

Converting Colors

HunterLab(92.1656, -0.7288,
1.3094)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(92.1656, -0.7288, 1.3094)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(92.1339, -0.8027,
1.1671)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2EBF5
RGB	242, 235, 245
RGB Percent	95%, 92%, 96%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0784, 0.0392
CMYK	0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	282°, 33%, 94%
HSV	282°, 4%, 96%
XYZ	82.8078, 84.8866, 98.4066
YIQ	238.2330, 0.9620, 4.5940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

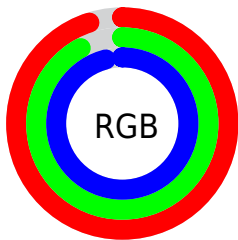
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 235, 245
Decimal	15920117
CIE Lab	93.84, 4.12, -4.00
CIE LCh	94, 5.740, 315.863
Yxy	84.8902, 0.3112, 0.3190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294110197 (0xFF2EBF5)
YUV	238.2330, 3.3361, 3.3037
Hunter-Lab	92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671

Details

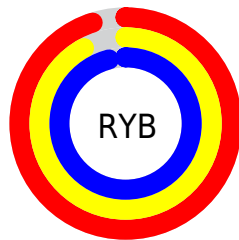
The HunterLab color $92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $94.5952, -9.0895, 8.8644$, and the grayscale version is $92.5557, -4.9385, 5.0287$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $68.0834, 0.2899, 0.0317$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.9871, 9.8682, -9.0594$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $99.1553, -8.9194, 9.2873$.

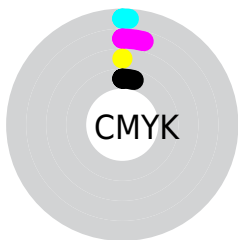
Distribution



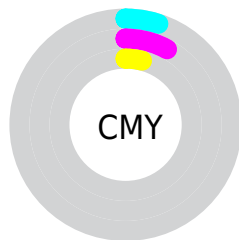
- Red (95%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

92.1339, -0.8027,
1.1671

92.1339, -0.8027,
1.1671

226.1116, -6.5464,
7.1683

79.8440, -0.3368,
0.6712

118.4144, -1.8553,
2.2770

68.1533, 0.0897,
0.2148

132.3550, -2.4334,
2.8837

57.0965, 0.4712,
-0.1974

146.8035, -3.0444,
3.5233

46.7122, 0.8036,
-0.5615

161.7425, -3.6868,
4.1942

37.0471, 1.0815,
-0.8725

177.1564, -4.3593,
4.8953

28.1595, 1.2977,
-1.1241

193.0310, -5.0608,

20.1244, 1.4420,

5.6253

-1.3075

209.3535, -5.7901,
6.3833

■ 13.0443, 1.4989,
-1.4095

■ 6.5165, 2.4067,
-2.1880

■ 92.1339, -0.8027,
1.1671

■ 92.1339, -0.8027,
1.1671

■ 83.9871, 9.8682,
-9.0594

■ 99.1553, -8.9194,
9.2873

■ 76.2180, 20.7520,
-19.8725

■ 99.6858, -7.0595,
9.9217

■ 68.8956, 31.8096,
-31.3331

■ 62.1050, 42.9279,
-43.4516

■ 55.9514, 53.8587,
-56.1224

■ 50.5598, 64.1426,
-69.0267

■ 46.0646, 73.0511,
-81.5263

■ 42.5830, 79.6469,
-92.6471

■ 40.1624, 83.0962,
-101.3276

Harmonies

Analogous

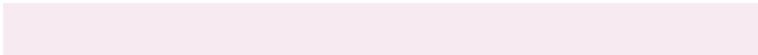
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.1359, -3.3617, -0.3407



92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671



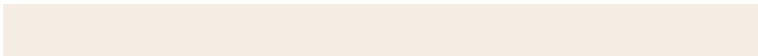
92.1359, 0.6576, 3.6844

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.1359, -0.8049, 1.1687



92.1359, -3.5283, 10.1075



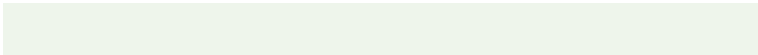
92.1359, -10.3268, 3.5245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



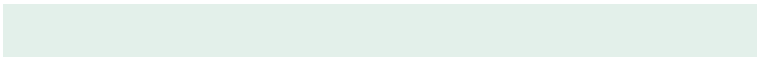
92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671



94.5952, -9.0895, 8.8644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.1359, -10.3701, 6.3264



92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671



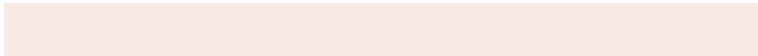
92.1359, -6.4701, 10.0677

Square

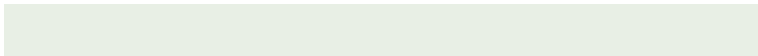
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.1359, -0.8049, 1.1687



92.1359, -0.9281, 8.8131



92.1359, -8.9663, 8.7027



92.1359, -8.8472, 1.0484

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



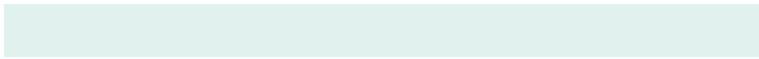
92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671



92.1359, 0.8035, 5.5660



92.1359, -8.9663, 8.7027



92.1359, -10.5092, 4.4610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.1359, -0.8049, 1.1687



99.1156, -4.2354, 4.4069



92.4687, -4.7470, 1.5048



45.8756, -1.9847, 2.0624

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.1359, -0.8049, 1.1687



95.6110, 0.1878, 0.2505



92.3656, -0.1376, 2.3971



42.0671, 0.4172, -0.2053



28.8440, 61.7088, -76.8069



8.8575, 18.6927, -21.5939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.1988, -1.0437, 4.7743



95.6931, -0.1181, 4.9046



94.3790, -9.7388, 7.7304



42.1089, 0.2638, 2.1425



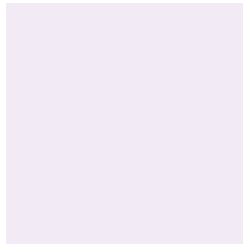
32.7752, 56.9957, 14.4563



9.8058, 17.2249, 2.9859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

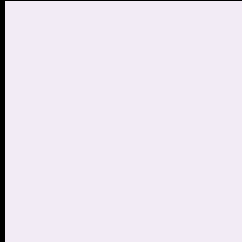
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

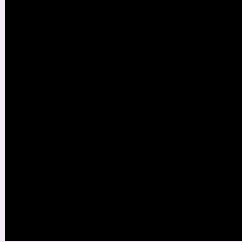
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

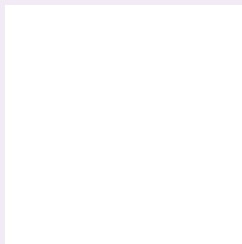
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671.



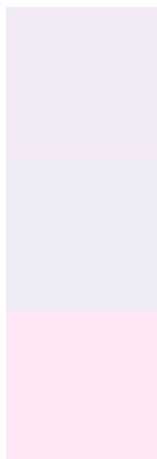
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.1339, -0.8027,

1.1671.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671

Protanopia

92.1930, -2.1342, 0.6998

Deuteranopia

92.1978, 5.7301, 1.3595



Tritanopia

92.1567, 1.3410, -2.4406

Trichromacy



Original Color

92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671

Protanomaly

92.2876, -1.8081, 0.8212

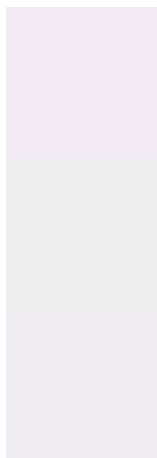
Deuteranomaly

91.9945, 3.4771, 1.0719

Tritanomaly

92.0543, 0.7864, -0.9866

Monochromacy



Original Color

92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671

Achromatopsia

92.4658, -4.9337, 5.0238

Achromatomaly

92.3417, -3.5569, 3.4057

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 235, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 235, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 235, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 235, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 235, 245) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 235, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 235, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 235, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 235, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 235,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 92.1339, -0.8027, 1.1671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 235, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
235, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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