

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.6989, 3.7430,
-5.8915)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.6989, 3.7430, -5.8915)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(90.5314, 3.9288,
-6.1058)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1E5FF
RGB	241, 229, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.0549, 0.1019, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	268°, 100%, 95%
HSV	268°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	82.3449, 81.9593, 106.0874
YIQ	235.5520, -1.1940, 10.6300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

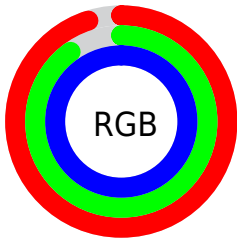
Format	Color
R _Y B	241, 229, 255
Decimal	15853055
CIE Lab	92.56, 8.73, -11.10
CIE LCh	93, 14.127, 308.185
Yxy	81.9627, 0.3045, 0.3031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294043135 (0xFFFF1E5FF)
YUV	235.5520, 9.5879, 4.7779
Hunter-Lab	90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058

Details

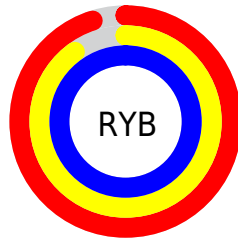
The HunterLab color $90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $98.0983, -13.6086, 15.4041$, and the grayscale version is $91.3503, -4.8742, 4.9632$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $66.8308, 4.1368, -6.1445$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.5756, 13.2346, -18.2636$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.8170, -5.1614, 5.2207$.

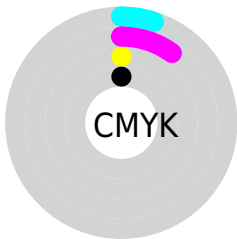
Distribution



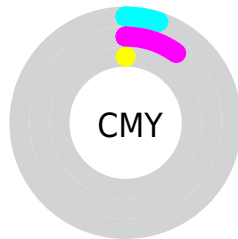
- Red (95%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.5314, 3.9288,
-6.1058

90.5314, 3.9288,
-6.1058

223.9471, -0.2107,
-2.3392

78.3166, 4.1814,
-6.3102

116.6712, 3.2760,
-5.5456

66.7049, 4.3842,
-6.4640

130.5456, 2.8866,
-5.2006

55.7317, 4.5298,
-6.5605

144.9302, 2.4579,
-4.8147

45.4364, 4.6119,
-6.5941

159.8074, 1.9919,
-4.3902

35.8672, 4.6220,
-6.5585

175.1615, 1.4905,
-3.9288

27.0838, 4.5488,
-6.4462

190.9781, 0.9554,

19.1642, 4.3761,

-3.4322

-6.2493

207.2440, 0.3879,
-2.9019

■ 12.2156, 4.0791,
-5.9640

■ 5.3220, 6.8666,
-8.4156

■ 90.5314, 3.9288,
-6.1058

■ 90.5314, 3.9288,
-6.1058

■ 81.5756, 13.2346,
-18.2636

99.8170, -5.1614,
5.2207

■ 72.9998, 22.7983,
-31.4586

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 64.8796, 32.6297,
-45.9072

■ 57.3137, 42.6785,
-61.8064

■ 50.4335, 52.7533,
-79.2213

■ 44.4082, 62.3900,
-97.8557

■ 39.4379, 70.6963,
-116.6920

■ 35.7108, 76.3678,
-133.7339

■ 33.2406, 78.6453,
-146.8890

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5333, -2.8462, -9.1742



90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058



90.5333, 8.4456, -0.1290

Triad

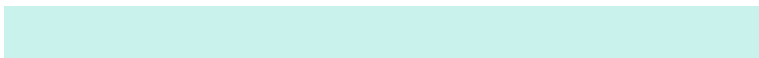
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.5333, 3.9265, -6.1034



90.5333, 0.3924, 16.3734



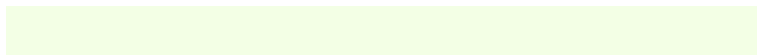
90.5333, -18.1982, 3.0234

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058



98.0983, -13.6086, 15.4041

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.5333, -17.3925, 9.7091



90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058



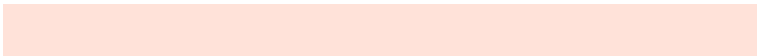
90.5333, -6.8077, 17.0729

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.5333, 3.9265, -6.1034



90.5333, 6.3610, 12.7335



90.5333, -13.2764, 14.7251



90.5333, -15.5130, -3.6411

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058



90.5333, 9.4932, 4.5079



90.5333, -13.2764, 14.7251



90.5333, -18.3250, 5.3460

Sweetspot

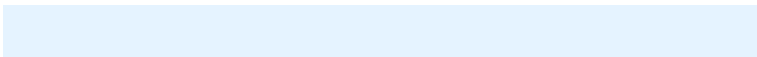
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.5333, 3.9265, -6.1034



97.1817, -2.6312, 2.1172



93.8942, -7.4648, -2.0140



44.6143, -0.8816, 0.5646

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.5333, 3.9265, -6.1034



88.8899, 5.5901, -8.2324



91.8019, 8.1874, -4.3909



42.1764, 1.5236, -2.4511



24.2077, 57.0402, -105.1612



7.9668, 18.2540, -30.5921

Inverse Universe

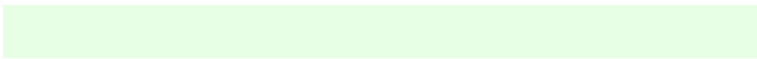
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.5275, 6.4527, 1.5819



90.0723, 8.5668, 0.9360



96.9799, -17.6182, 14.1280



42.6036, 2.6129, 0.8474



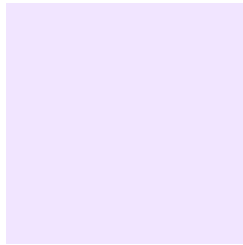
34.7676, 62.3564, 0.6379



10.9500, 19.8244, -1.2355

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

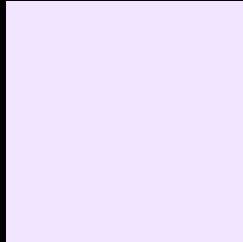
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

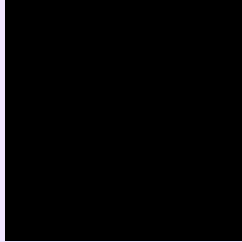
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058.



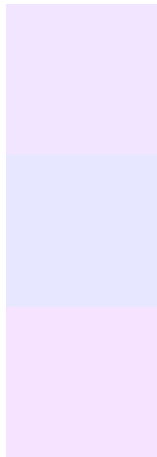
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058.

-6.1058.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058

Protanopia

90.5109, -0.8958, -6.2170

Deuteranopia

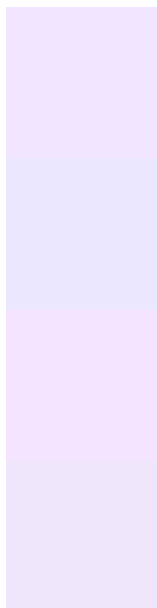
90.4163, 6.6670, -6.2077



Tritanopia

90.4965, 1.7454, -2.3890

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058

Protanomaly

90.5726, 0.9093, -6.1051

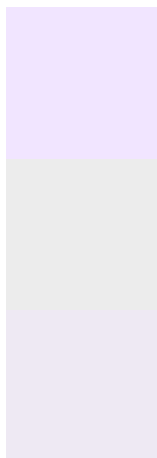
Deuteranomaly

90.5207, 5.4591, -6.0930

Tritanomaly

90.6002, 2.3054, -3.8585

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058

Achromatopsia

91.5860, -4.8868, 4.9760

Achromatomaly

91.0637, -1.4183, 0.8803

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 229, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 229, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 229, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 229, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 229, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 229, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 229, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 229, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 229, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 229,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.5314, 3.9288, -6.1058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 229, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
229, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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