

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(91.8850, 7.2981,  
-1.1951)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(91.8850, 7.2981, -1.1951)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(92.0289, 6.9887,  
-0.9096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE6F9
RGB	255, 230, 249
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0980, 0.0235
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	314°, 100%, 95%
HSV	314°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	86.6357, 84.6932, 101.4038
YIQ	239.6410, 8.8010, 11.2090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

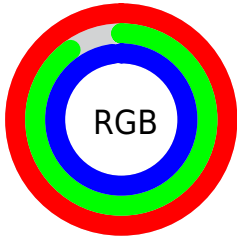
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 230, 249
Decimal	16770809
CIE Lab	93.75, 11.73, -6.08
CIE LCh	94, 13.211, 332.575
Yxy	84.6966, 0.3177, 0.3105
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960889 (0xFFFFE6F9)
YUV	239.6410, 4.6140, 13.4698
Hunter-Lab	92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

# Details

The HunterLab color  $92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $97.1598, -16.5592, 11.1515$ , and the grayscale version is  $93.1679, -4.9712, 5.0620$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $67.9177, 7.4292, -2.0624$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $84.3508, 19.8024, -7.2125$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ .

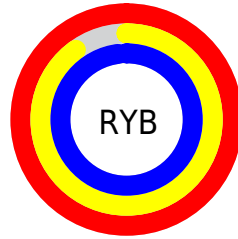
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (90%)

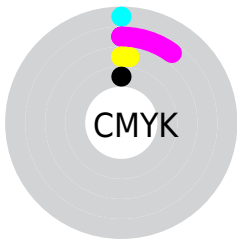
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (98%)

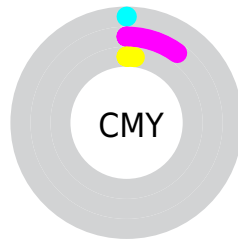


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92.0289, 6.9887,  
-0.9096

92.0289, 6.9887,  
-0.9096

225.9698, 3.8093,  
4.4306

79.7438, 7.1149,  
-1.3189

118.3001, 6.5728,  
0.0366

68.0583, 7.1864,  
-1.6848

132.2364, 6.2960,  
0.5659

57.0069, 7.1944,  
-2.0020

146.6807, 5.9764,  
1.1304

46.6283, 7.1317,  
-2.2661

161.6156, 5.6163,  
1.7286

36.9695, 6.9887,  
-2.4712

177.0256, 5.2177,  
2.3589

28.0887, 6.7526,  
-2.6101

192.8965, 4.7827,

20.0611, 6.4055,

3.0201

-2.6726

209.2152, 4.3127,  
3.7111

■ 12.9895, 5.9213,  
-2.6450

■ 6.4451, 7.5839,  
-3.5626

■ 92.0289, 6.9887,  
-0.9096

■ 92.0289, 6.9887,  
-0.9096

■ 84.3508, 19.8024,  
-7.2125

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 77.2030, 32.7811,  
-13.2447

■ 70.6808, 45.7340,  
-18.8416

■ 64.8923, 58.3180,  
-23.7653

■ 59.9546, 69.9897,  
-27.6988

■ 55.9789, 80.0102,  
-30.2752

■ 53.0436, 87.5676,  
-31.1665

■ 51.1578, 92.0517,  
-30.2257

■ 50.1623, 93.6060,  
-27.7242

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.0308, 2.2340, -6.1057



92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096



92.0308, 8.5205, 5.5669

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.0308, 6.9858, -0.9082



92.0308, -5.5025, 16.5938



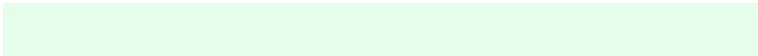
92.0308, -15.6814, -1.9453

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096



97.1598, -16.5592, 11.1515

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.0308, -17.6222, 4.4486



92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096



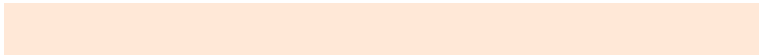
92.0308, -11.8531, 14.8908

# Square

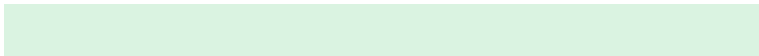
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.0308, 6.9858, -0.9082



92.0308, 1.1873, 15.3844



92.0308, -16.2411, 10.5585



92.0308, -10.8632, -6.7344

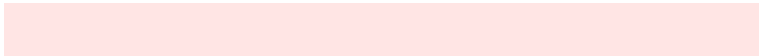


# Rectangle

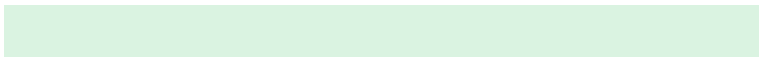
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096



92.0308, 7.4775, 9.6597



92.0308, -16.2411, 10.5585



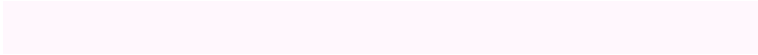
92.0308, -16.6855, 0.1032

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.0308, 6.9858, -0.9082



97.5183, -1.5920, 3.4796



90.3449, 1.7092, -6.3875



44.8124, -0.2717, 1.3690

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.0308, 6.9858, -0.9082



90.3009, 9.7839, -2.3113



91.6254, 4.8128, 4.8609



42.6866, 3.0574, -0.3321



36.2822, 67.7987, -20.4639



11.3963, 21.4219, -7.4054



# Inverse Universe

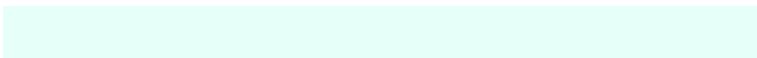
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.0308, 6.9858, -0.9082



90.3009, 9.7839, -2.3113



97.5408, -14.4318, 5.7047



42.6866, 3.0574, -0.3321



36.2822, 67.7987, -20.4639



11.3963, 21.4219, -7.4054



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

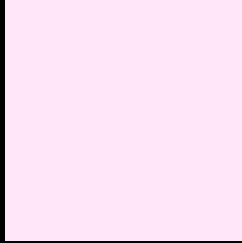
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

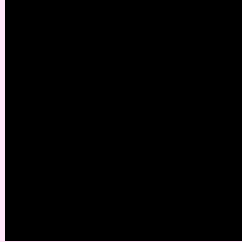
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.0289, 6.9887,

-0.996,

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

### Protanopia

92.2083, -1.6752, -2.4285

### Deuteranopia

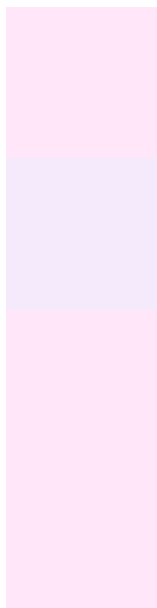
92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096



## Tritanopia

91.9951, 6.8078, -0.4292

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

## Protanomaly

92.2192, 1.4854, -1.8267

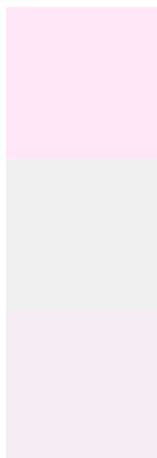
## Deuteranomaly

92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

## Tritanomaly

91.9951, 6.8078, -0.4292

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096

## Achromatopsia

93.3470, -4.9808, 5.0717

## Achromatomaly

92.6685, -0.6960, 2.8378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 230, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 230, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 230, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 230, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 230, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 230, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 230, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 230, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 230,  
249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 92.0289, 6.9887, -0.9096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 230, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
230, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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