

Converting Colors

HunterLab(91.0593, 8.7940,
-5.9477)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(91.0593, 8.7940, -5.9477)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(91.0240, 8.6970,
-5.3836)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCE3FF
RGB	252, 227, 255
RGB Percent	99%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.0118, 0.1098, 0.0000
CMYK	0.01, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	294°, 100%, 95%
HSV	294°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	85.6640, 82.8537, 106.0853
YIQ	237.6670, 5.9120, 14.0080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

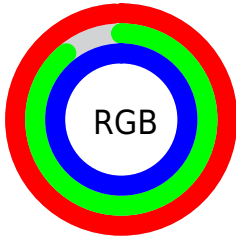
Format	Color
R_{YB}	252, 227, 255
Decimal	16573439
CIE _{Lab}	92.95, 13.36, -10.42
CIE _{LCh}	93, 16.944, 322.031
Yxy	82.8572, 0.3120, 0.3017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294763519 (0xFFFFCE3FF)
YUV	237.6670, 8.5452, 12.5700
Hunter-Lab	91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836

Details

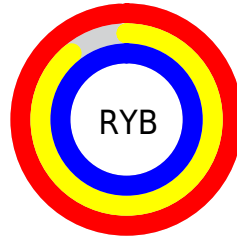
The HunterLab color $91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $96.8969, -18.0324, 14.9214$, and the grayscale version is $92.2827, -4.9240, 5.0139$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $67.2193, 8.3723, -5.5570$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.3181, 21.7675, -15.6025$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.1808, -4.1003, 4.4867$.

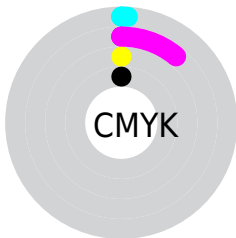
Distribution



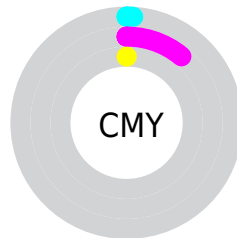
- Red (99%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91.0240, 8.6970,
-5.3836

91.0240, 8.6970,
-5.3836

224.6131, 6.0894,
-1.3994

78.7860, 8.7479,
-5.6159

117.2072, 8.4235,
-4.7700

67.1499, 8.7401,
-5.7988

131.1021, 8.2140,
-4.3995

56.1509, 8.6648,
-5.9254

145.5063, 7.9593,
-3.9890

45.8281, 8.5138,
-5.9904

160.4026, 7.6620,
-3.5404

36.2292, 8.2768,
-5.9874

175.7752, 7.3245,
-3.0557

27.4136, 7.9399,
-5.9086

191.6096, 6.9487,

19.4583, 7.4836,

-2.5363

-5.7452

207.8930, 6.5365,
-1.9838

■ 12.4689, 6.8801,
-5.4908

■ 5.7165, 9.8766,
-7.3002

■ 91.0240, 8.6970,
-5.3836

■ 91.0240, 8.6970,
-5.3836

■ 83.3181, 21.7675,
-15.6025

99.1808, -4.1003,
4.4867

■ 76.1338, 35.0396,
-26.1501

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 69.5653, 48.3283,
-36.9216

■ 63.7206, 61.2907,
-47.6922

■ 58.7171, 73.3711,
-58.0651

■ 54.6675, 83.7985,
-67.4544

■ 51.6523, 91.7088,
-75.1636

■ 49.6803, 96.4403,
-80.6066

■ 48.6448, 98.1475,
-83.6183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.0259, 1.4938, -11.0522



91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836



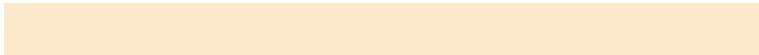
91.0259, 12.2911, 2.7227

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.0259, 8.6944, -5.3811



91.0259, -2.5328, 19.3377



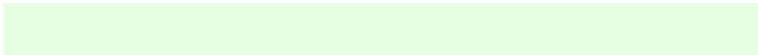
91.0259, -19.8445, -1.2141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836



96.8969, -18.0324, 14.9214

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.0259, -20.8317, 7.1318



91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836



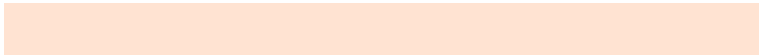
91.0259, -11.0476, 18.4968

Square

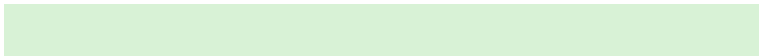
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.0259, 8.6944, -5.3811



91.0259, 5.6522, 16.6202



91.0259, -17.6684, 14.2049



91.0259, -14.9193, -8.4934

Rectangle

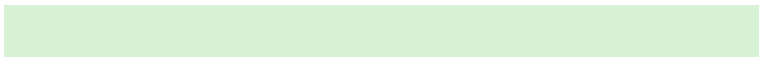
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836



91.0259, 12.0705, 8.2074



91.0259, -17.6684, 14.2049



91.0259, -20.6403, 1.5775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.0259, 8.6944, -5.3811



97.4991, -1.5373, 2.5198



89.6085, -1.2341, -7.4030



44.8011, -0.2394, 0.8031

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.0259, 8.6944, -5.3811



89.4292, 11.3167, -7.4194



90.9667, 7.7585, 0.2652



42.6565, 3.1416, -1.8065



35.2198, 71.0263, -60.2738



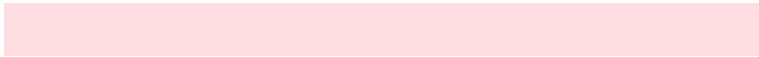
11.1126, 22.3361, -18.4421

Inverse Universe

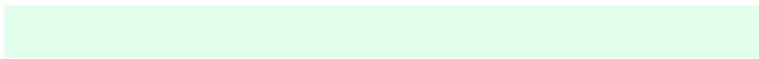
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.5068, 5.2966, 6.8187



88.8150, 7.3004, 7.1102



96.9585, -17.1797, 10.1049



42.4484, 1.7790, 3.0599



33.4082, 57.3689, 20.3753



10.4718, 18.0762, 5.6590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

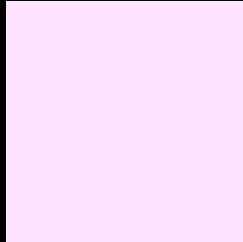
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

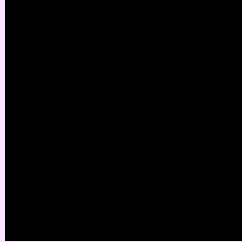
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836.



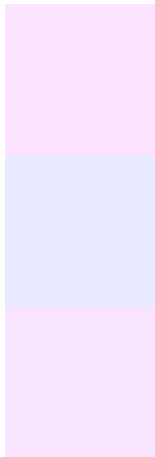
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.0240, 8.6970,

-5.3836.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836

Protanopia

91.2258, -1.6399, -5.3038

Deuteranopia

91.0201, 7.1349, -5.4159



Tritanopia

90.9120, 6.1502, -0.7347

Trichromacy



Original Color

91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836

Protanomaly

90.9519, 2.2020, -5.5904

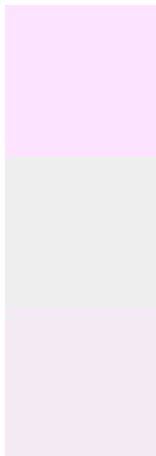
Deuteranomaly

91.1212, 7.4733, -5.2793

Tritanomaly

91.0141, 6.6968, -2.1838

Monochromacy



Original Color

91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836

Achromatopsia

92.4658, -4.9337, 5.0238

Achromatomaly

91.8869, -0.1211, 1.3925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 227, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 227, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 227, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 227, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 227, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 227, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 227, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 227, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 227, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 227,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 91.0240, 8.6970, -5.3836 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 227, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
227, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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