

Converting Colors

HunterLab(89.9545, 1.1708,
-6.9069)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(89.9545, 1.1708, -6.9069)
contains.

HunterLab(90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(90.0762, 0.8021,
-6.7541)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9E6FF
RGB	233, 230, 255
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.0863, 0.0980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	247°, 100%, 95%
HSV	247°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	79.9511, 81.1372, 106.0548
YIQ	233.7470, -6.2370, 8.4110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

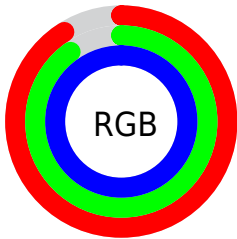
Format	Color
R _Y B	233, 230, 255
Decimal	15329023
CIE _{Lab}	92.19, 5.64, -11.71
CIE _{LCh}	92, 12.999, 295.710
Y _{xy}	81.1406, 0.2993, 0.3037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293519103 (0xFFE9E6FF)
YUV	233.7470, 10.4777, -0.6551
Hunter-Lab	90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541

Details

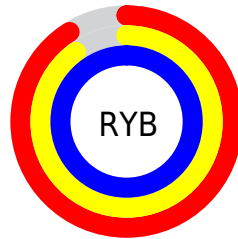
The HunterLab color $90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $98.9593, -10.4973, 15.9392$, and the grayscale version is $90.5556, -4.8318, 4.9201$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $66.3960, 1.1684, -6.7748$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.2684, 7.4146, -20.2908$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

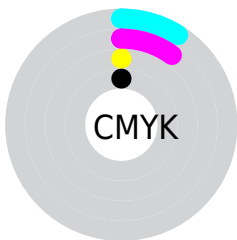
Distribution



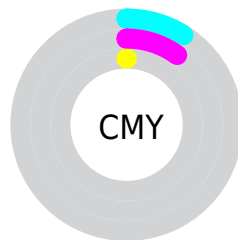
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.0762, 0.8021,
-6.7541

90.0762, 0.8021,
-6.7541

223.3312, -4.3754,
-3.1817

77.8828, 1.1923,
-6.9336

116.1758, -0.1088,
-6.2415

66.2938, 1.5390,
-7.0616

130.0313, -0.6202,
-5.9191

55.3445, 1.8362,
-7.1312

144.3975, -1.1668,
-5.5553

45.0748, 2.0788,
-7.1370

159.2571, -1.7470,
-5.1522

35.5331, 2.2600,
-7.0728

174.5941, -2.3592,
-4.7117

26.7797, 2.3710,
-6.9312

190.3940, -3.0022,

18.8934, 2.3989,

-4.2354

-6.7053

206.6438, -3.6746,
-3.7250

■ 11.9826, 2.3233,
-6.3943

■ 4.9286, 4.7224,
-9.6415

■ 90.0762, 0.8021,
-6.7541

■ 90.0762, 0.8021,
-6.7541

■ 80.2684, 7.4146,
-20.2908

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 70.8298, 14.5013,
-35.2952

■ 61.8386, 22.2021,
-52.2154

■ 53.4042, 30.6731,
-71.5903

■ 45.6860, 40.0244,
-93.9271

■ 38.9159, 50.1394,
-119.2812

■ 33.4135, 60.2765,
-146.2305

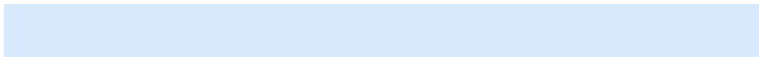
■ 29.5440, 68.6036,
-170.4565

■ 27.4273, 73.1906,
-186.3330

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.0781, -5.7651, -8.0810



90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541



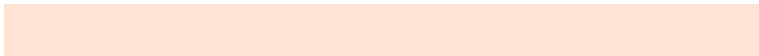
90.0781, 5.9919, -2.2179

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.0781, 0.7999, -6.7518



90.0781, 2.5020, 14.3797



90.0781, -17.2035, 5.8078

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541



98.9593, -10.4973, 15.9392

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.0781, -15.1280, 11.4865



90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541



90.0781, -3.8533, 16.2027

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.0781, 0.7999, -6.7518



90.0781, 6.9944, 10.0190



90.0781, -10.2882, 15.1828



90.0781, -16.0384, -0.5315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541



90.0781, 7.9100, 1.8507



90.0781, -10.2882, 15.1828



90.0781, -16.8634, 7.8524

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.0781, 0.7999, -6.7518



96.9336, -3.4889, 1.8015



96.8078, -11.7237, 1.5046



44.4687, -1.3838, 0.3780

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.0781, 0.7999, -6.7518



87.8930, 2.2197, -9.6214



91.2713, 4.8496, -5.1316



41.8115, 0.2819, -2.9460



19.8845, 53.0249, -134.2188



6.4548, 16.7446, -39.9410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.1331, 7.5343, -2.3636



90.4282, 10.4599, -4.1149



97.8195, -14.5465, 14.6432



42.7325, 3.3031, -0.9839



37.3469, 71.5593, -34.7942



11.6970, 22.4813, -11.4325

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

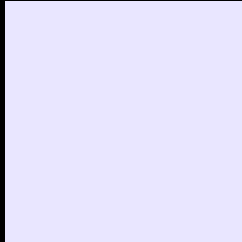
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

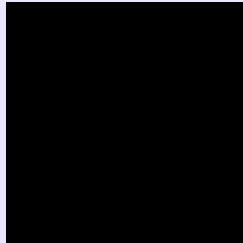
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541.

-6.7541.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541

Protanopia

90.1082, -0.6809, -6.7383

Deuteranopia

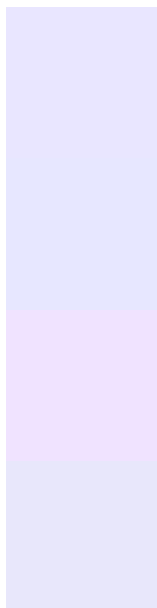
89.9143, 6.5393, -6.8656



Tritanopia

90.0817, -1.1940, -3.5007

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541

Protanomaly

90.2002, -0.3652, -6.6126

Deuteranomaly

89.8240, 4.6756, -7.0167

Tritanomaly

90.1514, -0.8155, -4.4870

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541

Achromatopsia

90.7075, -4.8399, 4.9283

Achromatomaly

90.6538, -2.8985, 0.8685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 230, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 230,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.0762, 0.8021, -6.7541 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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