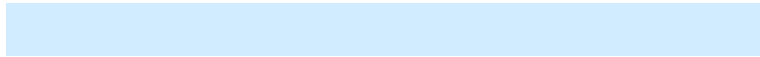
89.5518, 8.4004, 7.0935



89.5518, -13.0834, 13.8075

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



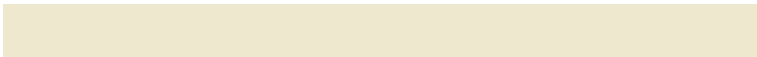
89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178



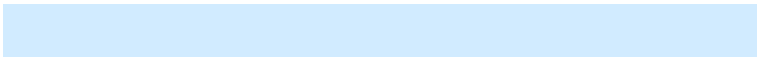
90.4991, 0.9321, 16.2610

Split Complementary

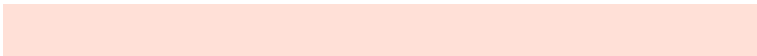
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.5518, -7.1339, 16.2320



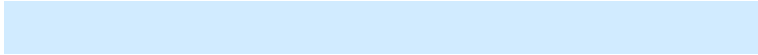
89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178



89.5518, 5.3549, 12.5514

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5518, -9.1047, -7.6154



89.5518, 7.8345, 0.6237



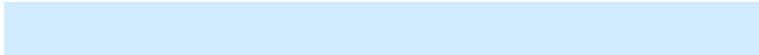
89.5518, -0.3779, 15.7900



89.5518, -16.7386, 8.9267

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178



89.5518, 1.9182, -6.4886



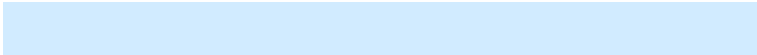
89.5518, -0.3779, 15.7900



89.5518, -11.2929, 14.9197

Sweetspot

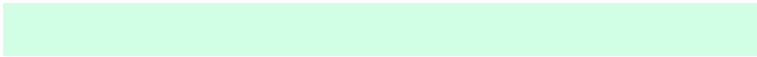
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5518, -9.1047, -7.6154



97.0444, -6.5452, 1.8824



95.2519, -23.9142, 12.1630



44.7066, -3.1023, 0.6382

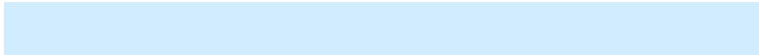
0.0000, NaN, NaN



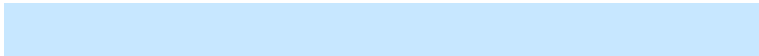
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5518, -9.1047, -7.6154



87.3407, -9.6950, -10.5739



82.3998, 2.9030, -17.2489



43.6829, -3.4840, -0.6287



38.1074, 2.6657, -53.3854



12.7725, -0.6855, -14.4848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.3585, 15.9038, -1.7204



82.3459, 20.6595, -3.1250



97.6947, -11.0225, 23.3964



42.6135, 2.6661, 0.7062



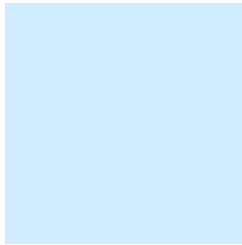
34.9198, 62.9087, -1.5237



10.9965, 19.9923, -1.8895

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

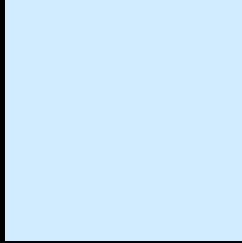
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

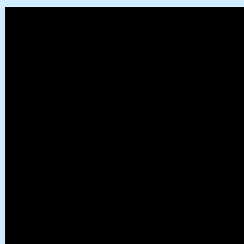
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

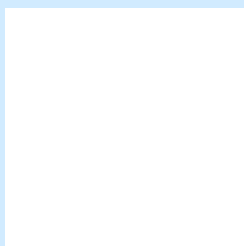
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.5500, -9.1029,

-7.6178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178

Protanopia

89.2888, -0.5169, -6.1434

Deuteranopia

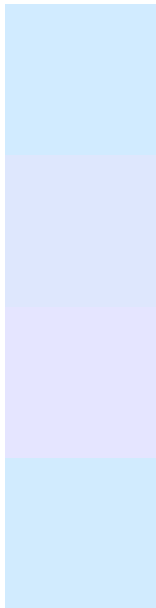
89.3147, 6.0832, -7.6619



Tritanopia

89.5141, -9.3012, -7.1109

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178

Protanomaly

89.3159, -3.5561, -6.7144

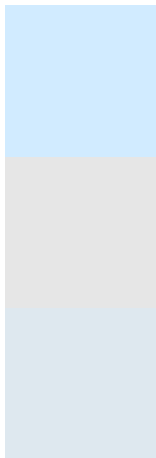
Deuteranomaly

89.3961, 0.0654, -7.6599

Tritanomaly

89.5141, -9.3012, -7.1109

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178

Achromatopsia

88.9549, -4.7464, 4.8331

Achromatomaly

89.1486, -6.7190, 0.5049

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 235, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 235, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 235, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 235, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 235, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 235, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 235, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 235, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 235, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 235,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.5500, -9.1029, -7.6178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 235, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
235, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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