

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.3721, -10.7699,
-2.4186)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.3721, -10.7699,
-2.4186) contains.

HunterLab(90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(90.2385,
-10.5234, -2.3961)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5EDF7
RGB	213, 237, 247
RGB Percent	84%, 93%, 97%
CMY	0.1647, 0.0706, 0.0314
CMYK	0.14, 0.04, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	198°, 68%, 90%
HSV	198°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	74.5132, 81.4299, 99.7860
YIQ	230.9640, -17.5140, -1.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

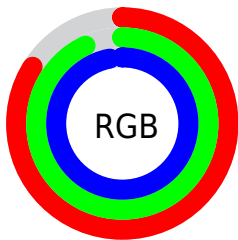
Format	Color
R _{YB}	213, 227, 247
Decimal	14020087
CIE Lab	92.32, -5.87, -7.50
CIE LCh	92, 9.528, 231.945
Yxy	81.4333, 0.2914, 0.3184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292210167 (0xFFD5EDF7)
YUV	230.9640, 7.9057, -15.7544
Hunter-Lab	90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961

Details

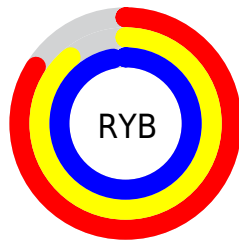
The HunterLab color $90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $87.9508, 1.8663, 11.7897$, and the grayscale version is $89.3504, -4.7675, 4.8546$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $66.3916, -8.5652, -3.2576$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85.9626, -13.7448, -7.9640$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.7120, -6.7182, 3.1571$.

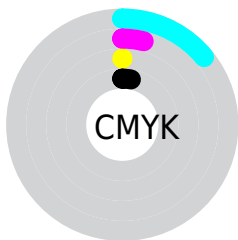
Distribution



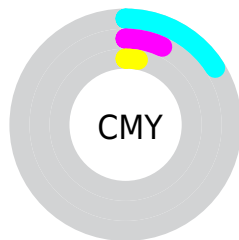
- Red (84%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (3%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90.2385, -10.5234,
-2.3961

■ 90.2385, -10.5234,
-2.3961

223.5509,
-19.7040, 2.4587

■ 78.0375, -9.5966,
-2.7415

116.3525,
-12.4363, -1.5702

■ 66.4404, -8.6856,
-3.0406

130.2147,
-13.4196, -1.0980

■ 55.4826, -7.7912,
-3.2878

144.5875,
-14.4213, -0.5886

■ 45.2037, -6.9120,
-3.4780

159.4534,
-15.4415, -0.0438

■ 35.6521, -6.0454,
-3.6050

174.7965,
-16.4800, 0.5346

■ 26.8880, -5.1872,
-3.6607

190.6023,

■ 18.9899, -4.3301,

-17.5367, 1.1453

-3.6345

206.8579,
-18.6114, 1.7871

■ 12.0656, -3.4589,
-3.5131

■ 5.0724, -5.3164,
-5.8551

■ 90.2385, -10.5234,
-2.3961

■ 90.2385, -10.5234,
-2.3961

■ 85.9626, -13.7448,
-7.9640

■ 94.7120, -6.7182,
3.1571

■ 81.8925, -16.3110,
-13.5335

■ 98.6415, -4.8892,
7.8048

■ 78.0435, -18.1554,
-19.0795

■ 99.7474, -6.7212,
9.0407

■ 74.4288, -19.2120,
-24.5721

■ 71.0595, -19.4237,
-29.9757

■ 67.9435, -18.7505,
-35.2513

■ 65.0825, -17.1820,
-40.3623

■ 62.4683, -14.7564,
-45.2855

■ 60.9374, -12.9113,
-48.2947

Harmonies

Analogous

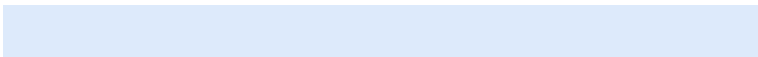
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.2404, -13.3501, 1.5159



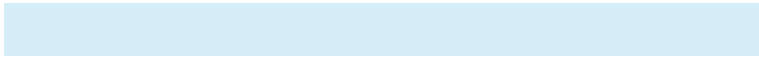
90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961



90.2404, -6.1294, -4.3697

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.2404, -10.5250, -2.3946



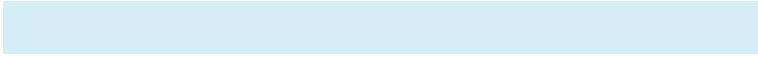
90.2404, 4.6494, 3.6538



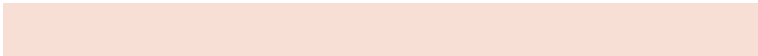
90.2404, -8.2961, 12.7970

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



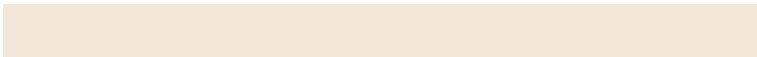
90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961



87.9508, 1.8663, 11.7897

Split Complementary

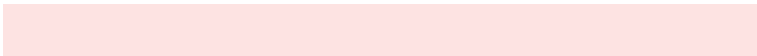
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.2404, -3.5028, 13.3018



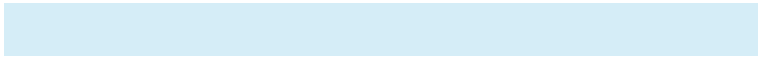
90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961



90.2404, 4.0395, 8.1811

Square

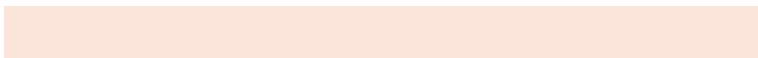
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.2404, -10.5250, -2.3946



90.2404, 2.6799, -0.7587



90.2404, 1.0307, 11.6546



90.2404, -12.0823, 10.2370

Rectangle

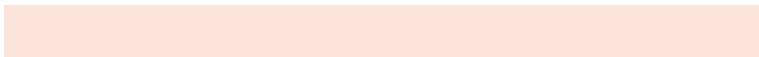
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



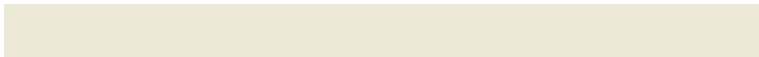
90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961



90.2404, -2.8716, -4.2537



90.2404, 1.0307, 11.6546



90.2404, -6.7517, 13.2070

Sweetspot

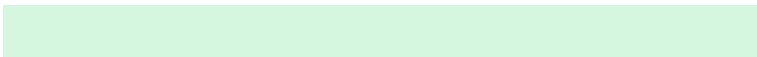
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.2404, -10.5250, -2.3946



98.0907, -7.0682, 3.1346



92.7238, -19.8640, 12.3132



45.2167, -3.4163, 1.2499

0.0000, NaN, NaN



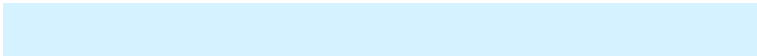
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.2404, -10.5250, -2.3946



92.0982, -12.0731, -4.3665



84.9954, -1.9018, -9.0434



42.2927, -4.1142, -0.0062



44.6056, -9.8245, -34.5448



13.8788, -3.8719, -8.9891

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.7198, 11.2488, -2.4029



86.3703, 15.7600, -4.3065



93.1043, -6.8308, 17.1621



40.8416, 2.7994, -0.0300



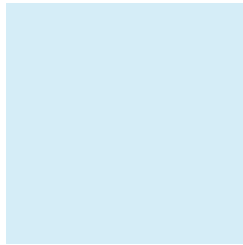
34.7965, 64.3319, -14.2733



10.4024, 19.3807, -5.4203

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

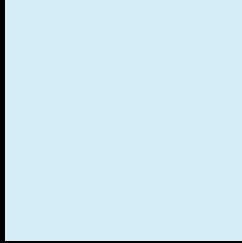
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

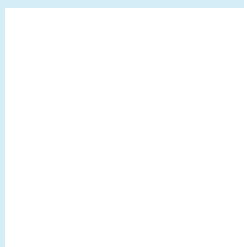
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961.



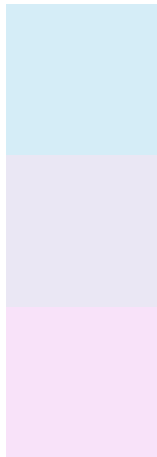
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.2385,

-10.5234,-2.3961.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961

Protanopia

90.0977, -1.4809, -0.8305

Deuteranopia

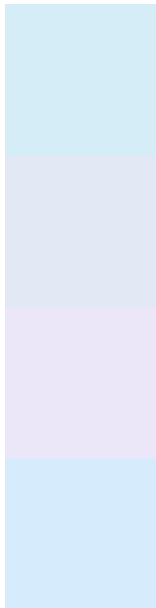
90.1048, 6.7550, -3.3323



Tritanopia

90.2813, -8.1693, -6.6434

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961

Protanomaly

90.0217, -4.8893, -1.5102

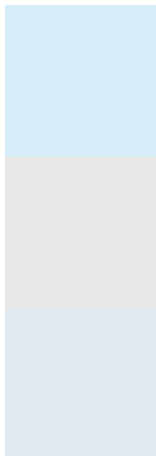
Deuteranomaly

90.0184, 0.1127, -3.0212

Tritanomaly

90.1750, -8.7557, -5.1406

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961

Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569

Achromatomaly

89.5765, -6.9760, 2.0432

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 237, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 237, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 237, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 237, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 237, 247) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 237, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 237, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 237, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 237, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 237,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.2385, -10.5234, -2.3961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 237, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
237, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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