

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.1526, -23.3780,
-30.8755)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.1526, -23.3780,
-30.8755) contains.

HunterLab(88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.7749,
-32.4171, -9.0504)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	86F7FF
RGB	134, 247, 255
RGB Percent	53%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.4745, 0.0314, 0.0000
CMYK	0.47, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 76%
HSV	184°, 47%, 100%
XYZ	61.1423, 78.8098, 106.5970
YIQ	214.1250, -69.9160, -21.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

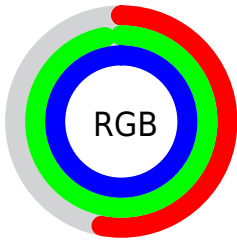
Format	Color
RYB	134, 192, 255
Decimal	8845311
CIELab	91.15, -30.22, -13.85
CIELCh	91, 33.246, 204.620
Yxy	78.8128, 0.2480, 0.3197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287035391 (0xFF86F7FF)
YUV	214.1250, 20.1514, -70.2696
Hunter-Lab	88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504

Details

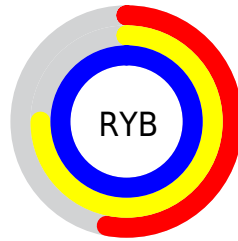
The HunterLab color **88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.0599, 37.6393, 20.1926**, and the grayscale version is **81.9957, -4.3751, 4.4550**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.9786, -23.2711, -0.9405**, and **64.9952, -28.0414, -9.1776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.1423, -35.6497, -11.2968**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.6654, -28.2757, -6.4955**.

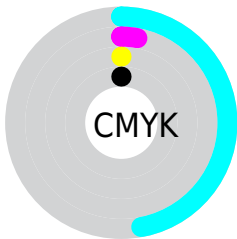
Distribution



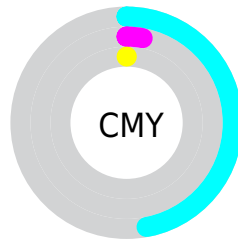
- Red (53%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.7749, -32.4171,
-9.0504

88.7749, -32.4171,
-9.0504

221.5678,
-50.5336, -6.1462

76.6433, -30.2659,
-9.1448

114.7585,
-36.5965, -8.7008

65.1194, -28.0572,
-9.1848

128.5596,
-38.6388, -8.4563

54.2391, -25.7762,
-9.1637

142.8734,
-40.6577, -8.1683

44.0430, -23.4012,
-9.0763

157.6822,
-42.6576, -7.8390

34.5805, -20.9007,
-8.9167

172.9700,
-44.6424, -7.4704

25.9137, -18.2264,
-8.6796

188.7222,

18.1235, -15.2994,

-46.6150, -7.0644

-8.3629

204.9255,
-48.5780, -6.6225

■ 11.3229, -12.9515,
-7.9813

■ 3.5673, -6.2428,
-16.0181

■ 88.7749, -32.4171,
-9.0504

■ 88.7749, -32.4171,
-9.0504

■ 87.1423, -35.6497,
-11.2968

■ 90.6654, -28.2757,
-6.4955

■ 85.7557, -37.9666,
-13.2326

■ 92.8111, -23.2505,
-3.6550

■ 84.6040, -39.3942,
-14.8576

■ 95.2125, -17.3884,
-0.5483

■ 83.6675, -39.9944,
-16.1874

■ 97.8650, -10.7481,
2.7991

■ 82.9145, -39.8824, 100.0000, -5.3358,
-17.2582 5.4332

■ 82.7378, -39.7945,
-17.5101

Harmonies

Analogous

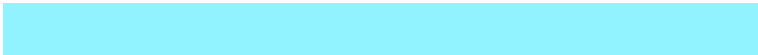
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7766, -34.8591, 7.6847



88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



88.7766, -22.8001, -24.2775

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.7766, -32.4180, -9.0482



88.7766, 23.3648, -15.0140



88.7766, -1.6714, 30.4476

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



65.0599, 37.6393, 20.1926

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.7766, 14.8867, 26.5391



88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



88.7766, 30.0174, 1.8821

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.7766, -32.4180, -9.0482



88.7766, 9.2191, -28.1487



88.7766, 26.8047, 16.7802



88.7766, -17.8897, 28.6098

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



88.7766, -13.2045, -30.4767



88.7766, 26.8047, 16.7802



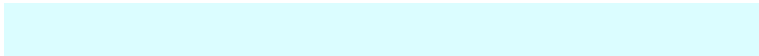
88.7766, 4.0506, 29.7884

Sweetspot

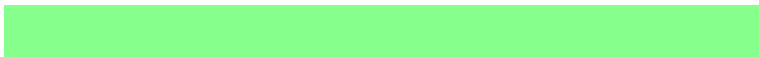
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.7766, -32.4180, -9.0482



96.0992, -15.1829, 0.5803



88.5911, -53.6256, 37.0315



44.2016, -7.6676, -0.0597

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

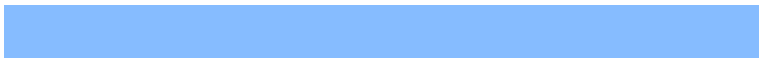
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.7766, -32.4180, -9.0482



87.2103, -35.5243, -11.2025



69.6054, -3.9405, -37.7655



45.0152, -5.6320, 0.9681



59.8808, -28.8561, -12.5537



18.8434, -9.1990, -3.6946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.1024, 59.6144, -35.3617



62.4125, 71.8736, -42.6480



80.3407, 6.7658, 32.9779



42.7533, 3.4142, -1.2788



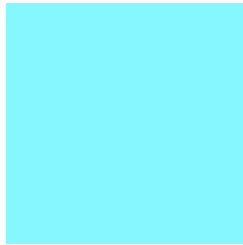
37.8784, 73.4187, -41.8072



11.8448, 22.9977, -13.3775

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

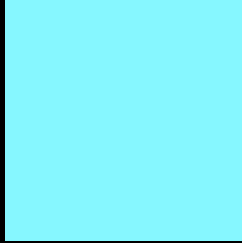
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

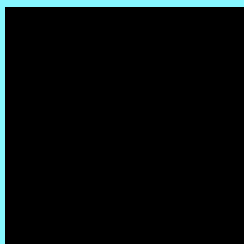
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

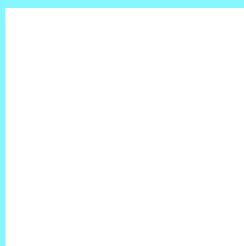
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504.



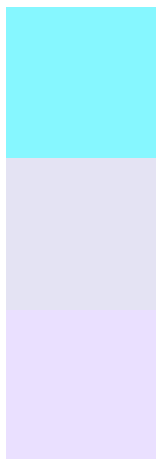
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.7749,

-32.4171, -9.0504.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504

Protanopia

88.2628, -1.4845, -2.5987

Deuteranopia

88.3310, 4.3316, -8.9981



Tritanopia

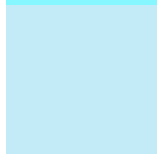
88.6999, -22.2393, -8.9719

Trichromacy



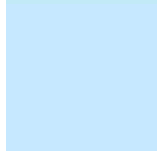
Original Color

88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



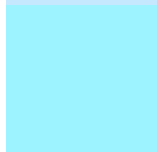
Protanomaly

87.7669, -14.3596, -5.6143



Deuteranomaly

87.7149, -10.6534, -10.0862



Tritanomaly

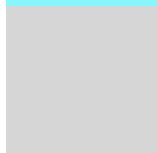
88.5942, -26.0818, -9.1798

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504



Achromatopsia

82.0026, -4.3755, 4.4554



Achromatomaly

83.8833, -16.2526, -0.9913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 247, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 247, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 247, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 247, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 247, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 247, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 247, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 247, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 247, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 247,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.7749, -32.4171, -9.0504 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 247, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
247, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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