

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.5954, -3.9743,  
8.2921)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(93.5954, -3.9743, 8.2921)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(93.7302, -4.0249,  
8.4460)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6F0EA
RGB	246, 240, 234
RGB Percent	96%, 94%, 92%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0588, 0.0823
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	30°, 40%, 94%
HSV	30°, 5%, 96%
XYZ	84.0174, 87.8535, 90.3711
YIQ	241.1100, 5.5020, -0.5940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

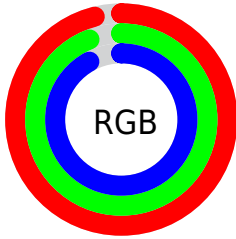
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	246, 246, 234
Decimal	16183530
CIE Lab	95.10, 0.98, 3.60
CIE LCh	95, 3.728, 74.749
Yxy	87.8573, 0.3204, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294373610 (0xFF6F0EA)
YUV	241.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885
Hunter-Lab	93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460

# Details

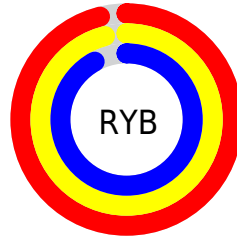
The HunterLab color  $93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $92.9866, -5.8424, 1.6017$ , and the grayscale version is  $93.8518, -5.0077, 5.0991$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $69.6006, -2.7725, 6.9591$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $89.1888, -1.5145, 14.6578$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $98.2958, -6.8385, 3.3842$ .

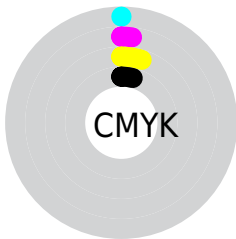
# Distribution



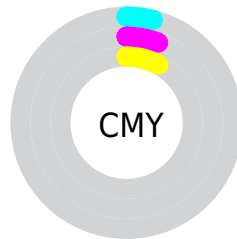
- Red (96%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93.7302, -4.0249,  
8.4460

93.7302, -4.0249,  
8.4460

228.2621,  
-10.8757, 16.9639

81.3664, -3.4117,  
7.6143

120.1493, -5.3541,  
10.1846

69.5980, -2.8303,  
6.8052

134.1552, -6.0625,  
11.0877

58.4589, -2.2852,  
6.0204

148.6666, -6.7993,  
12.0133

47.9872, -1.7789,  
5.2599

163.6665, -7.5634,  
12.9609

38.2282, -1.3145,  
4.5236

179.1394, -8.3539,  
13.9302

29.2385, -0.8961,  
3.8104

195.0714, -9.1699,

21.0906, -0.5289,

14.9207

3.1180

211.4496,  
-10.0108, 15.9321

■ 13.8826, -0.2207,  
2.4410

■ 7.5146, 0.1674,  
2.3933

■ 93.7302, -4.0249,  
8.4460

■ 93.7302, -4.0249,  
8.4460

■ 89.1888, -1.5145,  
14.6578

■ 98.2958, -6.8385,  
3.3842

■ 84.7964, 1.3820,  
20.2594

■ 99.1630, -8.2595,  
4.3928

■ 80.5683, 4.6897,  
25.1857

■ 76.5190, 8.4323,  
29.3653

■ 72.6642, 12.6273,  
32.7252

■ 69.0203, 17.2805,  
35.1966

■ 65.6042, 22.3807,  
36.7239

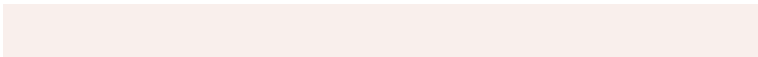
■ 62.4321, 27.8909,  
37.2808

■ 59.5174, 33.7372,  
36.8990

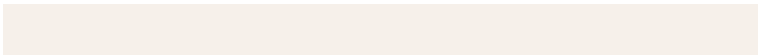
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.7322, -2.3538, 7.5557



93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460



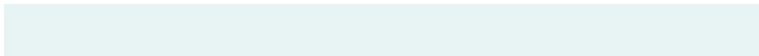
93.7322, -5.9501, 8.4552

# Triad

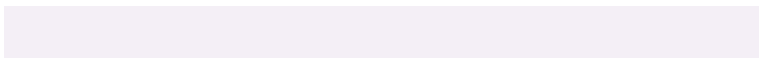
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.7322, -4.0273, 8.4475



93.7322, -8.5714, 4.1981



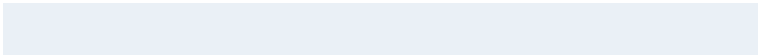
93.7322, -2.3770, 2.5578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460



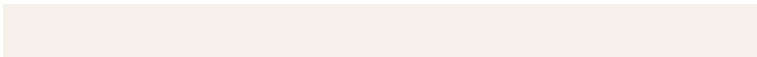
92.9866, -5.8424, 1.6017

# Split Complementary

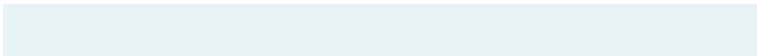
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.7322, -4.0588, 1.6204



93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460



93.7322, -7.6298, 2.5803

# Square

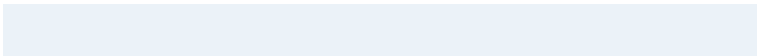
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



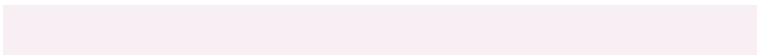
93.7322, -4.0273, 8.4475



93.7322, -8.5631, 6.0268



93.7322, -5.9814, 1.6287

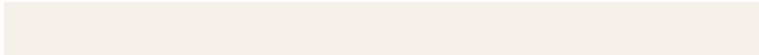


93.7322, -1.3957, 4.1679



# Rectangle

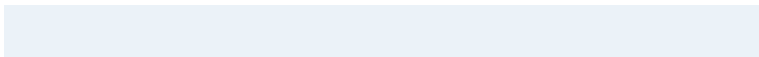
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



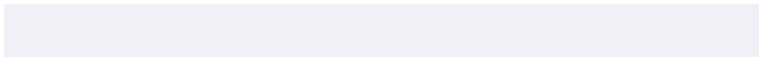
93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460



93.7322, -7.1141, 7.9592



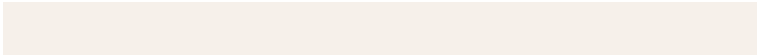
93.7322, -5.9814, 1.6287



93.7322, -2.8798, 2.1522

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.7322, -4.0273, 8.4475



99.5121, -5.1085, 6.1353



92.0494, 0.1718, 3.6235



46.0500, -2.3687, 2.8225

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

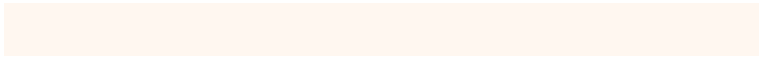


# Same Dimension

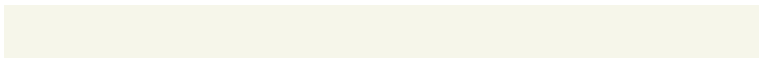
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.7322, -4.0273, 8.4475



97.0941, -3.9175, 9.5625



95.6275, -7.1655, 10.5362



42.8519, -1.6655, 4.4189



42.7920, 26.1146, 26.8254

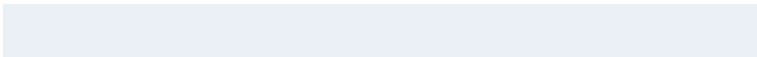


13.4720, 5.9823, 8.4061

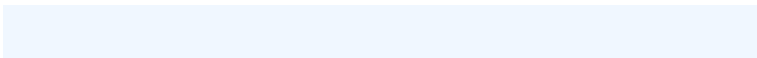


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.9866, -5.8424, 1.6017



96.1380, -6.2447, 0.7842



91.1006, -2.6953, -0.6563



42.3848, -2.8024, 0.1300



33.7367, 8.6531, -60.8475

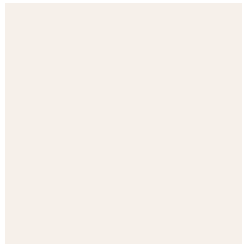


10.9811, 0.7317, -15.3050



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

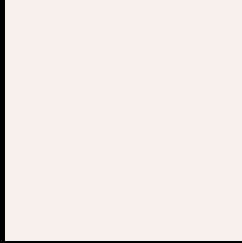
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

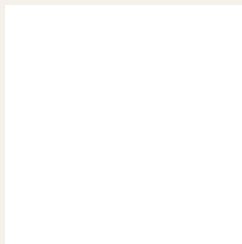
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460.



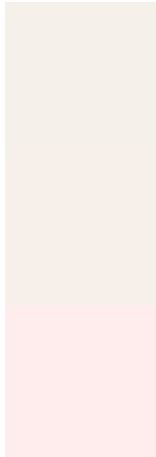
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.7302, -4.0249,

8.4460.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460

### Protanopia

93.8269, -3.6898, 8.5621

### Deuteranopia

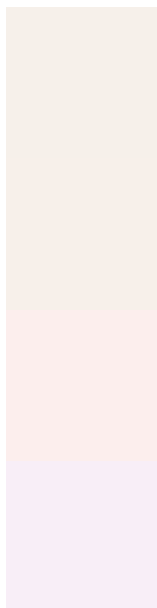
93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033



## Tritanopia

93.7700, 2.2788, -1.9992

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460

## Protanomaly

93.8269, -3.6898, 8.5621

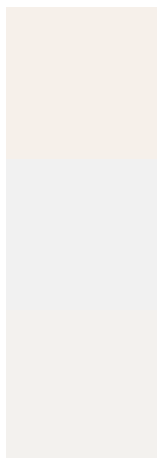
## Deuteranomaly

93.7864, -0.4354, 7.1323

## Tritanomaly

93.7128, -0.0467, 2.0717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460

## Achromatopsia

93.7882, -5.0043, 5.0957

## Achromatomaly

93.8820, -4.8675, 6.6801

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 240, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 240, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 240, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 240, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 240, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 240, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 240, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 240, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 240, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 240,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.7302, -4.0249, 8.4460 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 240, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
240, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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