

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.7745, -7.0621,
6.1225)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.7745, -7.0621, 6.1225)
contains.

HunterLab(90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452) 3
 Conversions 4
 Details 6
 Harmonies 12
 Previews 24
 Color Blindness Simulation 28
 CSS Examples 31

Color

**HunterLab(90.6817, -6.6741,
5.8452)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	E7EBE8
RGB	231, 235, 232
RGB Percent	91%, 92%, 91%
CMY	0.0941, 0.0784, 0.0902
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.08
HSL	135°, 9%, 91%
HSV	135°, 2%, 92%
XYZ	77.2287, 82.2317, 88.1458
YIQ	233.4620, -1.4210, -1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

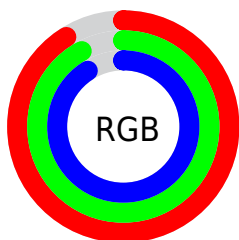
Format	Color
RYB	231, 234, 235
Decimal	15199208
CIELab	92.68, -1.87, 0.98
CIELCh	93, 2.107, 152.396
Yxy	82.2352, 0.3119, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293389288 (0xFFE7EBE8)
YUV	233.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592
Hunter-Lab	90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452

Details

The HunterLab color **90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **89.8646, -2.9437, 3.9623**, and the grayscale version is **90.4767, -4.8276, 4.9158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.6999, -5.3006, 4.4961** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.1087, -16.9001, 11.0187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.5224, 4.2276, 0.5566**.

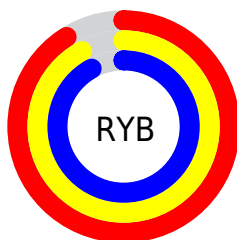
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (92%)

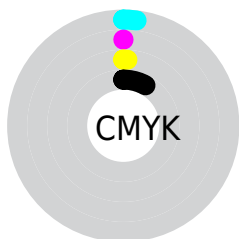
Blue (91%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (92%)

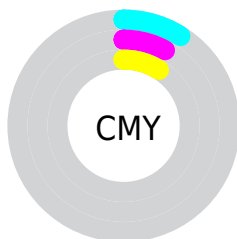


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (9%)


Magenta (8%)


Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90.6817, -6.6741,
5.8452

 90.6817, -6.6741,
5.8452


224.1504,
-14.4545, 13.4351

 78.4598, -5.9362,
5.1379


116.8349, -8.2357,
7.3511

 66.8407, -5.2240,
4.4598


130.7155, -9.0537,
8.1448

 55.8596, -4.5405,
3.8137


145.1061, -9.8962,
8.9649

 45.5559, -3.8867,
3.2013

159.9891,
-10.7625, 9.8106

 35.9776, -3.2637,
2.6244

175.3489,
-11.6520, 10.6811

 27.1844, -2.6725,
2.0852


191.1709,


 19.2539, -2.1138,


-12.5642, 11.5758


1.5861


207.4421,
-13.4986, 12.4939

 12.2928, -1.5876,
1.1301


 5.4455, -1.7852,
1.0397

 90.6817, -6.6741,
5.8452


 90.6817, -6.6741,
5.8452


 88.1087, -16.9001,
11.0187

 93.5224, 4.2276,
0.5566

 85.8077, -26.3362,
16.0212

 93.7549, 5.3759,
-1.9639

 83.7879, -34.8794,
20.7986

 82.0539, -42.4339,
25.2930

■ 80.6057, -48.9218,
29.4478

■ 79.4389, -54.2915,
33.2110

■ 78.5435, -58.5255,
36.5387

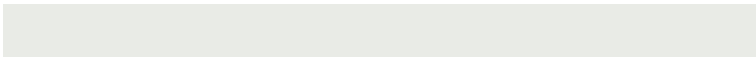
■ 77.9025, -61.6488,
39.3975

■ 77.4911, -63.7362,
41.7666

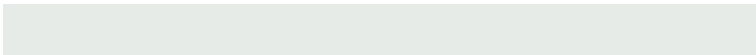
Harmonies

Analogous

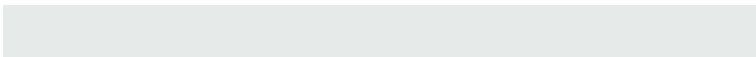
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.6836, -5.9533, 6.5882



90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452



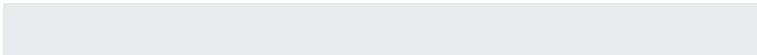
90.6836, -6.9087, 4.8536

Triad

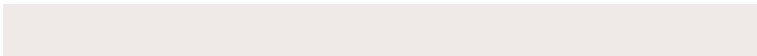
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.6836, -6.6762, 5.8466



90.6836, -4.7567, 2.9404



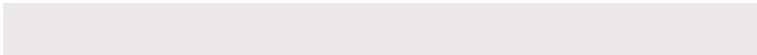
90.6836, -3.0836, 5.9880

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



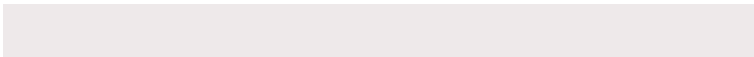
90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452



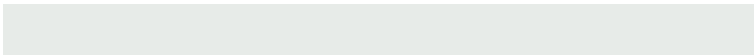
89.8646, -2.9437, 3.9623

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6836, -2.7596, 5.0187



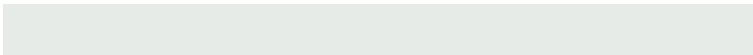
90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452



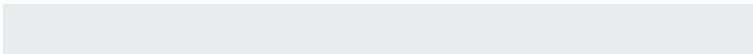
90.6836, -3.7284, 3.2525

Square

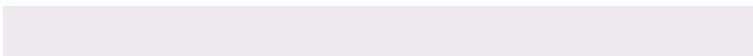
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



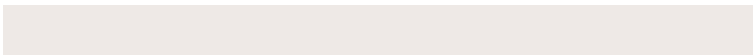
90.6836, -6.6762, 5.8466



90.6836, -5.8036, 3.1683



90.6836, -2.9962, 4.0161



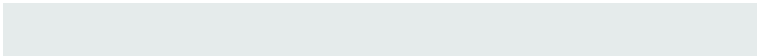
90.6836, -3.8794, 6.6691

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



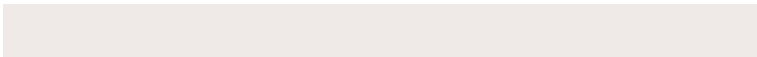
90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452



90.6836, -6.7553, 4.1804



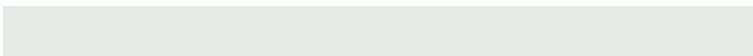
90.6836, -2.9962, 4.0161



90.6836, -2.9158, 5.6855

Sweetspot

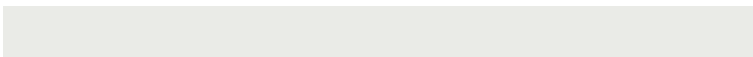
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.6836, -6.6762, 5.8466



99.6980, -6.5107, 6.0120



90.9362, -5.8563, 6.6395



46.1318, -2.9853, 2.7682

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

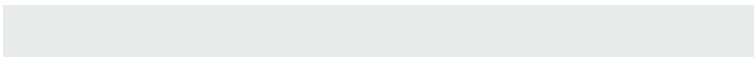
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.6836, -6.6762, 5.8466



99.3990, -7.6783, 6.5896



90.7446, -6.3410, 4.9763



42.0531, -3.1906, 2.7588



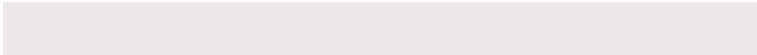
57.6709, -48.2690, 32.1154



16.2070, -13.2358, 8.3149

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.8646, -2.9437, 3.9623



98.3399, -2.8516, 4.1529



89.8030, -3.2800, 4.8408



41.6309, -1.2667, 1.7876



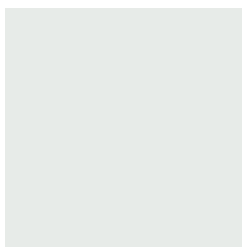
34.0622, 63.5361, -18.3271



9.6242, 18.0858, -6.2151

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

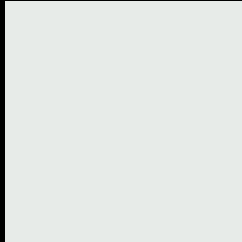
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

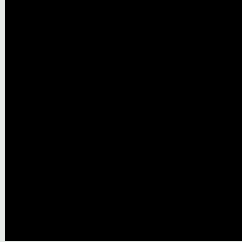
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

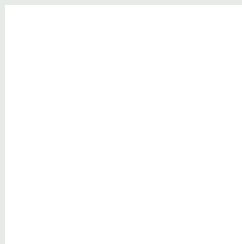
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452.

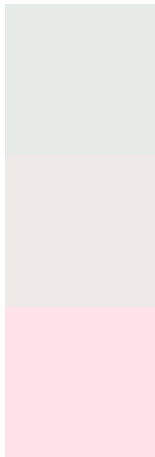


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.6817, -6.6741,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452

Protanopia

90.7734, -3.1917, 6.4981

Deuteranopia

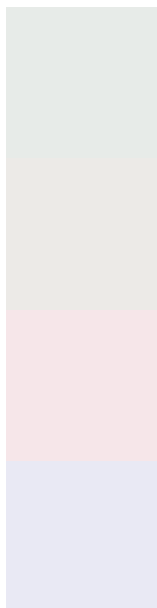
90.6304, 5.9721, 5.0268



Tritanopia

90.6480, -0.7062, -3.8502

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452

Protanomaly

90.8009, -4.7037, 6.5036

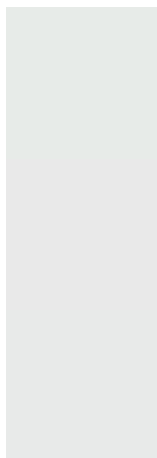
Deuteranomaly

90.5923, 1.0845, 5.3879

Tritanomaly

90.6273, -2.8566, -0.1990

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452

Achromatopsia

90.2689, -4.8165, 4.9045

Achromatomaly

90.4901, -5.6604, 5.1499

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(231, 235, 232) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 235, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 235, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 235, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 235, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 235, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 235, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 235, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 235, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 235,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.6817, -6.6741, 5.8452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 235, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
235, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

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