

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(91.2671, 5.0999,  
5.1987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(91.2671, 5.0999, 5.1987)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(91.2671, 5.0679,  
5.2678)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE5EB
RGB	255, 229, 235
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1019, 0.0784
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	346°, 100%, 95%
HSV	346°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.2548, 83.2968, 90.2345
YIQ	237.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

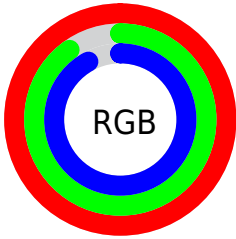
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 229, 235
Decimal	16770539
CIE Lab	93.15, 9.86, 0.32
CIE LCh	93, 9.863, 1.866
Yxy	83.3002, 0.3268, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960619 (0xFFFFE5EB)
YUV	237.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843
Hunter-Lab	91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678

# Details

The HunterLab color  $91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $97.4776, -14.6149, 5.2950$ , and the grayscale version is  $92.2298, -4.9211, 5.0110$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $67.4778, 5.0835, 4.1956$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $83.1489, 15.5618, 5.4815$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $99.8303, -5.1409, 5.4269$ .

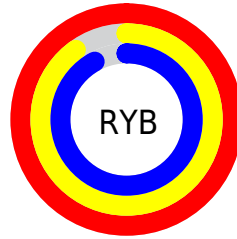
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

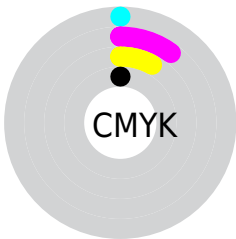
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (92%)

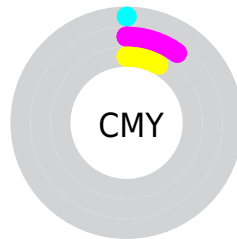


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)


Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 91.2671, 5.0679,  
5.2678

 91.2671, 5.0679,  
5.2678

224.9415, 1.2860,  
12.6513

 79.0176, 5.2729,  
4.5881


117.4716, 4.5029,  
6.7220

 67.3696, 5.4266,  
3.9392


131.3765, 4.1556,  
7.4913

 56.3578, 5.5209,  
3.3240


145.7905, 3.7676,  
8.2880

 46.0215, 5.5489,  
2.7445

160.6962, 3.3411,  
9.1110

 36.4081, 5.5018,  
2.2032

176.0778, 2.8780,  
9.9595

 27.5767, 5.3677,  
1.7027

191.9211, 2.3802,

 19.6038, 5.1298,

10.8328

1.2469

208.2130, 1.8491,  
11.7303

■ 12.5943, 4.7626,  
0.8404

■ 5.9013, 6.9641,  
0.5468

■ 91.2671, 5.0679,  
5.2678

■ 91.2671, 5.0679,  
5.2678

■ 83.1489, 15.5618,  
5.4815

99.8303, -5.1409,  
5.4269

■ 75.5500, 26.3197,  
6.1397

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 68.5722, 37.2295,  
7.3256

■ 62.3366, 48.0468,  
9.1139

■ 56.9820, 58.3253,  
11.5430

■ 52.6507, 67.3834,  
14.5696

■ 49.4574, 74.3876,  
18.0221

■ 47.4409, 78.6371,  
21.5887

■ 46.4477, 80.2188,  
24.7754

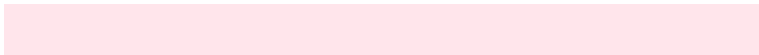
# Harmonies

## Analogous

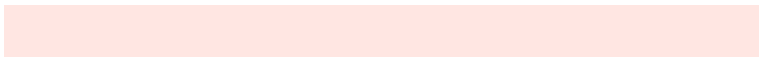
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.2690, 3.8737, 0.4904



91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678



91.2690, 3.5449, 9.7251

# Triad

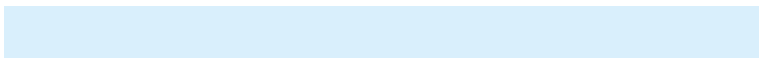
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.2690, 5.0649, 5.2692



91.2690, -9.9598, 12.4914



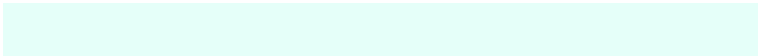
91.2690, -9.4220, -3.5856

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



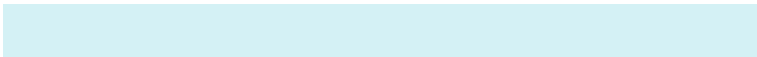
91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678



97.4776, -14.6149, 5.2950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.2690, -12.9999, -0.0598



91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678



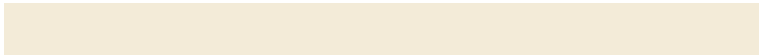
91.2690, -13.3056, 9.2296

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



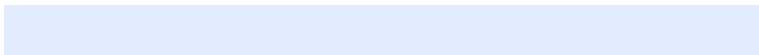
91.2690, 5.0649, 5.2692



91.2690, -5.1917, 13.7513



91.2690, -14.4065, 4.6658



91.2690, -4.5574, -4.7855

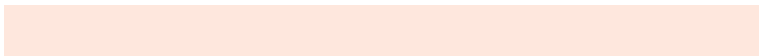


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



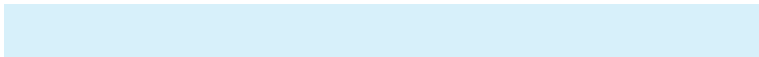
91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678



91.2690, 1.2176, 11.9591



91.2690, -14.4065, 4.6658



91.2690, -10.8114, -2.6240

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.2690, 5.0649, 5.2692



97.3871, -2.3061, 5.3492



91.3180, 6.5679, -5.0413



44.7354, -0.6903, 2.4667

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

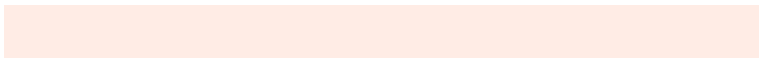
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.2690, 5.0649, 5.2692



89.7675, 6.9396, 5.2781



93.2055, 0.3678, 10.2815



42.4920, 2.0135, 2.4377



33.6028, 58.0895, 17.4989



10.5607, 18.4041, 4.3540



# Inverse Universe

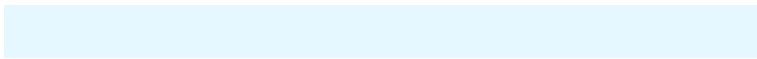
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.2690, 5.0649, 5.2692



89.7675, 6.9396, 5.2781



95.4232, -9.9460, -0.1582



42.4920, 2.0135, 2.4377



33.6028, 58.0895, 17.4989

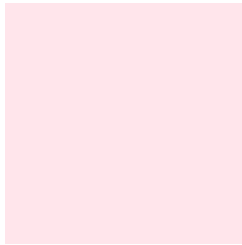


10.5607, 18.4041, 4.3540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

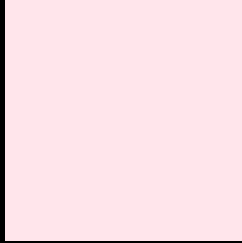
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

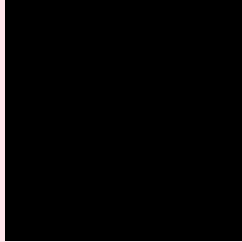
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

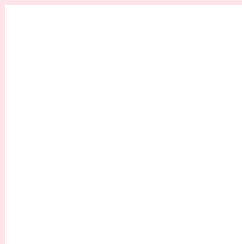
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678.



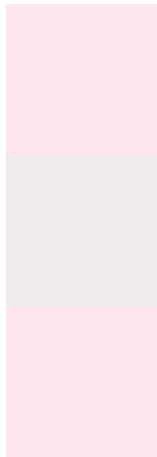
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.2671, 5.0679,

5.2678.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678

### Protanopia

91.3068, -2.5076, 3.6938

### Deuteranopia

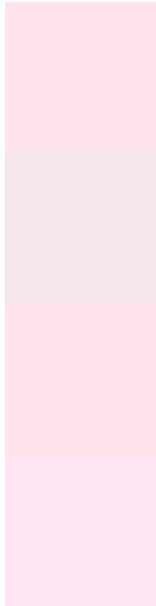
91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678



## Tritanopia

91.2904, 7.3511, 0.2765

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678

## Protanomaly

91.2360, 0.3735, 4.1590

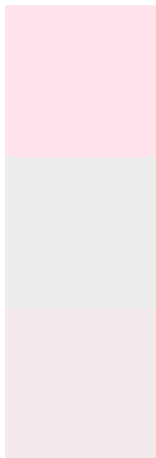
## Deuteranomaly

91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678

## Tritanomaly

91.1579, 6.6425, 2.1609

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678

## Achromatopsia

92.0257, -4.9103, 4.9999

## Achromatomaly

91.7251, -1.1945, 5.2043

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 229, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 229, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 229, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 229, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 229, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 229, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 229, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 229, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 91.2671, 5.0679, 5.2678 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 229, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
229, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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