

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.7189, -9.4836,  
28.1411)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(93.7189, -9.4836,  
28.1411) contains.

|   |    |
|---|----|
| <b>HunterLab(93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404)</b> ..... | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                   | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                       | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                     | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                      | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....    | 28 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....                  | 31 |

# Color

**HunterLab(93.7721, -9.6793,  
28.2404)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                       |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex         | FDF2BA                      |
| RGB         | 253, 242, 186               |
| RGB Percent | 99%, 95%, 73%               |
| CMY         | 0.0078, 0.0510, 0.2706      |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.04, 0.26, 0.01      |
| HSL         | 50°, 94%, 86%               |
| HSV         | 50°, 26%, 99%               |
| XYZ         | 81.1230, 87.9321, 59.1513   |
| YIQ         | 238.9050, 24.5320, -15.0840 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

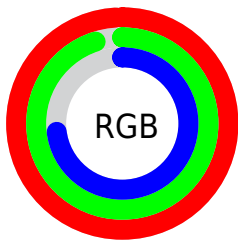
| Format                              | Color                                       |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">199, 253, 186</a>               |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">16642746</a>                    |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">95.13, -4.74, 28.42</a>         |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">95, 28.809, 99.465</a>          |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">87.9360, 0.3555, 0.3853</a>     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4294832826<br/>(0xFFFD2BA)</a>  |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">238.9050, -26.0822, 12.3613</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404</a>   |

# Details

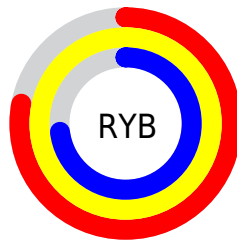
The HunterLab color **93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **75.8037, 3.7912, -25.9082**, and the grayscale version is **92.9698, -4.9606, 5.0512**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.5946, -7.5613, 11.2284**, and **69.6560, -7.8914, 24.2024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.9293, -10.4964, 34.8047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.7124, -8.4011, 20.5312**.

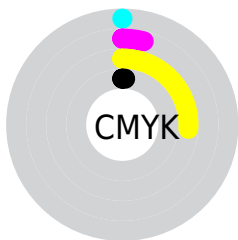
# Distribution



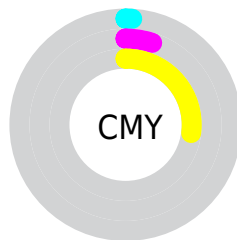
- Red (99%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93.7721, -9.6793,  
28.2404

93.7721, -9.6793,  
28.2404

228.3186,  
-18.5101, 45.7745

81.4064, -8.8020,  
26.1652

120.1949,  
-11.5042, 32.2769

69.6360, -7.9423,  
24.0358

134.2025,  
-12.4458, 34.2510

58.4948, -7.1029,  
21.8390

148.7155,  
-13.4075, 36.2037

48.0207, -6.2831,  
19.5553

163.7170,  
-14.3892, 38.1393

38.2593, -5.4817,  
17.1575

179.1915,  
-15.3906, 40.0615

29.2670, -4.6966,  
14.6068

195.1250,

21.1161, -3.9234,

-16.4113, 41.9731

11.8469

211.5047,  
-17.4513, 43.8768

■ 13.9048, -3.1538,  
9.7334

■ 7.5390, -3.1408,  
5.2773

■ 93.7721, -9.6793,  
28.2404

■ 93.7721, -9.6793,  
28.2404

■ 91.9293, -10.4964,  
34.8047

■ 95.7124, -8.4011,  
20.5312

■ 90.1777, -10.8424,  
40.2089

■ 97.7433, -6.6590,  
11.6967

■ 88.5185, -10.7247,  
44.4565

■ 99.6390, -5.7080,  
5.0010

■ 86.9497, -10.1550,  
47.5679

■ 99.8112, -5.9932,  
5.1992

■ 85.4681, -9.1537,  
49.5869

■ 84.0685, -7.7535,  
50.5888

■ 82.7426, -6.0047,  
50.6973

■ 82.2876, -5.3402,  
50.6117

# Harmonies

## Analogous

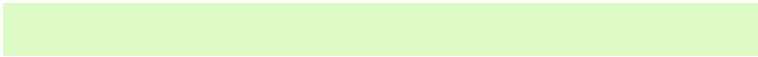
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.7742, 5.2745, 27.2438



93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404



93.7742, -22.5647, 23.8328

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.7742, -9.6822, 28.2416



93.7742, -26.1561, -13.9627



93.7742, 23.4143, -4.9882

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404



75.8037, 3.7912, -25.9082

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.7742, 13.9424, -18.5179



93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404



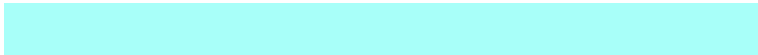
93.7742, -14.8668, -24.2357

# Square

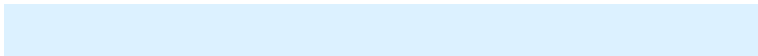
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.7742, -9.6822, 28.2416



93.7742, -31.6760, 0.5023



93.7742, -0.2416, -26.0218

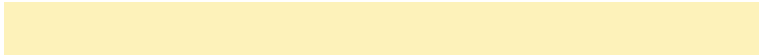


93.7742, 25.0181, 9.4844

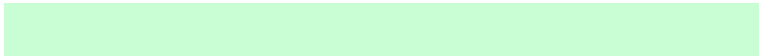


# Rectangle

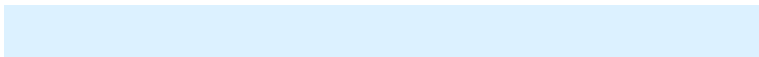
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404



93.7742, -28.4737, 17.9449



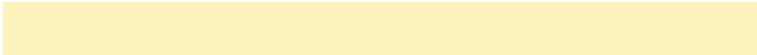
93.7742, -0.2416, -26.0218



93.7742, 21.0179, -9.8557

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.7742, -9.6822, 28.2416



98.3045, -7.0161, 13.2305



77.4857, 21.4279, 7.6250



45.3357, -3.3771, 6.7630

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

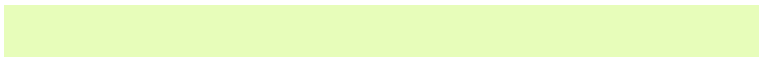
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.7742, -9.6822, 28.2416



93.5762, -10.2821, 32.3029



95.2521, -22.7019, 29.3800



45.3357, -3.3771, 6.7630



60.1701, -4.1471, 37.0039



19.1161, -1.8504, 11.7469



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.8037, 3.7912, -25.9082



71.8342, 6.2328, -33.7137



74.6117, 16.3117, -27.5846



42.2601, -1.1201, -2.3894



21.8465, 42.9159, -119.9494

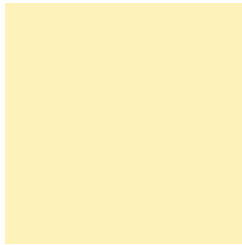


7.7103, 10.3963, -32.0798



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

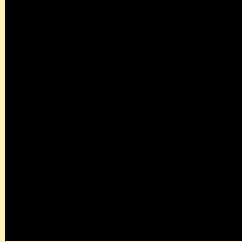
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.7721, -9.6793,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404

### Protanopia

93.8673, -7.2974, 25.1016

### Deuteranopia

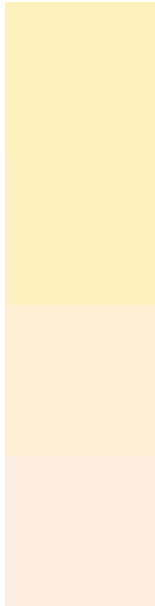
93.7550, -1.2081, 12.2487



## Tritanopia

93.8234, 3.5702, 1.7560

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404

## Protanomaly

93.6948, -8.0455, 26.0363

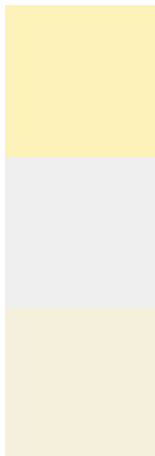
## Deuteranomaly

93.5452, -4.3768, 18.5049

## Tritanomaly

93.6249, -1.7144, 12.5506

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404

## Achromatopsia

92.9063, -4.9572, 5.0478

## Achromatomaly

93.1239, -6.9649, 14.1510

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 242, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 242, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 242, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 242, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 242, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 242, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 242, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 242, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 242, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 242,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.7721, -9.6793, 28.2404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 242, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
242, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor