

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.4256, 5.2299,  
-6.2207)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(90.4256, 5.2299, -6.2207)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(90.4221, 5.1271,  
-6.2272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3E4FF
RGB	243, 228, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.0471, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	273°, 100%, 95%
HSV	273°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	82.7556, 81.7616, 106.0278
YIQ	235.5630, 0.2730, 11.5770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

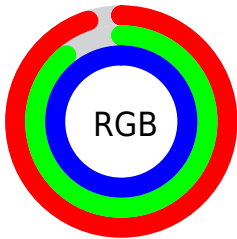
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 228, 255
Decimal	15983871
CIE Lab	92.47, 9.90, -11.22
CIE LCh	92, 14.962, 311.434
Yxy	81.7649, 0.3059, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294173951 (0xFFFF3E4FF)
YUV	235.5630, 9.5824, 6.5222
Hunter-Lab	90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272

# Details

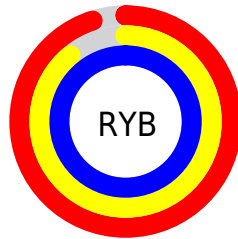
The HunterLab color  $90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be  $97.7996, -14.7316, 15.5060$ , and the grayscale version is  $91.3548, -4.8745, 4.9635$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $66.7302, 5.2806, -6.2580$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.7307, 15.2250, -18.0028$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $99.4608, -4.7624, 4.8069$ .

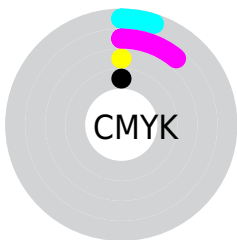
# Distribution



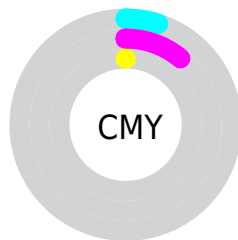
- Red (95%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90.4221, 5.1271,  
-6.2272

90.4221, 5.1271,  
-6.2272

223.7993, 1.3836,  
-2.4974

78.2124, 5.3273,  
-6.4267

116.5523, 4.5726,  
-5.6760

66.6062, 5.4752,  
-6.5756

130.4221, 4.2298,  
-5.3352

55.6387, 5.5631,  
-6.6669

144.8023, 3.8461,  
-4.9536

45.3496, 5.5841,  
-6.6952

159.6753, 3.4237,  
-4.5331

35.7869, 5.5292,  
-6.6541

175.0253, 2.9646,  
-4.0757

27.0107, 5.3862,  
-6.5361

190.8379, 2.4706,

19.0991, 5.1378,

-3.5830

-6.3336

207.0999, 1.9431,  
-3.0565

■ 12.1595, 4.7576,  
-6.0431

■ 5.2303, 7.9697,  
-8.6606

■ 90.4221, 5.1271,  
-6.2272

■ 90.4221, 5.1271,  
-6.2272

■ 81.7307, 15.2250,  
-18.0028

99.4608, -4.7624,  
4.8069

■ 73.4400, 25.5521,  
-30.6785

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 65.6290, 36.0802,  
-44.3978

■ 58.3983, 46.6971,  
-59.2501

■ 51.8772, 57.1232,  
-75.1599

■ 46.2241, 66.7966,  
-91.6975

■ 41.6125, 74.7834,  
-107.8476

■ 38.1849, 79.9018,  
-121.9702

■ 35.9733, 81.6753,  
-132.3327

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.4240, -1.8915, -9.9156



90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272



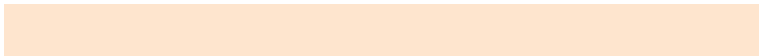
90.4240, 9.5600, 0.3464

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.4240, 5.1247, -6.2247



90.4240, -0.0922, 17.2217



90.4240, -18.8176, 2.1004

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272



97.7996, -14.7316, 15.5060

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.4240, -18.3721, 9.2704



90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272



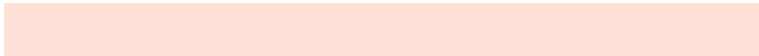
90.4240, -7.7308, 17.6059

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.4240, 5.1247, -6.2247



90.4240, 6.4796, 13.7114



90.4240, -14.3712, 14.8087



90.4240, -15.6090, -4.8491



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272



90.4240, 10.3701, 5.2718



90.4240, -14.3712, 14.8087



90.4240, -19.0873, 4.5708

# Sweetspot

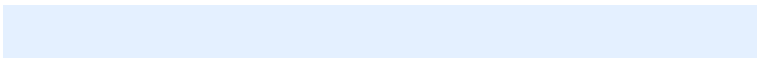
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4240, 5.1247, -6.2247



97.2505, -2.3937, 2.2046



92.8037, -6.1254, -3.3646



44.6547, -0.7423, 0.6163

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4240, 5.1247, -6.2247



88.2920, 7.5425, -8.9940



91.5878, 8.9259, -3.9179



42.2792, 1.8717, -2.3124



26.1760, 59.2393, -94.8052



8.5554, 18.9448, -27.7529



# Inverse Universe

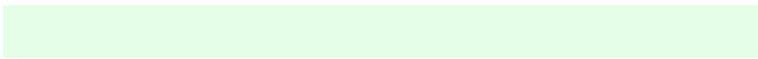
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.1271, 6.4651, 2.6267



89.1701, 9.1939, 2.0457



96.7946, -18.2670, 13.7587



42.5691, 2.4275, 1.3392



34.2998, 60.6518, 7.3396

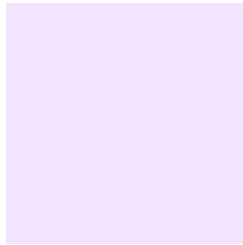


10.8031, 19.2917, 0.8492



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

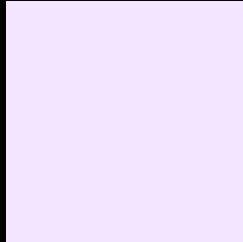
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

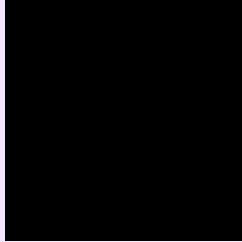
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

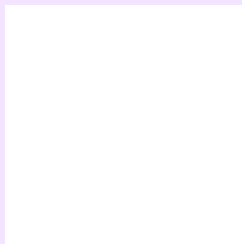
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272.



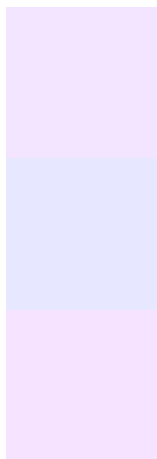
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272.

-6.2272.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272

### Protanopia

90.5109, -0.8958, -6.2170

### Deuteranopia

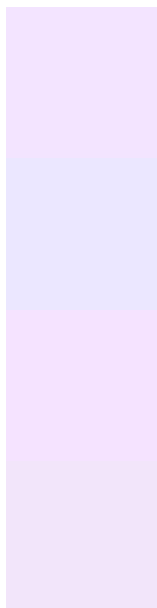
90.4163, 6.6670, -6.2077



## Tritanopia

90.3500, 2.7562, -2.0235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272

## Protanomaly

90.5726, 0.9093, -6.1051

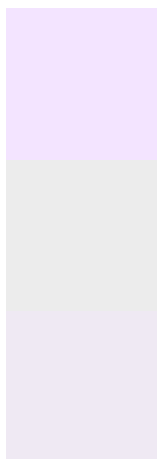
## Deuteranomaly

90.3165, 6.3324, -6.3436

## Tritanomaly

90.4533, 3.3130, -3.4880

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272

## Achromatopsia

91.5860, -4.8868, 4.9760

## Achromatomaly

91.1590, -1.0907, 1.0024

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 228, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 228,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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