

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.5637, -39.8952,
-6.8310)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.5637, -39.8952,
-6.8310) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(90.5490,
-39.9522, -6.8512)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6DFFFF
RGB	109, 255, 255
RGB Percent	43%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.5725, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 71%
HSV	180°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	60.1167, 81.9912, 107.2652
YIQ	211.3460, -87.0160, -30.9520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

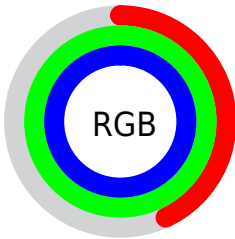
Format	Color
RYB	109, 182, 255
Decimal	7208959
CIELab	92.57, -38.78, -11.81
CIELCh	93, 40.540, 196.941
Yxy	81.9917, 0.2411, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285399039 (0xFF6DFFFF)
YUV	211.3460, 21.5214, -89.7574
Hunter-Lab	90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512

Details

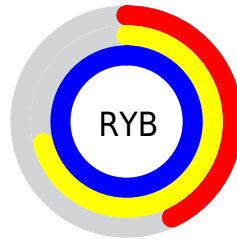
The HunterLab color **90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **57.7089, 52.0261, 21.6042**, and the grayscale version is **80.7968, -4.3111, 4.3898**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.6078, -28.3412, -2.7388**, and **66.8101, -34.8469, -6.8544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.7787, -42.9446, -7.9097**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.5697, -36.0303, -5.4630**.

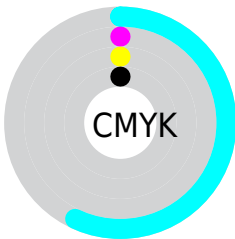
Distribution



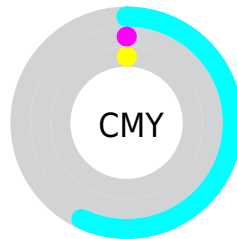
- Red (43%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90.5490, -39.9522,
-6.8512


 90.5490, -39.9522,
-6.8512


223.9687,
-61.3084, -3.2974

 78.3318, -37.3543,
-7.0307


 116.6886,
-44.9535, -6.3443

 66.7193, -34.6739,
-7.1569


 130.5637,
-47.3803, -6.0238

 55.7453, -31.8891,
-7.2247


 144.9489,
-49.7683, -5.6619

 45.4491, -28.9714,
-7.2289

159.8267,
-52.1236, -5.2606

 35.8789, -25.8798,
-7.1632

175.1814,
-54.4514, -4.8220

 27.0945, -22.5526,
-7.0203

190.9986,

 19.1738, -18.8911,

-56.7558, -4.3476

-6.7935

207.2650,
-59.0405, -3.8389

■ 12.2238, -15.9001,
-6.4818

■ 5.3352, -9.3366,
-9.0026

■ 90.5490, -39.9522,
-6.8512

■ 90.5490, -39.9522,
-6.8512

■ 89.7787, -42.9446,
-7.9097

■ 91.5697, -36.0303,
-5.4630

■ 89.2411, -45.0502,
-8.6542

■ 92.8517, -31.1724,
-3.7423

■ 88.9130, -46.3422,
-9.1109

■ 94.4021, -25.3939,
-1.6936

■ 88.7610, -46.9426,
-9.3231

■ 96.2237, -18.7330,
0.6703

■ 88.7356, -47.0433,
-9.3587

■ 98.3157, -11.2452,
3.3310

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5493, -40.5390, 13.0975



90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



90.5493, -30.5148, -27.4435

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.5493, -39.9512, -6.8508



90.5493, 26.2201, -25.0250



90.5493, 4.3628, 34.6697

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



57.7089, 52.0261, 21.6042

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.5493, 24.0666, 28.5191



90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



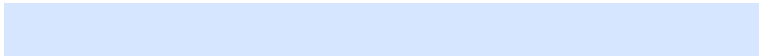
90.5493, 37.4304, -4.0797

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.5493, -39.9512, -6.8508



90.5493, 7.0933, -39.4493



90.5493, 36.6085, 15.3118



90.5493, -16.1786, 34.2531

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



90.5493, -19.9496, -37.4421



90.5493, 36.6085, 15.3118



90.5493, 11.3382, 33.3729

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.5493, -39.9512, -6.8508



96.2731, -18.5543, 0.7338



87.1068, -60.5744, 42.7652



44.3603, -9.2367, 0.1077

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.5493, -39.9512, -6.8508



89.6685, -43.3751, -8.0619



66.2790, -5.3364, -43.8841



45.2565, -6.0147, 1.2523



64.1431, -34.0056, -6.7650



20.0150, -10.6110, -2.1109

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7845, 74.2422, -49.3549



58.3774, 87.6904, -58.5797



74.7139, 14.3401, 34.8065



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



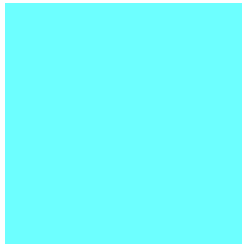
38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

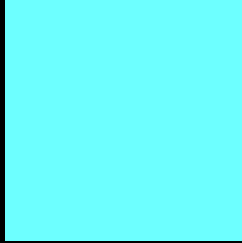
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

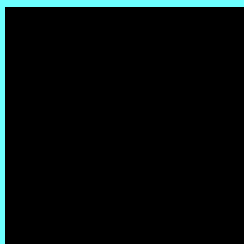
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

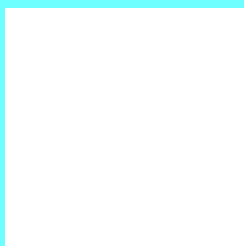
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512.



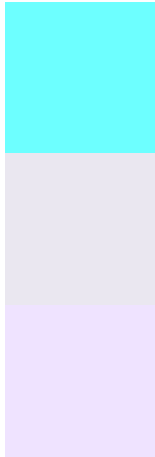
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5490,

-39.9522, -6.8512.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512

Protanopia

89.9642, -2.2079, 1.0668

Deuteranopia

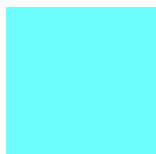
89.7267, 4.3476, -7.1500



Tritanopia

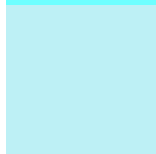
90.0805, -20.6027, -7.1233

Trichromacy



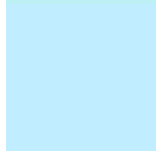
Original Color

90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



Protanomaly

89.2925, -19.0717, -2.6724



Deuteranomaly

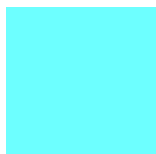
88.8790, -14.8086, -8.6039



Tritanomaly

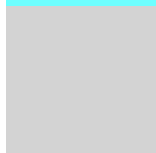
89.8388, -28.4110, -7.5765

Monochromacy



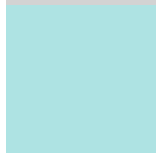
Original Color

90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512



Achromatopsia

80.7097, -4.3065, 4.3851



Achromatomaly

83.3564, -19.9809, -0.6771

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.5490, -39.9522, -6.8512 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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