

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.6671, -7.6120,
-6.1316)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.6671, -7.6120,
-6.1316) contains.

HunterLab(90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(90.5332, -7.2848,
-6.2998)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9ECFF
RGB	217, 236, 255
RGB Percent	85%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.1490, 0.0745, 0.0000
CMYK	0.15, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	210°, 100%, 93%
HSV	210°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	76.6607, 81.9626, 106.3876
YIQ	232.4850, -17.4230, 1.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

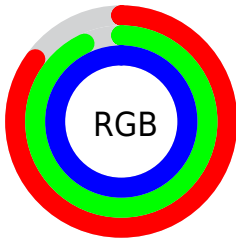
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 230, 255
Decimal	14281983
CIE Lab	92.56, -2.50, -11.29
CIE LCh	93, 11.563, 257.501
Yxy	81.9659, 0.2893, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292472063 (0xFFD9ECFF)
YUV	232.4850, 11.0999, -13.5803
Hunter-Lab	90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Details

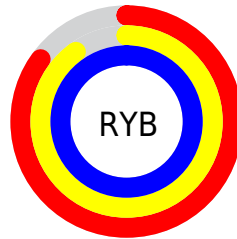
The HunterLab color **90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **92.8759, -1.5539, 15.2946**, and the grayscale version is **90.0031, -4.8023, 4.8900**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.6342, -5.6681, -6.5772** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.4244, -7.9460, -14.5588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.8425, -6.0935, 1.6454**.

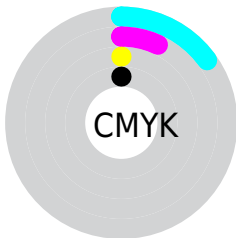
Distribution



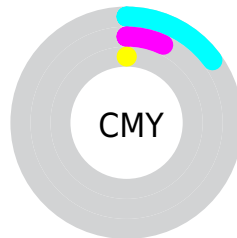
- Red (85%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.5332, -7.2848,
-6.2998

90.5332, -7.2848,
-6.2998

223.9495,
-15.2844, -2.5883

78.3182, -6.5173,
-6.4972

116.6731, -8.9013,
-5.7531

66.7065, -5.7741,
-6.6438

130.5476, -9.7451,
-5.4144

55.7332, -5.0576,
-6.7327

144.9322,
-10.6125, -5.0348

45.4378, -4.3687,
-6.7586

159.8095,
-11.5029, -4.6164

35.8684, -3.7078,
-6.7151

175.1637,
-12.4158, -4.1609

27.0850, -3.0752,
-6.5948

190.9803,

19.1653, -2.4703,

-13.3507, -3.6702

-6.3900

207.2463,
-14.3070, -3.1455

■ 12.2165, -1.8909,
-6.0975

■ 5.3234, -2.3327,
-8.5698

■ 90.5332, -7.2848,
-6.2998

■ 90.5332, -7.2848,
-6.2998

■ 84.4244, -7.9460,
-14.5588

■ 96.8425, -6.0935,
1.6454

■ 78.5320, -7.9879,
-23.1756

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 72.8828, -7.3167,
-32.1813

■ 67.5051, -5.8255,
-41.6001

■ 62.4307, -3.4021,
-51.4384

■ 57.6938, 0.0597,
-61.6736

■ 53.3278, 4.6375,
-72.2436

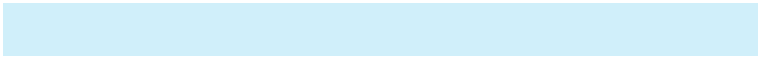
■ 49.3587, 10.3411,
-83.0478

■ 47.4709, 13.5910,
-88.6735

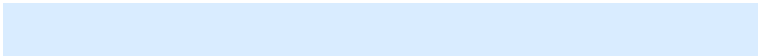
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5350, -12.4003, -3.4272



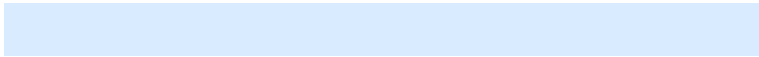
90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998



90.5350, -1.3859, -6.0228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.5350, -7.2867, -6.2975



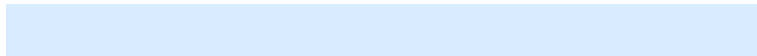
90.5350, 6.2818, 8.1252



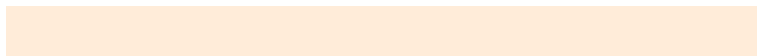
90.5350, -13.0787, 11.9445

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998



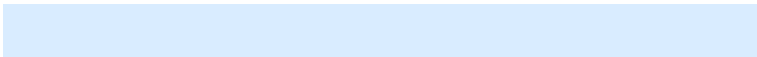
92.8759, -1.5539, 15.2946

Split Complementary

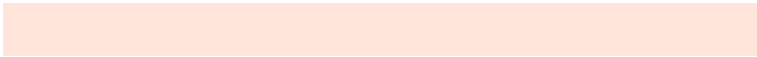
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.5350, -8.2343, 14.6617



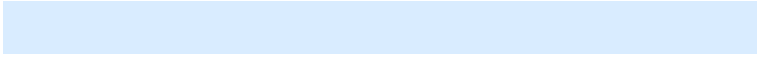
90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998



90.5350, 2.9860, 12.5559

Square

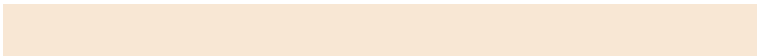
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.5350, -7.2867, -6.2975



90.5350, 6.5514, 2.5524



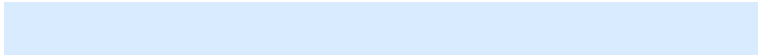
90.5350, -2.3581, 14.8780



90.5350, -15.6862, 7.2411

Rectangle

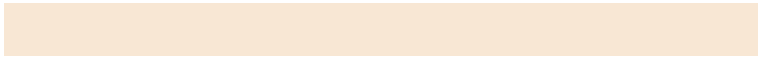
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998



90.5350, 2.2010, -4.0932



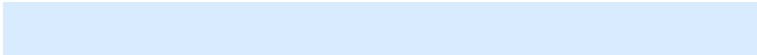
90.5350, -2.3581, 14.8780



90.5350, -11.6636, 13.1070

Sweetspot

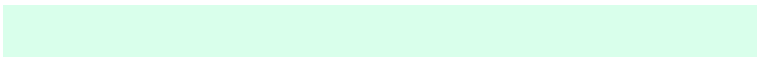
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.5350, -7.2867, -6.2975



97.4198, -5.9623, 2.3467



96.0685, -20.5450, 10.1577



44.8478, -2.8092, 0.8149

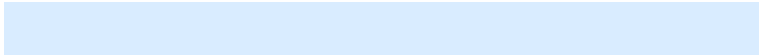
0.0000, NaN, NaN



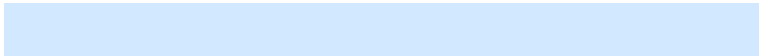
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.5350, -7.2867, -6.2975



88.6193, -7.5518, -8.8219



84.8093, 2.3724, -13.8394



43.4497, -3.1017, -0.9132



34.7470, 8.9651, -62.7839



11.8067, 0.9827, -16.8786

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.7174, 11.7210, 0.6147



85.2873, 15.3311, -0.2789



98.6846, -11.1312, 21.1730



42.5895, 2.5369, 1.0488



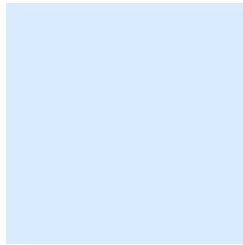
34.5641, 61.6165, 3.5412



10.8870, 19.5962, -0.3444

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

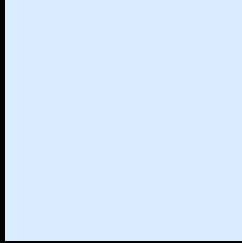
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

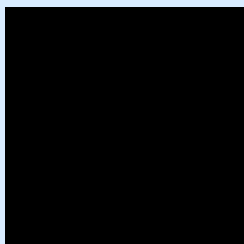
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

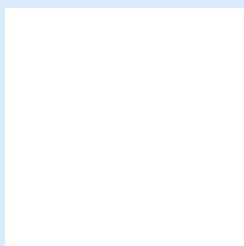
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998.

-6.2998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Protanopia

90.4971, -1.1548, -4.5935

Deuteranopia

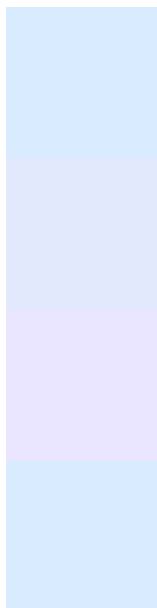
90.2171, 5.9989, -6.4791



Tritanopia

90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Protanomaly

90.3884, -3.0639, -5.3129

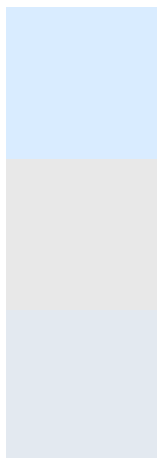
Deuteranomaly

90.1699, 1.1218, -6.6262

Tritanomaly

90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998

Achromatopsia

89.8305, -4.7931, 4.8807

Achromatomaly

89.9444, -5.4934, 0.9852

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 236, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 236, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 236, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 236, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 236, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 236, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 236, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 236, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 236, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 236,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.5332, -7.2848, -6.2998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 236, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
236, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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