

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.6915, 77.7669,  
-130.0299)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(89.6915, 77.7669,  
-130.0299) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(79.4845, 33.0117,  
-21.0149)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB9FF
RGB	255, 185, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 73%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2745, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 86%
HSV	300°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	76.6389, 63.1779, 102.7628
YIQ	213.9100, 19.2500, 36.6100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

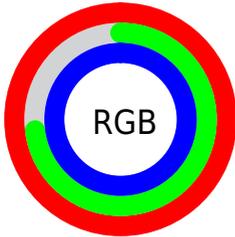
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 185, 255
Decimal	16759295
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	83.54, 36.34, -24.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 43.866, 325.944
Yxy	63.1803, 0.3159, 0.2604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294949375 (0xFFFFB9FF)
YUV	213.9100, 20.2574, 36.0359
Hunter-Lab	79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149

# Details

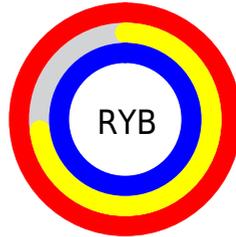
The HunterLab color  $79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FFCCFF}$ . A complement of this color would be  $92.3786, -36.9802, 26.8152$ , and the grayscale version is  $81.8746, -4.3686, 4.4484$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $95.9084, 1.6033, 0.6405$ , and  $56.7275, 30.7933, -20.3451$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $73.1099, 47.2993, -30.8462$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $86.5004, 18.7899, -11.2169$ .

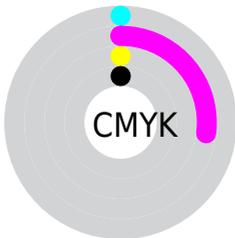
# Distribution



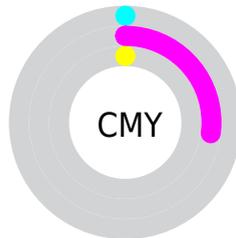
- Red (100%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 79.4845, 33.0117,  
-21.0149

 79.4845, 33.0117,  
-21.0149

208.8596, 38.2682,  
-21.3806

 67.8138, 32.0369,  
-20.7094

 104.6086, 34.6785,  
-21.4457

 56.7764, 30.9631,  
-20.3457

118.0061, 35.3908,  
-21.5799

 46.4128, 29.7775,  
-19.9223

131.9313, 36.0293,  
-21.6625

 36.7701, 28.4702,  
-19.4437

146.3648, 36.5989,  
-21.6960

 27.9068, 27.0333,  
-18.9252

161.2893, 37.1039,  
-21.6825

 19.8985, 25.4685,  
-18.4099

176.6893, 37.5483,

 12.8489, 23.8175,

-21.6242

-18.0249

192.5504, 37.9354,  
-21.5230

6.2577, 27.0506,  
-21.1066

0.0000, INF, -NF

79.4845, 33.0117,  
-21.0149

79.4845, 33.0117,  
-21.0149

73.1099, 47.2993,  
-30.8462

86.5004, 18.7899,  
-11.2169

67.4772, 61.3108,  
-40.4762

94.0607, 4.8349,  
-1.5904

62.6993, 74.4890,  
-49.5242

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

58.8790, 86.0867,  
-57.4801

■ 56.0861, 95.2826,  
-63.7841

■ 54.3262, 101.4365,  
-68.0008

■ 53.4988, 104.4351,  
-70.0549

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,  
-70.3875

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4860, 14.6723, -39.8113



79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



79.4860, 41.3653, 1.4929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.4860, 33.0086, -21.0128



79.4860, -1.2986, 34.4193



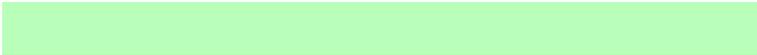
79.4860, -38.1255, -14.8845

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



92.3786, -36.9802, 26.8152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4860, -41.4404, 7.0597



79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



79.4860, -21.5443, 32.1997

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.4860, 33.0086, -21.0128



79.4860, 20.2697, 30.5099



79.4860, -35.6938, 23.3580



79.4860, -26.1081, -35.6634

# Rectangle

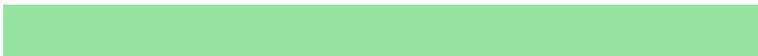
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



79.4860, 39.5648, 14.3943



79.4860, -35.6938, 23.3580



79.4860, -40.2358, -7.2589

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.4860, 33.0086, -21.0128



93.6311, 5.5954, -2.1154



72.2739, 10.3682, -32.8952



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.4860, 33.0086, -21.0128



75.8612, 40.9509, -26.4793



78.1842, 26.4371, -2.7090



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764



# Inverse Universe

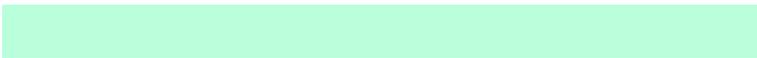
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.4860, 33.0086, -21.0128



75.8612, 40.9509, -26.4793



93.2751, -31.7844, 13.8783



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800

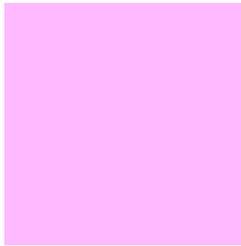


12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

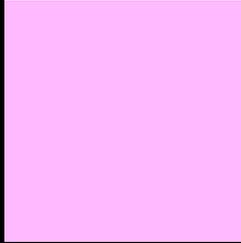
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

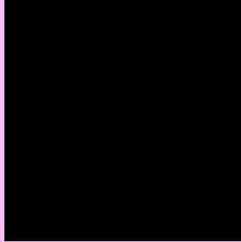
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149.



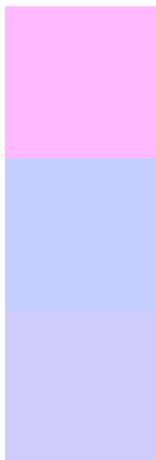
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149.

-21.0149.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149

### Protanopia

79.7380, 1.7753, -21.1814

### Deuteranopia

79.6343, 5.7491, -18.7798



## Tritanopia

79.5781, 17.4563, 4.3984

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



## Protanomaly

79.2582, 12.3909, -21.7170



## Deuteranomaly

79.2515, 15.0925, -19.8002



## Tritanomaly

79.5373, 22.7128, -4.2271

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149



## Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554



## Achromatomaly

80.6393, 8.9868, -4.6562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 185, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 185, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 185, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 185, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 185, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 185, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 185, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 185, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 185, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 185,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 79.4845, 33.0117, -21.0149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 185, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
185, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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