

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.8510, 7.3862,  
4.0862)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(89.8510, 7.3862, 4.0862)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(89.7284, 7.5869,  
3.9873)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0EA
RGB	255, 224, 234
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.0823
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	341°, 100%, 94%
HSV	341°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	82.7470, 80.5119, 89.0210
YIQ	234.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

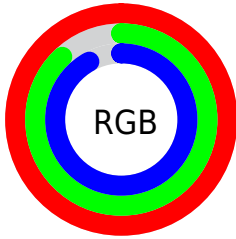
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 224, 234
Decimal	16769258
CIE Lab	91.92, 12.28, -0.95
CIE LCh	92, 12.315, 355.557
Yxy	80.5152, 0.3280, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959338 (0xFFFFE0EA)
YUV	234.4090, -0.2016, 18.0583
Hunter-Lab	89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873

# Details

The HunterLab color **89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96.9335, -16.8205, 6.5947**, and the grayscale version is **90.8848, -4.8494, 4.9379**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.0273, 7.4921, 2.9952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.7774, 18.4978, 3.2562**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.1362, -3.0741, 5.1387**.

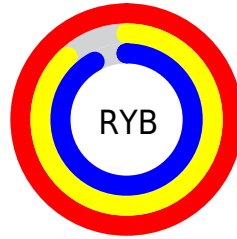
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

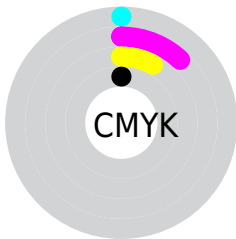
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (92%)

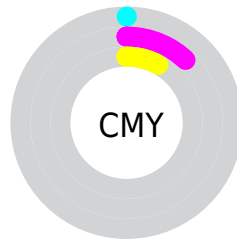


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89.7284, 7.5869,  
3.9873

 89.7284, 7.5869,  
3.9873


222.8603, 4.6590,  
10.9209

 77.5515, 7.6785,  
3.3678


115.7971, 7.2347,  
5.3289

 65.9798, 7.7135,  
2.7822


129.6381, 6.9878,  
6.0452

 55.0489, 7.6825,  
2.2340

143.9904, 6.6968,  
6.7907

 44.7988, 7.5777,  
1.7259

158.8365, 6.3643,  
7.5643

 35.2781, 7.3889,  
1.2613

174.1603, 5.9924,  
8.3649

 26.5477, 7.1021,  
0.8445

189.9476, 5.5831,

 18.6870, 6.6980,

9.1917

0.4813

206.1850, 5.1381,  
10.0440

■ 11.8054, 6.1479,  
0.1804

■ 4.6050, 11.3726,  
-0.6081

■ 89.7284, 7.5869,  
3.9873

■ 89.7284, 7.5869,  
3.9873

■ 81.7774, 18.4978,  
3.2562

■ 98.1362, -3.0741,  
5.1387

■ 74.3598, 29.6126,  
3.0379

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 67.5794, 40.7815,  
3.4464

■ 61.5576, 51.7078,  
4.5984

■ 56.4309, 61.8852,  
6.5848

■ 52.3337, 70.5860,  
9.4200

■ 49.3654, 76.9849,  
12.9789

■ 47.5407, 80.4774,  
16.9648

■ 46.7684, 81.4025,  
20.0636

# Harmonies

## Analogous

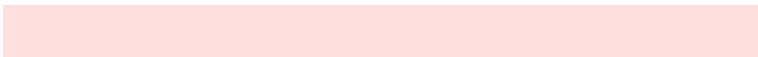
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.7302, 5.3987, -1.8680



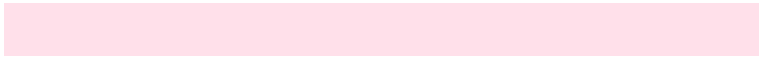
89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873



89.7302, 6.3787, 9.7063

# Triad

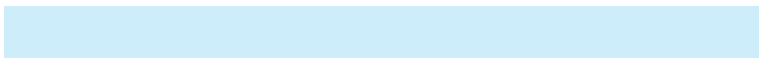
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.7302, 7.5839, 3.9887



89.7302, -9.9498, 14.6540



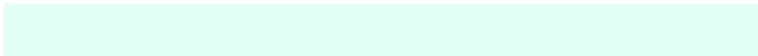
89.7302, -11.5296, -5.1291

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873



96.9335, -16.8205, 6.5947

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89.7302, -15.4428, -0.2212



89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873



89.7302, -14.5484, 11.1494

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



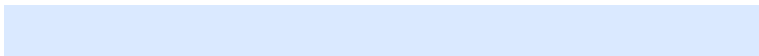
89.7302, 7.5839, 3.9887



89.7302, -3.8540, 15.6121



89.7302, -16.5326, 5.7707



89.7302, -5.7273, -7.3572

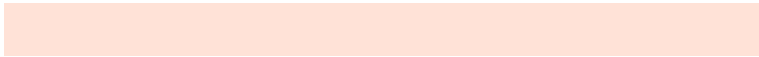


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



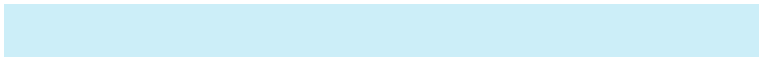
89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873



89.7302, 3.8320, 12.7146



89.7302, -16.5326, 5.7707



89.7302, -13.1032, -3.7222

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.7302, 7.5839, 3.9887



96.5540, -1.1271, 4.8988



89.3798, 7.8424, -7.5452



44.3737, -0.1531, 2.2228

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

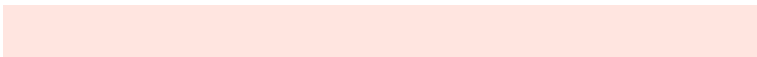
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.7302, 7.5839, 3.9887



87.4179, 10.6646, 3.7339



90.9812, 3.1576, 10.1581



42.5249, 2.1901, 1.9692



33.8424, 58.9734, 13.9826



10.6496, 18.7310, 3.0586



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.7302, 7.5839, 3.9887



87.4179, 10.6646, 3.7339



95.5702, -12.3628, -0.0195



42.5249, 2.1901, 1.9692



33.8424, 58.9734, 13.9826

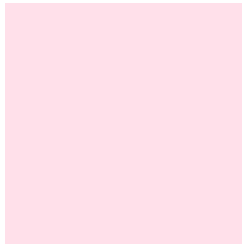


10.6496, 18.7310, 3.0586



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

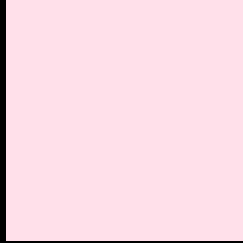
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

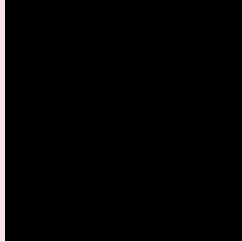
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873.



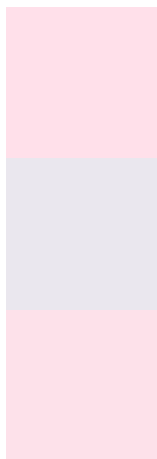
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 89.7284, 7.5869,

3.9873.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873

### Protanopia

89.8984, -2.5662, 2.0021

### Deuteranopia

89.8185, 6.3451, 4.0727



## Tritanopia

89.6251, 9.1700, 0.8516

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873

## Protanomaly

89.7098, 1.4862, 2.3523

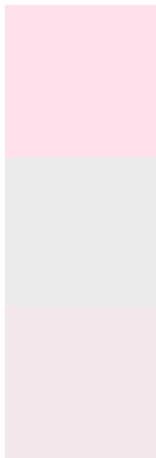
## Deuteranomaly

89.9232, 6.6961, 4.2031

## Tritanomaly

89.5591, 8.8187, 1.7902

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873

## Achromatopsia

90.7075, -4.8399, 4.9283

## Achromatomaly

90.2283, -0.0970, 4.4457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 89.7284, 7.5869, 3.9873 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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