

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(91.7438, 8.0988,  
-2.5480)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(91.7438, 8.0988, -2.5480)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(91.7952, 7.8958,  
-2.2467)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE5FB
RGB	255, 229, 251
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1019, 0.0157
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	309°, 100%, 95%
HSV	309°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	86.6718, 84.2636, 102.9632
YIQ	239.2820, 8.4340, 12.3540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

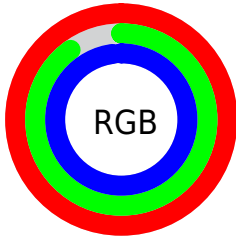
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 229, 251
Decimal	16770555
CIE Lab	93.57, 12.60, -7.40
CIE LCh	94, 14.609, 329.560
Yxy	84.2670, 0.3164, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960635 (0xFFFFE5FB)
YUV	239.2820, 5.7770, 13.7847
Hunter-Lab	91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467

# Details

The HunterLab color  $91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $96.9858, -17.3640, 12.3286$ , and the grayscale version is  $93.0048, -4.9625, 5.0531$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $67.9507, 7.6044, -2.5298$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $84.2208, 21.1427, -9.7259$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $99.8400, -5.0871, 5.2871$ .

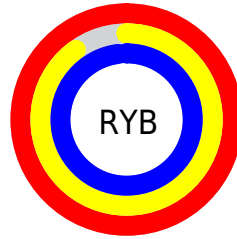
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

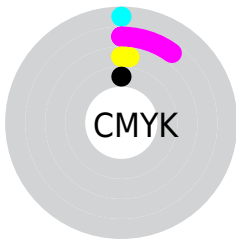
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (98%)

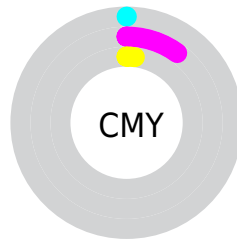


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.7952, 7.8958,  
-2.2467

91.7952, 7.8958,  
-2.2467

225.6545, 5.0118,  
2.6786

79.5210, 7.9831,  
-2.6019

118.0460, 7.5532,  
-1.4028

67.8469, 8.0139,  
-2.9114

131.9727, 7.3111,  
-0.9222

56.8077, 7.9791,  
-3.1696

146.4076, 7.0250,  
-0.4047

46.4421, 7.8712,  
-3.3719

161.3336, 6.6974,  
0.1477

36.7972, 7.6803,  
-3.5119

176.7349, 6.3304,  
0.7336

27.9314, 7.3929,  
-3.5821

192.5974, 5.9261,

19.9206, 6.9906,

1.3515

-3.5720

208.9079, 5.4860,  
2.0002

■ 12.8679, 6.4464,  
-3.4687

■ 6.2834, 8.3990,  
-4.5406

■ 91.7952, 7.8958,  
-2.2467

■ 91.7952, 7.8958,  
-2.2467

■ 84.2208, 21.1427,  
-9.7259

99.8400, -5.0871,  
5.2871

■ 77.1904, 34.5657,  
-17.0561

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 70.8003, 47.9556,  
-24.0709

■ 65.1586, 60.9440,  
-30.5159

■ 60.3800, 72.9586,  
-36.0367

■ 56.5699, 83.2405,  
-40.2065

■ 53.7976, 90.9820,  
-42.6214

■ 52.0603, 95.6083,  
-43.0612

■ 51.1920, 97.3298,  
-41.8180

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.7970, 2.3364, -7.7848



91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467



91.7970, 10.0010, 4.8911

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.7970, 7.8929, -2.2452



91.7970, -4.7919, 17.7091



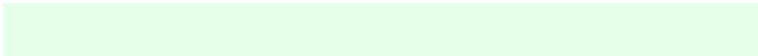
91.7970, -17.1394, -2.0479

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467



96.9858, -17.3640, 12.3286

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.7970, -18.9129, 5.1023



91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467



91.7970, -11.9248, 16.1694

# Square

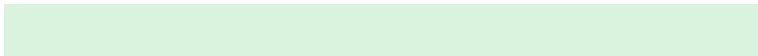
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



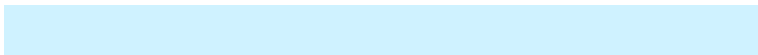
91.7970, 7.8929, -2.2452



91.7970, 2.5347, 16.0774



91.7970, -17.0342, 11.6929



91.7970, -12.1112, -7.6645

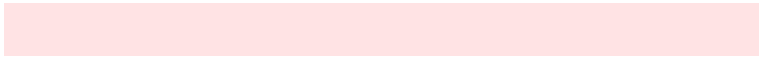


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467



91.7970, 9.1166, 9.4815



91.7970, -17.0342, 11.6929



91.7970, -18.1286, 0.2737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.7970, 7.8929, -2.2452



97.5399, -1.4745, 3.1719



89.7605, 1.3015, -7.1590



44.8251, -0.2026, 1.1879

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.7970, 7.8929, -2.2452



90.3920, 10.2678, -3.6024



91.3679, 5.5966, 3.8566



42.7195, 3.2334, -0.7989



37.0290, 70.4417, -30.5562



11.6079, 22.1688, -10.2499



# Inverse Universe

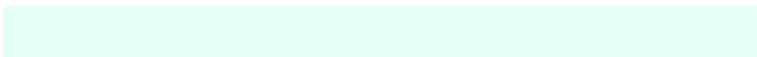
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.7970, 7.8929, -2.2452



90.3920, 10.2678, -3.6024



97.3790, -15.1647, 6.7014



42.7195, 3.2334, -0.7989



37.0290, 70.4417, -30.5562



11.6079, 22.1688, -10.2499



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

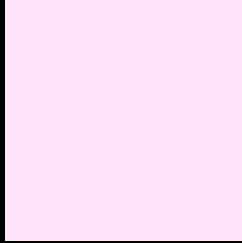
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

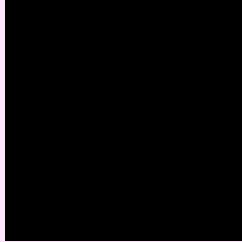
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467.



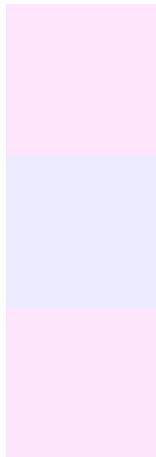
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 91.7952, 7.8958,

-2.2467.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467

### Protanopia

91.9073, -0.8990, -4.4150

### Deuteranopia

91.8920, 6.6663, -2.1465



## Tritanopia

91.9951, 6.8078, -0.4292

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467

## Protanomaly

91.9175, 2.2504, -3.8038

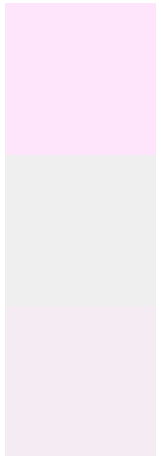
## Deuteranomaly

91.9943, 7.0092, -2.0120

## Tritanomaly

92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467

## Achromatopsia

92.9063, -4.9572, 5.0478

## Achromatomaly

92.3581, -0.1652, 2.4736

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 229, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 229, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 229, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 229, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 229, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 229, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 229, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 229, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 229,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 91.7952, 7.8958, -2.2467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 229, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
229, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor