

Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.2495, -1.6600,
-2.7228)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(93.2495, -1.6600,
-2.7228) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(93.1235, -1.5301,
-2.8796)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFEEFF
RGB	239, 238, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.0627, 0.0666, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	244°, 100%, 97%
HSV	244°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	84.2212, 86.7199, 106.9076
YIQ	240.2370, -4.8610, 5.4990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

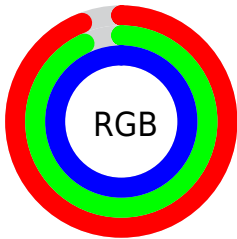
Format	Color
R _Y B	239, 238, 255
Decimal	15724287
CIE Lab	94.62, 3.44, -8.06
CIE LCh	95, 8.760, 293.101
Yxy	86.7234, 0.3031, 0.3121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293914367 (0xFFEFEEFF)
YUV	240.2370, 7.2782, -1.0848
Hunter-Lab	93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Details

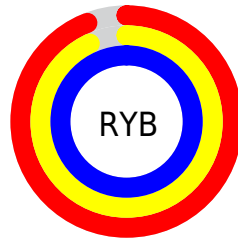
The HunterLab color $93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $99.3805, -8.5505, 12.8275$, and the grayscale version is $93.4238, -4.9849, 5.0759$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $68.9930, -0.5630, -3.4090$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.0703, 4.4906, -16.2584$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

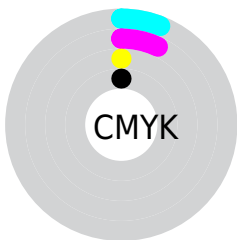
Distribution



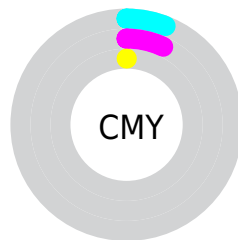
- Red (94%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

93.1235, -1.5301,
-2.8796

93.1235, -1.5301,
-2.8796

227.4453, -7.5284,
1.8781

80.7876, -1.0304,
-3.2125

119.4900, -2.6465,
-2.0756

69.0486, -0.5681,
-3.4999

133.4711, -3.2546,
-1.6146

57.9407, -0.1488,
-3.7355

147.9587, -3.8945,
-1.1162

47.5020, 0.2238,
-3.9143

162.9355, -4.5649,
-0.5824

37.7786, 0.5450,
-4.0304

178.3861, -5.2645,
-0.0147

28.8275, 0.8082,
-4.0759

194.2964, -5.9923,

20.7222, 1.0046,

0.5854

-4.0410

210.6534, -6.7472,
1.2167

■ 13.5624, 1.1205,
-3.9137

■ 7.1523, 1.7121,
-4.3516

■ 93.1235, -1.5301,
-2.8796

■ 93.1235, -1.5301,
-2.8796

■ 83.0703, 4.4906,
-16.2584

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 73.3747, 11.0025,
-31.0415

■ 64.1100, 18.1592,
-47.6726

■ 55.3787, 26.1502,
-66.7078

■ 47.3304, 35.1602,
-88.7333

■ 40.1862, 45.2300,
-114.0281

■ 34.2616, 55.8915,
-141.6294

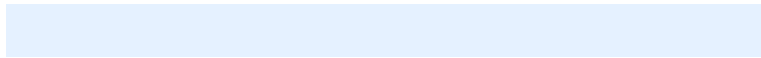
■ 29.9464, 65.5719,
-167.7107

■ 27.5433, 71.6583,
-185.4274

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.1254, -6.0176, -3.5357



93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796



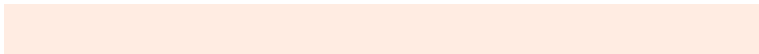
93.1254, 2.0929, -0.0431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.1254, -1.5325, -2.8771



93.1254, 0.3125, 11.4534



93.1254, -13.4625, 6.0586

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



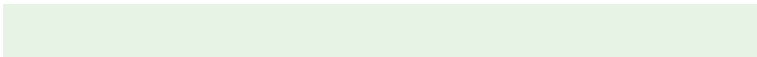
93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796



99.3805, -8.5505, 12.8275

Split Complementary

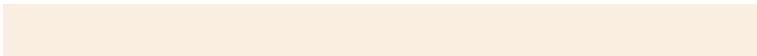
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.1254, -11.8362, 9.9069



93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796



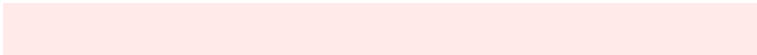
93.1254, -3.9256, 12.9238

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



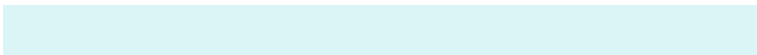
93.1254, -1.5325, -2.8771



93.1254, 3.1723, 8.2611



93.1254, -8.3661, 12.3714



93.1254, -12.8494, 1.7598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



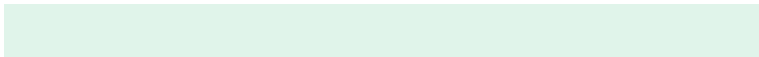
93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796



93.1254, 3.5057, 2.6288



93.1254, -8.3661, 12.3714



93.1254, -13.1606, 7.4451

Sweetspot

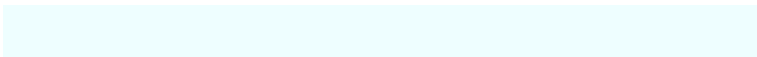
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.1254, -1.5325, -2.8771



97.9234, -4.2097, 2.9837



98.1719, -10.3387, 3.1746



45.3513, -1.9736, 1.4370

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.1254, -1.5325, -2.8771



91.7637, -0.7517, -4.5963



93.9205, 1.1923, -1.8296



41.7475, 0.0629, -3.0333



19.6092, 52.8197, -136.4614



6.2566, 16.5854, -41.4671

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.6405, 3.5723, -0.3643



93.5901, 5.3753, -1.5332



98.6020, -11.2950, 11.9187



42.7562, 3.4297, -1.3197



37.9547, 73.6844, -42.8056



11.8659, 23.0712, -13.6534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

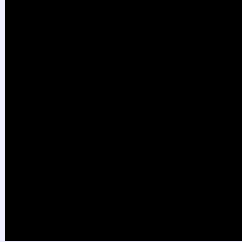
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796.

-2.8796.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Protanopia

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Deuteranopia

93.0423, 6.1214, -2.8482



Tritanopia

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Protanomaly

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

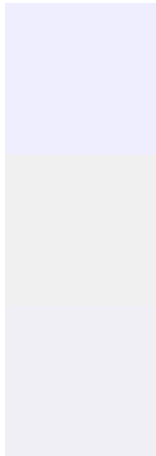
Deuteranomaly

93.1539, 3.3540, -2.7557

Tritanomaly

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796

Achromatopsia

93.3470, -4.9808, 5.0717

Achromatomaly

93.1938, -3.5717, 2.4041

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 238, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 238, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 238, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 238, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 238, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 238, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 238, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 238, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 238, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 238,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.1235, -1.5301, -2.8796 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 238, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
238, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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