

Converting Colors

HunterLab(90.8222, -0.5828,
18.6601)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(90.8222, -0.5828,
18.6601) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(90.6715, -0.3255,
18.5106)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE6CC
RGB	255, 230, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0980, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	31°, 100%, 90%
HSV	31°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	80.4358, 82.2132, 68.7560
YIQ	234.5110, 23.2460, -2.7860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

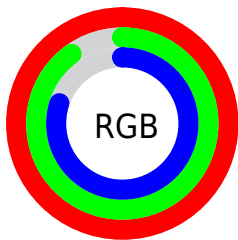
Format	Color
R _Y B	253, 255, 204
Decimal	16770764
CIE Lab	92.67, 4.54, 15.78
CIE LCh	93, 16.416, 73.953
Yxy	82.2168, 0.3476, 0.3553
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960844 (0xFFFFE6CC)
YUV	234.5110, -15.0419, 17.9689
Hunter-Lab	90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106

Details

The HunterLab color **90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **87.2317, -7.4307, -10.6817**, and the grayscale version is **90.9902, -4.8550, 4.9437**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.9834, 0.3617, 15.7411** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.2456, 2.7859, 24.0558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.2626, -3.0261, 12.2819**.

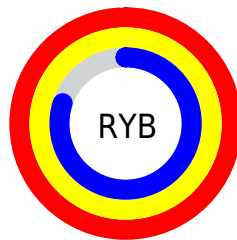
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

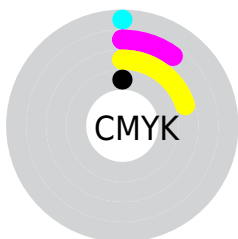
Blue (80%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (80%)

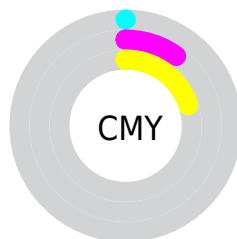


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)










Magenta (10%)

Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106	 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106
224.1367, -5.8940, 31.2864	 78.4501, 0.1158, 17.0936
116.8238, -1.3347, 21.3315	 66.8315, 0.5173, 15.6635
130.7040, -1.8920, 22.7397	 55.8509, 0.8722, 14.2144
145.0942, -2.4830, 24.1501	 45.5479, 1.1761, 12.7368
159.9768, -3.1061, 25.5645	 35.9701, 1.4233, 11.2162
175.3362, -3.7599, 26.9842	 27.1776, 1.6057, 9.6310
191.1579, -4.4432,	 19.2478, 1.7123,

28.4105

7.9457

207.4287, -5.1549,
29.8443

■ 12.2875, 1.7256,
6.5538

■ 5.4372, 3.3463,
3.8061

■ 90.6715, -0.3255,
18.5106

■ 90.6715, -0.3255,
18.5106

■ 86.2456, 2.7859,
24.0558

■ 95.2626, -3.0261,
12.2819

■ 81.9928, 6.3439,
28.8417

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 77.9301, 10.3673,
32.7948

■ 74.0734, 14.8687,
35.8421

■ 70.4394, 19.8470,
37.9194

■ 67.0441, 25.2793,
38.9849

■ 63.9023, 31.1119,
39.0411

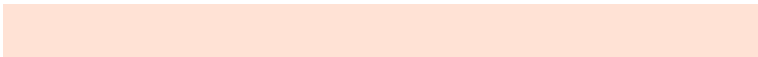
■ 61.0186, 37.2212,
38.2509

■ 61.0184, 37.2216,
38.2509

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.6735, 7.0971, 14.9781



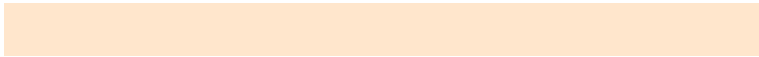
90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106



90.6735, -8.7100, 18.6338

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.6735, -0.3285, 18.5118



90.6735, -20.0119, 1.1468



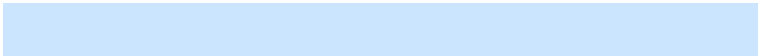
90.6735, 6.6581, -6.8542

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106



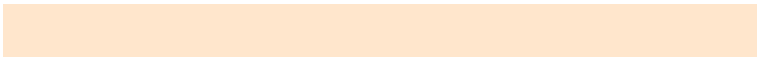
87.2317, -7.4307, -10.6817

Split Complementary

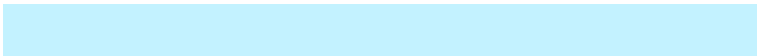
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6735, -0.9101, -11.3019



90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106



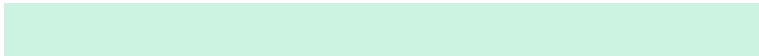
90.6735, -16.1955, -6.4057

Square

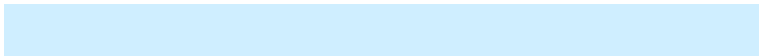
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.6735, -0.3285, 18.5118



90.6735, -19.8690, 9.0866



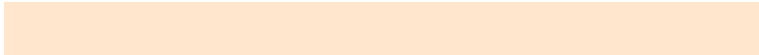
90.6735, -9.2708, -11.1307



90.6735, 11.2302, 0.5786

Rectangle

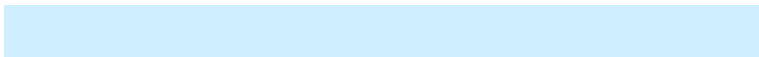
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106



90.6735, -13.7006, 16.7931



90.6735, -9.2708, -11.1307



90.6735, 4.3683, -8.7770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.6735, -0.3285, 18.5118



97.1402, -3.9948, 9.6134



83.7447, 17.6691, -0.8296



44.7989, -1.7769, 4.6523

0.0000, NaN, NaN



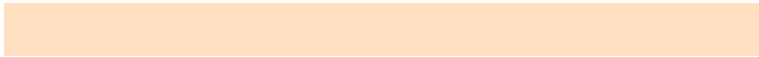
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.6735, -0.3285, 18.5118



88.8819, 0.8659, 20.8160



98.5595, -13.2857, 26.1332



44.1797, -1.4570, 5.5319



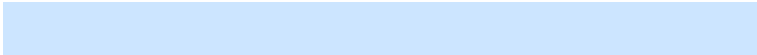
44.4462, 26.1223, 27.8449



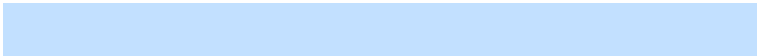
14.6361, 6.4424, 9.1315

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2317, -7.4307, -10.6817



84.7722, -7.5954, -14.0657



79.5262, 5.7045, -21.4304



43.4139, -3.0430, -0.9570



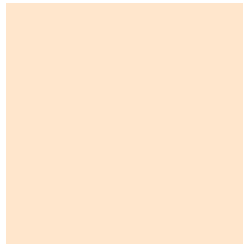
34.2491, 9.9556, -64.2997



11.6621, 1.2442, -17.2626

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

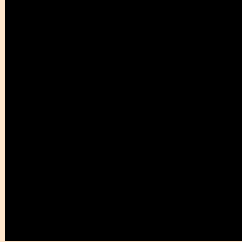
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106.

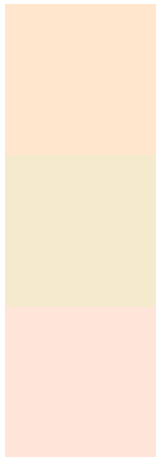


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.6715, -0.3255,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106

Protanopia

90.6347, -5.1208, 17.5607

Deuteranopia

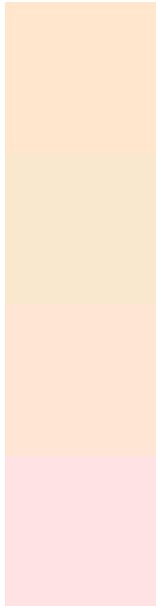
90.7240, 2.1430, 13.0404



Tritanopia

90.5558, 7.7227, 1.4489

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106

Protanomaly

90.6977, -3.3552, 18.0720

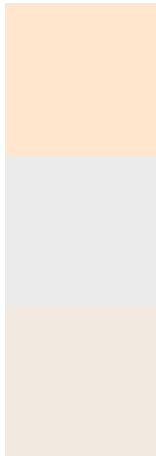
Deuteranomaly

90.5826, 1.3789, 15.0711

Tritanomaly

90.4431, 4.9676, 7.7010

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106

Achromatopsia

91.1466, -4.8634, 4.9522

Achromatomaly

90.8498, -3.3541, 9.8994

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 230, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 230, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 230, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 230, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 230, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 230, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 230, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 230, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.6715, -0.3255, 18.5106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 230, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
230, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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