

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.7943, -15.1319,
-10.5878)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.7943, -15.1319,
-10.5878) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(90.5879,
-17.0607, -6.3998)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | C1F2FF |
| RGB | 193, 242, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 76%, 95%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.2431, 0.0510, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.24, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 193°, 100%, 88% |
| HSV | 193°, 24%, 100% |
| XYZ | 71.7944, 82.0617, 106.6632 |
| YIQ | 228.8310, -33.3770, -6.3450 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

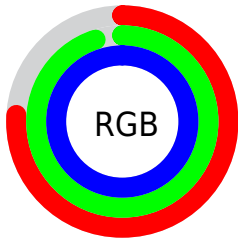
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 193, 220, 255 |
| Decimal | 12710655 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 92.60, -12.75, -11.38 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 93, 17.096, 221.751 |
| Yxy | 82.0649, 0.2756, 0.3150 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290900735 (0xFFC1F2FF) |
| YUV | 228.8310, 12.9013, -31.4238 |
| Hunter-Lab | 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 |

Details

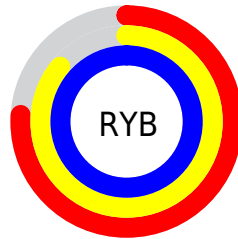
The HunterLab color **90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **83.2179, 10.8162, 15.5212**, and the grayscale version is **88.4013, -4.7169, 4.8030**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.5309, -6.9714, 4.8511**, and **66.7820, -14.6758, -6.5386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.0987, -20.6903, -11.0940**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.3073, -12.7059, -1.5895**.

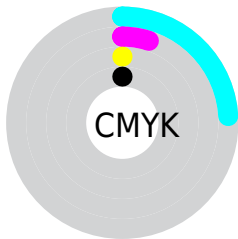
Distribution



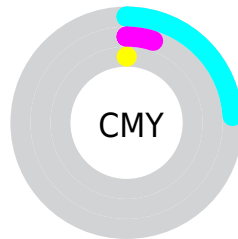
- Red (76%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.5879, -17.0607,
-6.3998

90.5879, -17.0607,
-6.3998

224.0234,
-28.7023, -2.7155

78.3703, -15.8008,
-6.5939

116.7326,
-19.5936, -5.8597

66.7558, -14.5381,
-6.7369

130.6094,
-20.8676, -5.5242

55.7797, -13.2698,
-6.8222

144.9962,
-22.1492, -5.1477

45.4812, -11.9896,
-6.8444

159.8756,
-23.4396, -4.7322

35.9086, -10.6883,
-6.7971

175.2318,
-24.7394, -4.2797

27.1215, -9.3516,
-6.6730

191.0504,

19.1979, -7.9559,

-26.0495, -3.7918

-6.4644

207.3183,
-27.3703, -3.2699

■ 12.2445, -6.4573,
-6.1687

■ 5.3686, -9.3951,
-8.5798

■ 90.5879, -17.0607,
-6.3998

■ 90.5879, -17.0607,
-6.3998

■ 87.0987, -20.6903,
-11.0940

■ 94.3073, -12.7059,
-1.5895

■ 83.8446, -23.5265,
-15.6484

■ 98.2404, -7.6877,
3.3030

■ 80.8354, -25.5153,
-20.0278

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 78.0763, -26.6156,
-24.1995

■ 75.5674, -26.8091,
-28.1341

■ 73.3020, -26.1113,
-31.8118

■ 71.2627, -24.5868,
-35.2316

■ 70.1782, -23.4493,
-37.0964

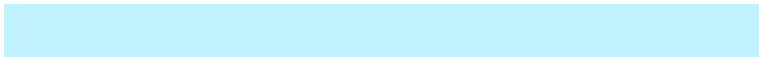
Harmonies

Analogous

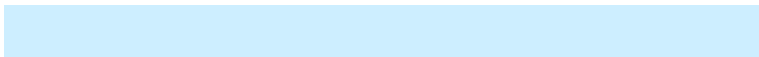
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.5897, -20.7425, 1.6076



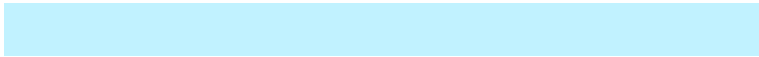
90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998



90.5897, -10.0516, -11.6395

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.5897, -17.0623, -6.3975



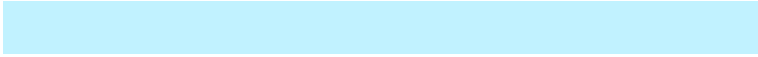
90.5897, 11.7151, -0.2300



90.5897, -8.2426, 19.2540

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998



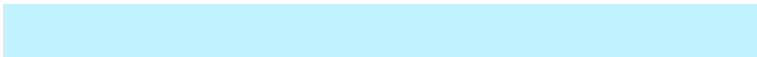
83.2179, 10.8162, 15.5212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.5897, 0.4952, 18.8632



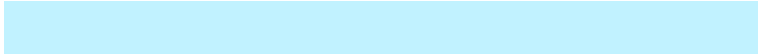
90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998



90.5897, 12.2445, 8.1332

Square

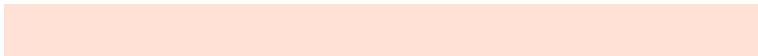
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.5897, -17.0623, -6.3975



90.5897, 6.6497, -7.8523



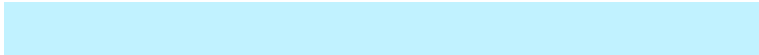
90.5897, 8.0699, 14.9626



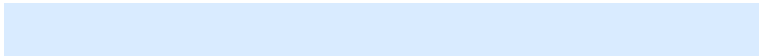
90.5897, -15.7813, 16.0863

Rectangle

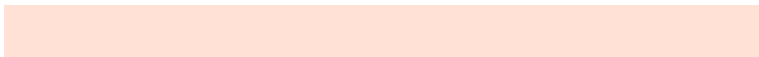
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



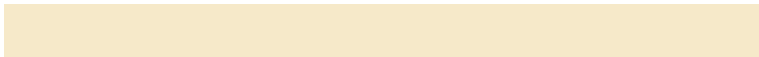
90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998



90.5897, -4.3233, -12.5860



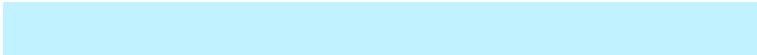
90.5897, 8.0699, 14.9626



90.5897, -5.3525, 19.5257

Sweetspot

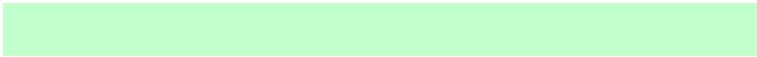
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.5897, -17.0623, -6.3975



97.1629, -9.0975, 1.9812



93.4265, -32.0071, 20.1929



44.8410, -4.3526, 0.7796

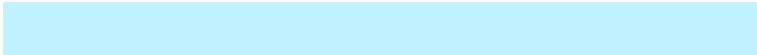
0.0000, NaN, NaN



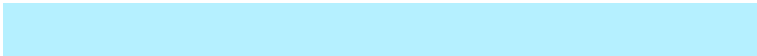
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.5897, -17.0623, -6.3975



88.9244, -18.8576, -8.6146



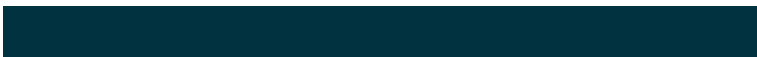
80.8988, -1.4908, -19.5139



44.4937, -4.7984, 0.3487



50.9489, -17.2540, -26.4353



16.3762, -6.0349, -7.4412

Inverse Universe

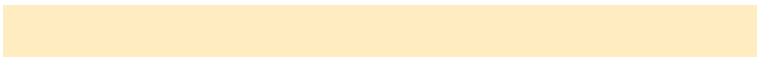
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.1248, 25.9999, -10.9534



77.8393, 32.1649, -13.9688



92.3755, -5.1830, 24.4476



42.6981, 3.1193, -0.4962



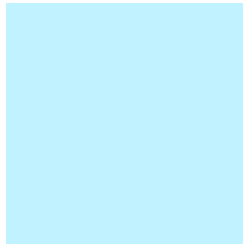
36.5355, 68.6980, -23.9089



11.4685, 21.6774, -8.3815

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

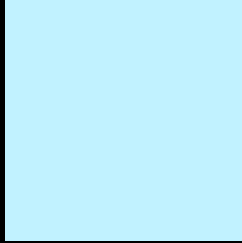
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998.



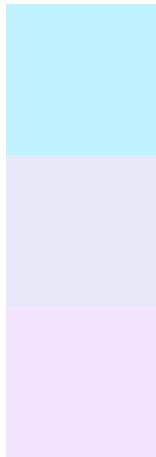
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.5879,

-17.0607,-6.3998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998

Protanopia

90.4856, -1.4030, -2.9923

Deuteranopia

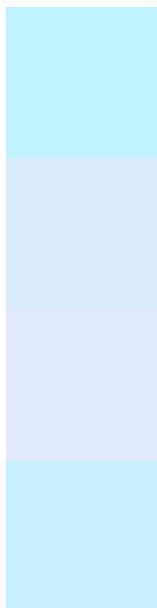
90.4221, 5.1271, -6.2272



Tritanopia

90.6844, -13.3564, -6.2096

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998

Protanomaly

90.4773, -7.7628, -4.1916

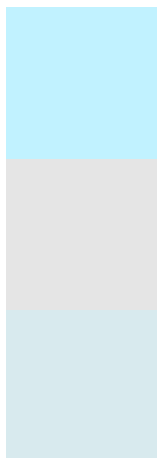
Deuteranomaly

90.2803, -3.2959, -6.5593

Tritanomaly

90.7043, -14.9583, -6.2118

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998

Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

Achromatomaly

89.2287, -9.7666, 1.0629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(193, 242, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(193, 242, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(193, 242, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(193, 242, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(193, 242, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(193, 242, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(193, 242, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(193, 242, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 242, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(193, 242,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.5879, -17.0607, -6.3998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(193, 242, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(193,  
242, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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