

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.3884, 22.3405,
-25.4390)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.3884, 22.3405,
-25.4390) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.6695, 14.6558,
-8.3664)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDAFF
RGB	255, 218, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 93%
HSV	300°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	84.3614, 78.6228, 105.3372
YIQ	233.2810, 10.1750, 19.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

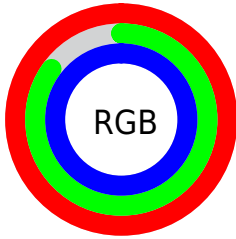
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 218, 255
Decimal	16767743
CIE Lab	91.06, 19.03, -13.21
CIE LCh	91, 23.166, 325.231
Yxy	78.6258, 0.3144, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957823 (0xFFFFDAFF)
YUV	233.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476
Hunter-Lab	88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664

Details

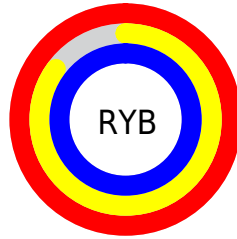
The HunterLab color **88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **95.6497, -23.0733, 17.4170**, and the grayscale version is **90.3449, -4.8206, 4.9086**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **65.0210, 14.0847, -8.4048** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.4873, 28.8079, -18.1200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.3765, 0.7947, 1.1988**.

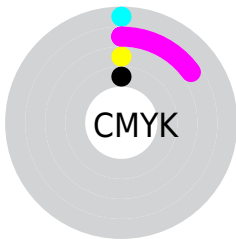
Distribution



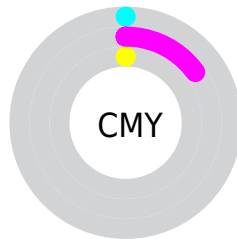
- Red (100%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.6695, 14.6558,
-8.3664

 88.6695, 14.6558,
-8.3664


221.4248, 13.9923,
-5.2780

 76.5429, 14.4502,
-8.4839


114.6438, 14.8639,
-7.9723

 65.0244, 14.1750,
-8.5476


128.4404, 14.8826,
-7.7064

 54.1497, 13.8190,
-8.5507


142.7499, 14.8488,
-7.3975

 43.9596, 13.3724,
-8.4880


157.5545, 14.7656,
-7.0478

 34.5036, 12.8224,
-8.3533

172.8383, 14.6360,
-6.6594

 25.8438, 12.1525,
-8.1405

188.5867, 14.4625,

 18.0615, 11.3415,

-6.2339

-7.8461

204.7863, 14.2472,
-5.7729

■ 11.2698, 10.3645,
-7.4804

■ 3.4332, 23.9698,
-15.8098

■ 88.6695, 14.6558,
-8.3664

■ 88.6695, 14.6558,
-8.3664

■ 81.4873, 28.8079,
-18.1200

■ 96.3765, 0.7947,
1.1988

■ 74.9130, 43.1057,
-27.9618

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 69.0502, 57.2472,
-37.6844

■ 64.0095, 70.7406,
-46.9515

■ 59.8982, 82.8888,
-55.2870

■ 56.7990, 92.8718,
-62.1318

■ 54.7398, 99.9633,
-66.9915

■ 53.6603, 103.8444,
-69.6503

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6712, 5.1295, -16.9659



88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664



88.6712, 18.9894, 3.0161

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6712, 14.6526, -8.3642



88.6712, -2.8446, 23.7296



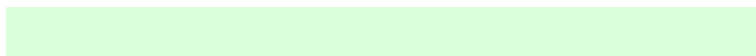
88.6712, -24.3136, -4.8604

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664



95.6497, -23.0733, 17.4170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.6712, -26.2026, 6.5997



88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664



88.6712, -14.1882, 22.1927

Square

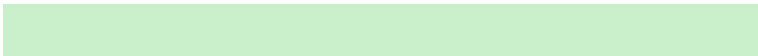
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



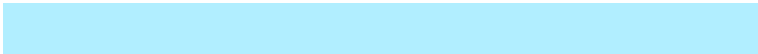
88.6712, 14.6526, -8.3642



88.6712, 8.5571, 20.7680



88.6712, -22.5898, 16.2583



88.6712, -17.2895, -14.7650

Rectangle

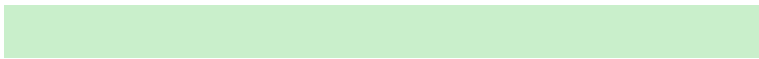
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664



88.6712, 18.1997, 10.3039



88.6712, -22.5898, 16.2583



88.6712, -25.5541, -1.0240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6712, 14.6526, -8.3642



96.7801, 0.1007, 1.6780



85.0130, 2.4840, -13.5535



44.4984, 0.5226, 0.4476

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6712, 14.6526, -8.3642



86.8287, 18.1570, -10.7806



88.0291, 11.2634, 0.7329



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

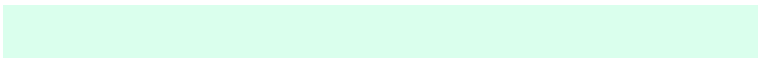
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.6712, 14.6526, -8.3642



86.8287, 18.1570, -10.7806



96.1830, -20.0599, 9.7620



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

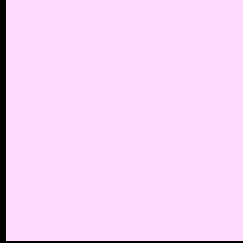
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

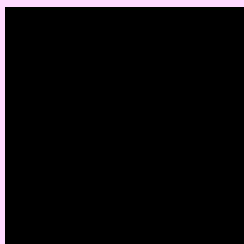
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664.

-8.3664.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664

Protanopia

88.7211, -0.6563, -8.5658

Deuteranopia

88.6746, 6.9702, -7.9313



Tritanopia

88.7517, 9.1973, 0.8120

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664

Protanomaly

88.5235, 4.9807, -8.7300

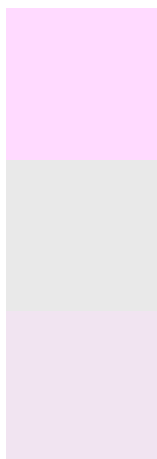
Deuteranomaly

88.5785, 9.7309, -8.0102

Tritanomaly

88.7631, 11.1637, -2.2783

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664

Achromatopsia

90.2689, -4.8165, 4.9045

Achromatomaly

89.7432, 1.8636, 0.3522

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 218, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 218, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 218, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 218, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 218, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 218, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 218, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.6695, 14.6558, -8.3664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 218, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
218, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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