

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.2698, 2.1228,  
14.3106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(90.2698, 2.1228,  
14.3106) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(90.3055, 2.0592,  
14.3516)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE4D5
RGB	255, 228, 213
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1059, 0.1647
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	21°, 100%, 92%
HSV	21°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	80.9936, 81.5508, 74.4228
YIQ	234.3630, 20.9070, 1.0590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

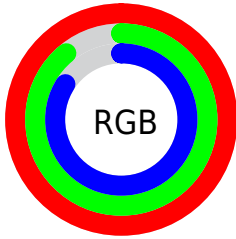
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 236, 213
Decimal	16770261
CIE Lab	92.38, 6.89, 10.68
CIE LCh	92, 12.711, 57.177
Yxy	81.5544, 0.3418, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960341 (0xFFFFE4D5)
YUV	234.3630, -10.5320, 18.0986
Hunter-Lab	90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516

# Details

The HunterLab color **90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91.4789, -10.5237, -5.1332**, and the grayscale version is **90.9067, -4.8506, 4.9391**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.6045, 2.4445, 12.2888** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.7141, 7.0662, 19.2226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1262, -2.5519, 9.0574**.

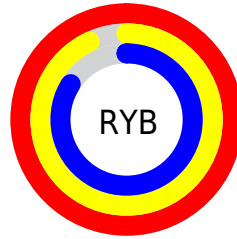
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

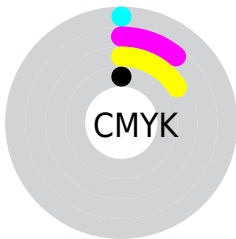
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (84%)

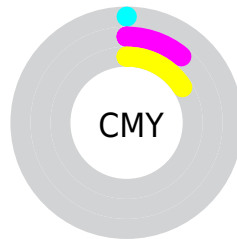


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90.3055, 2.0592,  
14.3516

90.3055, 2.0592,  
14.3516

223.6416, -2.6991,  
25.2818

78.1014, 2.3929,  
13.1894

116.4255, 1.2520,  
16.7020

66.5010, 2.6813,  
12.0301

130.2905, 0.7901,  
17.8910

55.5396, 2.9170,  
10.8711

144.6660, 0.2911,  
19.0912

45.2570, 3.0944,  
9.7070

159.5345, -0.2428,  
20.3033

35.7014, 3.2060,  
8.5299

174.8801, -0.8102,  
21.5280

26.9329, 3.2421,  
7.3269

190.6884, -1.4096,

19.0298, 3.1880,

22.7658

6.0766

206.9463, -2.0396,  
24.0170

■ 12.0999, 3.0217,  
4.8182

■ 5.1307, 5.5775,  
3.5915

■ 90.3055, 2.0592,  
14.3516

■ 90.3055, 2.0592,  
14.3516

■ 84.7141, 7.0662,  
19.2226

■ 96.1262, -2.5519,  
9.0574

■ 79.3729, 12.5093,  
23.5940

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 74.3146, 18.4068,  
27.3817

■ 69.5745, 24.7619,  
30.4887

■ 65.1915, 31.5467,  
32.8113

■ 61.2072, 38.6866,  
34.2516

■ 57.6634, 46.0415,  
34.7426

■ 54.5971, 53.3886,  
34.2964

■ 53.6280, 55.8989,  
34.0239

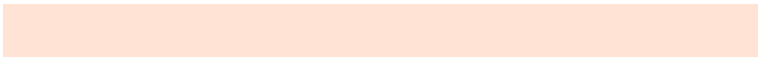
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.3074, 6.5740, 10.1826



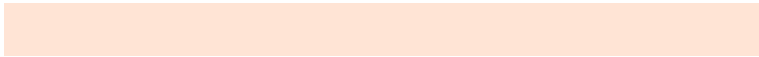
90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516



90.3074, -4.2066, 16.0094

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.3074, 2.0562, 14.3529



90.3074, -16.9785, 5.4996



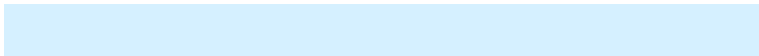
90.3074, 0.9602, -6.3215

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



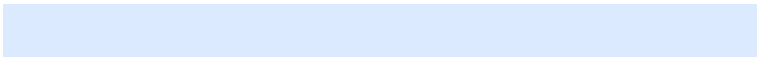
90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516



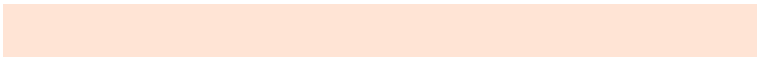
91.4789, -10.5237, -5.1332

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.3074, -5.4385, -7.7927



90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516



90.3074, -15.6822, -0.6889

# Square

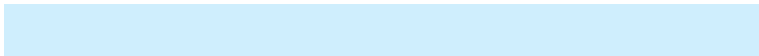
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.3074, 2.0562, 14.3529



90.3074, -15.0949, 11.1296



90.3074, -11.5031, -5.6646

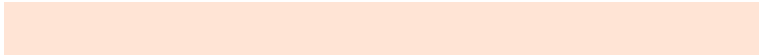


90.3074, 5.9287, -1.7739



# Rectangle

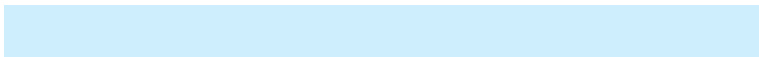
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516



90.3074, -8.4874, 15.5595



90.3074, -11.5031, -5.6646



90.3074, -1.1001, -7.2056

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.3074, 2.0562, 14.3529



96.9991, -3.1975, 8.2469



86.6940, 14.6655, -2.8624



44.6829, -1.3370, 3.9951

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.3074, 2.0562, 14.3529



88.3059, 3.7772, 16.1240



96.7628, -8.7826, 20.8982



43.6451, -0.5524, 4.9529



39.0930, 39.5086, 24.7806

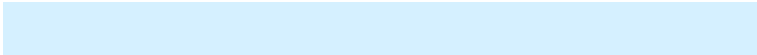


12.9828, 10.2787, 8.1799

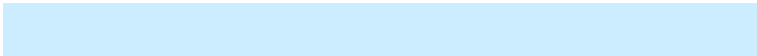


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.4789, -10.5237, -5.1332



89.7208, -11.4348, -7.4341



84.9628, 0.2729, -13.6621



43.9608, -3.9372, -0.2916



42.3315, -4.4832, -43.2327

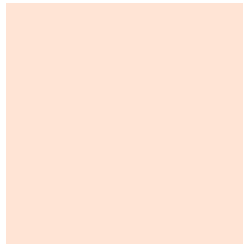


13.9694, -2.5914, -11.8664



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

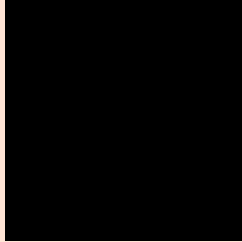
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516.



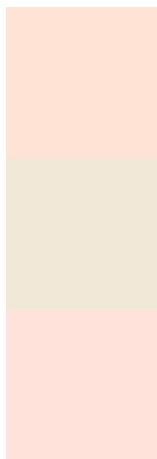
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.3055, 2.0592,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516

### Protanopia

90.2756, -4.2679, 13.3291

### Deuteranopia

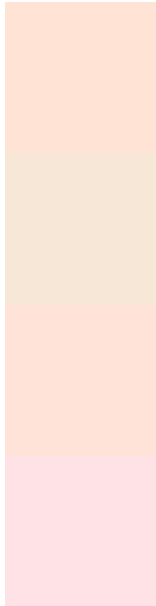
90.1735, 3.5176, 11.5612



## Tritanopia

90.2229, 8.0874, 1.5623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516

## Protanomaly

90.4329, -2.1834, 13.9763

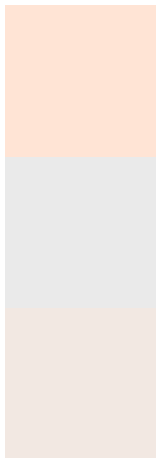
## Deuteranomaly

90.1154, 3.2046, 12.3943

## Tritanomaly

90.2030, 5.8353, 6.4778

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516

## Achromatopsia

90.7075, -4.8399, 4.9283

## Achromatomaly

90.5988, -2.5022, 8.6960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 228, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 228, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 228, 213) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 228, 213) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 228, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 228, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 213); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 213); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 213) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.3055, 2.0592, 14.3516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 228, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
228, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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