

Converting Colors

HunterLab(92.5713, 6.0246,
-3.4468)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(92.5713, 6.0246, -3.4468)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(92.5358, 5.9834,
-3.4927)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCE8FF
RGB	252, 232, 255
RGB Percent	99%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0902, 0.0000
CMYK	0.01, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	292°, 100%, 95%
HSV	292°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	87.0516, 85.6287, 106.5477
YIQ	240.6020, 4.5370, 11.3930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

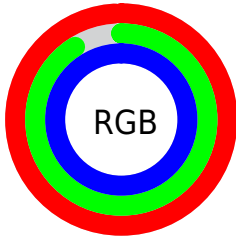
Format	Color
R_{YB}	252, 232, 255
Decimal	16574719
CIE _{Lab}	94.15, 10.77, -8.64
CIE _{LCh}	94, 13.803, 321.258
Yxy	85.6323, 0.3118, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294764799 (0xFFFC8FF)
YUV	240.6020, 7.0982, 9.9960
Hunter-Lab	92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927

Details

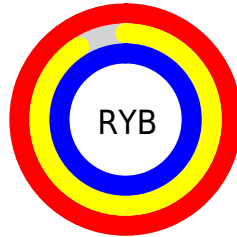
The HunterLab color $92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $97.4727, -15.6719, 13.3473$, and the grayscale version is $93.5826, -4.9933, 5.0845$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $68.3593, 6.2939, -4.1051$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.6682, 18.7923, -13.7492$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

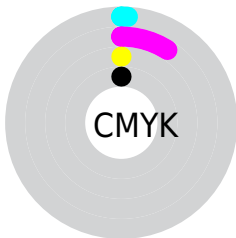
Distribution



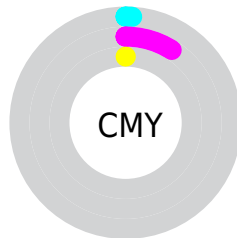
- Red (99%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

92.5358, 5.9834,
-3.4927

92.5358, 5.9834,
-3.4927

226.6535, 2.4701,
1.0727

80.2272, 6.1542,
-3.8005

118.8513, 5.4847,
-2.7361

68.5168, 6.2720,
-4.0618

132.8084, 5.1687,
-2.2976

57.4392, 6.3287,
-4.2701

147.2727, 4.8111,
-1.8211

47.0327, 6.3176,
-4.4203

162.2271, 4.4141,
-1.3085

37.3439, 6.2295,
-4.5063

177.6560, 3.9799,
-0.7614

28.4304, 6.0524,
-4.5202

193.5451, 3.5102,

20.3667, 5.7694,

-0.1813

-4.4522

209.8816, 3.0064,
0.4305

■ 13.2541, 5.3552,
-4.2910

■ 6.7821, 6.5547,
-4.9707

■ 92.5358, 5.9834,
-3.4927

■ 92.5358, 5.9834,
-3.4927

■ 84.6682, 18.7923,
-13.7492

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 77.2956, 31.8218,
-24.3832

■ 70.5078, 44.9222,
-35.3226

■ 64.4095, 57.8025,
-46.3872

■ 59.1180, 69.9688,
-57.2299

■ 54.7517, 80.6979,
-67.2992

■ 51.4061, 89.1177,
-75.8808

■ 49.1154, 94.4641,
-82.2879

■ 47.7665, 96.6237,
-86.3064

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.5377, 0.0743, -7.9421



92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927



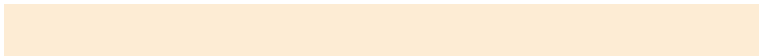
92.5377, 8.9829, 3.0357

Triad

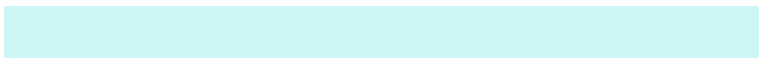
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



92.5377, 5.9808, -3.4903



92.5377, -2.8525, 17.0080



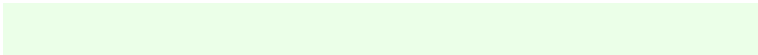
92.5377, -17.3602, 0.1891

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



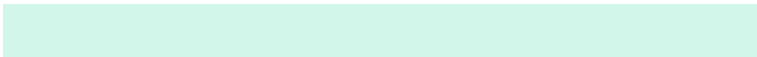
92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927



97.4727, -15.6719, 13.3473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5377, -18.0903, 6.9948



92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927



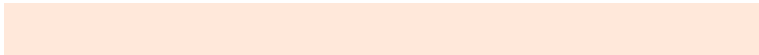
92.5377, -9.8548, 16.3720

Square

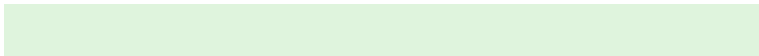
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



92.5377, 5.9808, -3.4903



92.5377, 3.7828, 14.6311



92.5377, -15.3816, 12.8230



92.5377, -13.3561, -5.7087

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927



92.5377, 8.8724, 7.5441



92.5377, -15.3816, 12.8230



92.5377, -17.9918, 2.4579

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92.5377, 5.9808, -3.4903



97.4819, -1.5966, 2.4980



91.5612, -2.2054, -4.8818



44.7909, -0.2743, 0.7902

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92.5377, 5.9808, -3.4903



90.9416, 8.5000, -5.4936



92.5556, 5.4668, 0.9822



42.6300, 3.0529, -1.8418



34.5160, 70.0394, -62.4216



10.9178, 22.0614, -19.0253

Inverse Universe

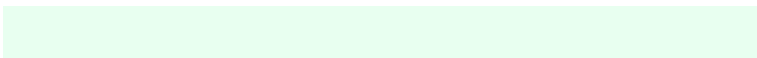
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.1818, 3.4574, 6.3080



90.5087, 5.4272, 6.5317



97.4649, -15.1965, 9.4352



42.4566, 1.8229, 2.9433



33.4346, 57.4669, 19.9838



10.4873, 18.1336, 5.4303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

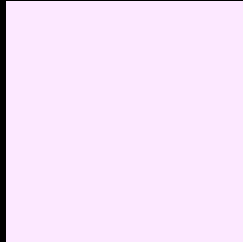
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

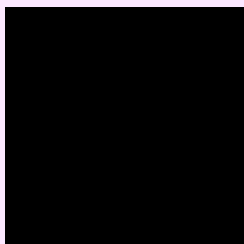
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

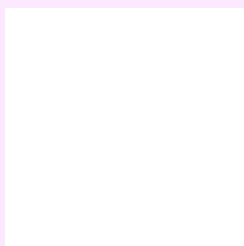
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927.



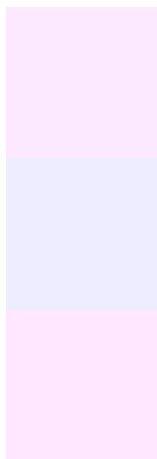
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 92.5358, 5.9834,

-3.427.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927

Protanopia

92.6245, -1.6409, -3.5135

Deuteranopia

92.4352, 7.2061, -3.5992



Tritanopia

92.6024, 4.3650, -1.2972

Trichromacy



Original Color

92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927

Protanomaly

92.4737, 1.0406, -3.6581

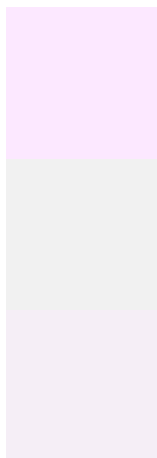
Deuteranomaly

92.3333, 6.8650, -3.7349

Tritanomaly

92.6366, 4.5486, -1.7818

Monochromacy



Original Color

92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927

Achromatopsia

93.7882, -5.0043, 5.0957

Achromatomaly

93.3892, -1.2232, 2.1710

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 232, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 232, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 232, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 232, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 232, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 232, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 232, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 232, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 232, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 232,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 92.5358, 5.9834, -3.4927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 232, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
232, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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