

Converting Colors

HunterLab(9.2727, 6.1907,
-24.9540)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(9.2727, 6.1907, -24.9540)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(9.3299, 6.1636,
-24.9670)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001440
RGB	0, 20, 64
RGB Percent	0%, 8%, 25%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9216, 0.7490
CMYK	1.00, 0.69, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	221°, 100%, 13%
HSV	221°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	1.1756, 0.8705, 4.9565
YIQ	19.0360, -26.0440, 9.4440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

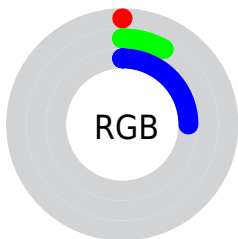
Format	Color
RYB	0, 15, 64
Decimal	5184
CIELab	7.86, 12.77, -30.27
CIELCh	8, 32.854, 292.881
Yxy	0.8705, 0.1679, 0.1243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195264 (0xFF001440)
YUV	19.0360, 22.1673, -16.6946
Hunter-Lab	9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670

Details

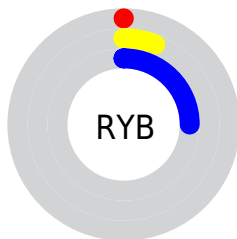
The HunterLab color **9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**, and the color name is **cetacean blue**. A complement of this color would be **17.0050, 1.8919, 10.5111**, and the grayscale version is **8.0231, -0.4281, 0.4359**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.3578, 7.1014, -24.3936**, and **2.6873, 4.4054, -12.8688** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.3294, 6.1650, -24.9693**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3989, 4.8123, -21.1634**.

Distribution



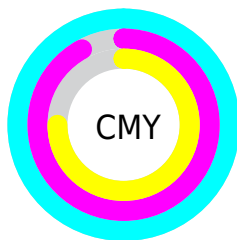
- Red (0%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.3299, 6.1636,
-24.9670

9.3299, 6.1636,
-24.9670

97.2495, 8.0272,
-28.4533

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

23.2521, 7.3067,
-24.9344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

31.6409, 7.6674,
-25.4677

0.0000, NaN, NaN

40.8496, 7.9213,
-26.0508

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

50.8106, 8.0844,
-26.6226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

61.4708, 8.1686,
-27.1571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

72.7872, 8.1827,

-27.6428

■ 84.7236, 8.1337,
-28.0753

■ 9.3299, 6.1636,
-24.9670

■ 9.3299, 6.1636,
-24.9670

■ 9.3294, 6.1650,
-24.9693

■ 10.3989, 4.8123,
-21.1634

■ 11.5031, 3.5028,
-17.8512

■ 12.6868, 2.3837,
-14.8088

■ 13.9479, 1.4653,
-11.9983

■ 15.2752, 0.7203,
-9.4019

■ 16.6597, 0.1225,
-6.9946

■ 18.0942, -0.3513,
-4.7505

■ 19.5727, -0.7207,
-2.6452

■ 21.0905, -1.0019,
-0.6574

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.3300, -2.3999, -28.1542



9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670



9.3300, 14.9412, -13.0713

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.3300, 6.1641, -24.9668



9.3300, 10.5353, 6.5310



9.3300, -15.7241, 2.3168

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670



17.0050, 1.8919, 10.5111

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.3300, -12.7334, 6.5310



9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670



9.3300, 1.4585, 6.5310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



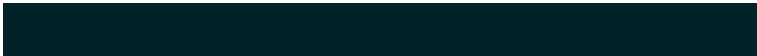
9.3300, 6.1641, -24.9668



9.3300, 17.9950, 6.1832



9.3300, -6.4644, 6.5310



9.3300, -14.6350, -7.0258

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670



9.3300, 18.8762, -4.8170



9.3300, -6.4644, 6.5310



9.3300, -15.1626, 4.8044

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.3300, 6.1641, -24.9668



23.5777, -0.3868, -6.6476



19.6130, -13.5439, 4.7237



12.1944, -0.1476, -3.7652



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.3300, 6.1641, -24.9668



11.8079, 9.2984, -34.8314



6.6823, 16.9797, -38.6223



11.6509, -0.5662, -0.2090



13.4306, 11.3750, -41.3424



31.3020, 34.7862, -114.2181

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.6798, 18.7603, 3.2352



14.0273, 24.5632, 4.8699



20.9857, -8.9671, 12.7740



11.5943, 0.3052, 0.5662



16.2205, 28.3648, 5.9339



40.4412, 70.3538, 17.6287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

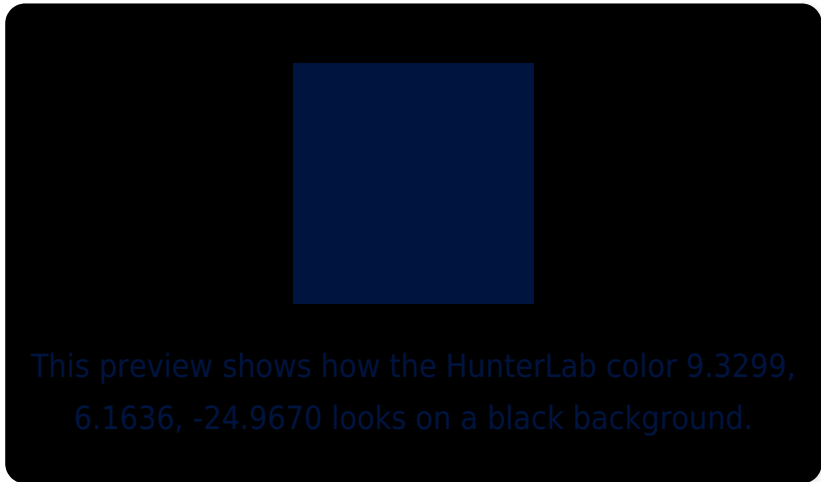
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

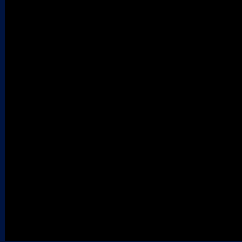
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670.

-24.9670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670

Protanopia

9.4461, 0.9332, -13.8214

Deuteranopia

9.5562, -1.6785, -8.3210



Tritanopia

9.5876, -4.9182, -1.3666

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670

Protanomaly

9.4780, 2.6273, -17.5182

Deuteranomaly

9.4461, 0.9332, -13.8214

Tritanomaly

9.2867, -1.5371, -8.2894

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

8.1563, 0.7802, -6.5193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 20, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 20, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 20, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 20, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 20, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 20, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 20, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 20, 64); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 64); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 20, 64) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 9.3299, 6.1636, -24.9670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 20, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 20,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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