

Converting Colors

HunterLab(91.2797, 42.2469,
-85.8379)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(91.2797, 42.2469,
-85.8379) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(85.8600, 14.5023,
-12.1702)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | F5D4FF |
| RGB | 245, 212, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 96%, 83%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.0392, 0.1686, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.04, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 286°, 100%, 92% |
| HSV | 286°, 17%, 100% |
| XYZ | 79.2496, 73.7194, 104.6600 |
| YIQ | 226.7690, 5.8650, 20.3690 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

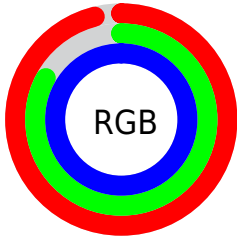
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 245, 212, 255 |
| Decimal | 16110847 |
| CIE Lab | 88.79, 18.92, -16.71 |
| CIE LCh | 89, 25.242, 318.560 |
| Yxy | 73.7225, 0.3076, 0.2862 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294300927 (0xFFFF5D4FF) |
| YUV | 226.7690, 13.9179, 15.9886 |
| Hunter-Lab | 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 |

Details

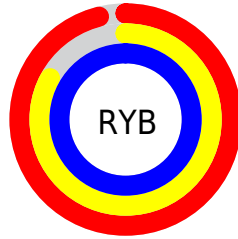
The HunterLab color $85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $95.8143, -22.7920, 20.0957$, and the grayscale version is $87.4844, -4.6680, 4.7532$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $62.4580, 14.2645, -11.9802$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.0477, 26.5677, -23.3124$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.1159, 2.6526, -1.5596$.

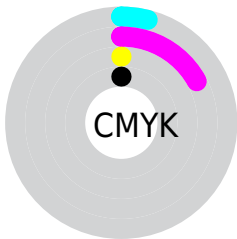
Distribution



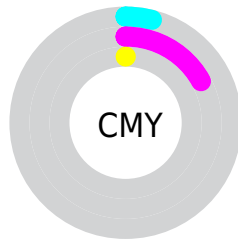
- Red (96%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 85.8600, 14.5023,
-12.1702

 85.8600, 14.5023,
-12.1702


217.6040, 13.9057,
-10.1789

 73.8694, 14.2862,
-12.1488


111.5806, 14.7305,
-12.0422

 62.4941, 13.9982,
-12.0701

125.2579, 14.7576,
-11.9041

 51.7712, 13.6276,
-11.9274


139.4524, 14.7314,
-11.7196

 41.7433, 13.1639,
-11.7164

154.1460, 14.6553,
-11.4912

 32.4623, 12.5937,
-11.4333

169.3222, 14.5322,
-11.2211

 23.9939, 11.8996,
-11.0779

184.9661, 14.3648,

 16.4254, 11.0590,

-10.9112

-10.6621

201.0642, 14.1553,
-10.5632

■ 9.8800, 10.0472,
-10.2448

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 85.8600, 14.5023,
-12.1702

■ 85.8600, 14.5023,
-12.1702

■ 78.0477, 26.5677,
-23.3124

■ 94.1159, 2.6526,
-1.5596

■ 70.7525, 38.7738,
-35.0043

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 64.0740, 50.9265,
-47.1703

■ 58.1288, 62.6571,
-59.5821

■ 53.0471, 73.3541,
-71.7703

■ 48.9546, 82.1602,
-82.9775

■ 45.9367, 88.1412,
-92.2601

■ 43.9776, 90.7143,
-98.8621

■ 43.4923, 91.0820,
-100.5779

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.8618, 3.3267, -20.3961



85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702



85.8618, 20.6863, -0.0631

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.8618, 14.4999, -12.1678



85.8618, 0.3119, 24.4687



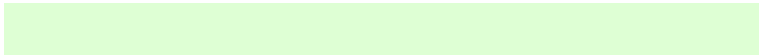
85.8618, -26.5332, -3.0548

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702



95.8143, -22.7920, 20.0957

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.8618, -27.2359, 9.1551



85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702



85.8618, -12.2221, 23.9095

Square

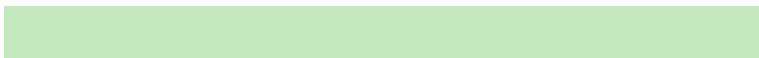
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.8618, 14.4999, -12.1678



85.8618, 12.1828, 20.3294



85.8618, -22.1379, 18.6717



85.8618, -20.1591, -14.6301

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702



85.8618, 20.9235, 8.0603



85.8618, -22.1379, 18.6717



85.8618, -27.4263, 1.1433

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.8618, 14.4999, -12.1678



95.6949, 0.4749, 0.3587



85.7207, -1.4688, -12.6419



43.9963, 0.5998, -0.1683

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.8618, 14.4999, -12.1678



83.3579, 18.2670, -15.6071



86.5177, 15.7997, -4.8110



42.5147, 2.6656, -1.9961



31.5515, 65.9895, -72.2978



10.0918, 20.9222, -21.6936

Inverse Universe

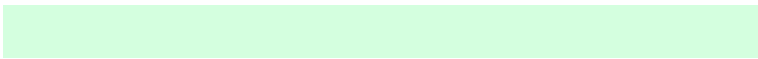
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.8043, 12.0449, 5.3289



83.3045, 15.3715, 5.4307



95.3263, -23.9559, 14.6921



42.4927, 2.0171, 2.4281



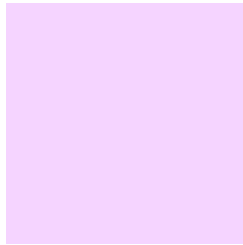
33.6069, 58.1046, 17.4389



10.5623, 18.4100, 4.3305

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

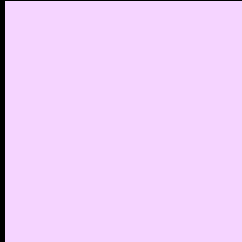
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702.



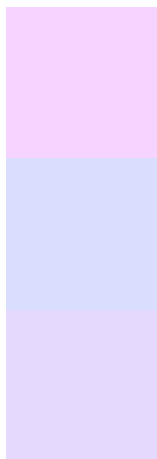
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702.

-12.1702.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702

Protanopia

86.1477, 0.0569, -12.0277

Deuteranopia

85.7930, 6.6041, -11.8190



Tritanopia

85.9489, 7.1818, -0.0924

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702

Protanomaly

85.8450, 5.3048, -12.3519

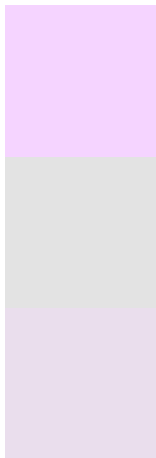
Deuteranomaly

85.6848, 9.3152, -11.9202

Tritanomaly

86.0270, 9.5124, -4.1788

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.0916, 2.0021, -0.8440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 212, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 212, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 212, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 212, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 212, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 212, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 212, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 212, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 212, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 212,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.8600, 14.5023, -12.1702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 212, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
212, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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