

Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.7735, -2.0269,
-2.0702)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(93.7735, -2.0269,
-2.0702) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(93.8432, -2.2700,
-1.9870)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0F0FF
RGB	240, 240, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.0588, 0.0588, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 97%
HSV	240°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	85.1453, 88.0655, 107.1184
YIQ	241.7100, -4.8150, 4.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

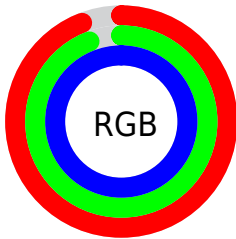
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 240, 255
Decimal	15790335
CIE Lab	95.19, 2.73, -7.21
CIE LCh	95, 7.708, 290.772
Yxy	88.0691, 0.3037, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293980415 (0xFFFF0F0F)
YUV	241.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997
Hunter-Lab	93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870

Details

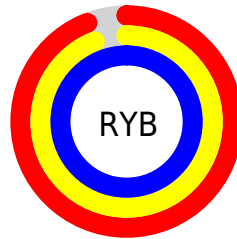
The HunterLab color $93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be $99.5334, -7.8894, 12.0864$, and the grayscale version is $94.0768, -5.0197, 5.1114$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $69.6768, -1.2704, -2.5495$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.6328, 3.2690, -15.4791$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$.

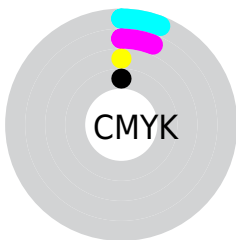
Distribution



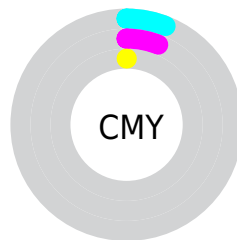
- Red (94%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

93.8432, -2.2700,
-1.9870

93.8432, -2.2700,
-1.9870

228.4140, -8.5235,
3.0498

81.4741, -1.7362,
-2.3564

120.2719, -3.4502,
-1.1142

69.7002, -1.2383,
-2.6819

134.2824, -4.0883,
-0.6204

58.5554, -0.7812,
-2.9572

148.7982, -4.7572,
-0.0904

48.0775, -0.3684,
-3.1777

163.8024, -5.4556,
0.4741

38.3119, -0.0042,
-3.3375

179.2795, -6.1824,
1.0717

29.3151, 0.3058,
-3.4293

195.2156, -6.9366,

21.1593, 0.5538,

1.7010

-3.4433

211.5977, -7.7172,
2.3607

■ 13.9424, 0.7278,
-3.3666

■ 7.5800, 1.1666,
-3.6037

■ 93.8432, -2.2700,
-1.9870

■ 93.8432, -2.2700,
-1.9870

■ 83.6328, 3.2690,
-15.4791

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 73.7849, 9.3470,
-30.3928

■ 64.3744, 16.1371,
-47.1858

■ 55.5060, 23.8597,
-66.4371

■ 47.3338, 32.7485,
-88.7647

■ 40.0870, 42.9151,
-114.4752

■ 34.0948, 53.9620,
-142.5669

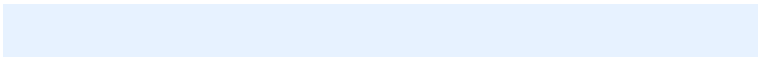
■ 29.7661, 64.3073,
-168.9780

■ 27.4175, 71.1357,
-186.4480

Harmonies

Analogous

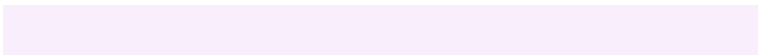
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8451, -6.2411, -2.3950



93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870



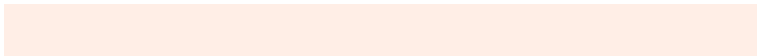
93.8451, 1.0129, 0.3682

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8451, -2.2723, -1.9846



93.8451, -0.1045, 10.5946



93.8451, -12.4753, 6.2726

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



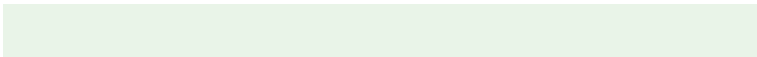
93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870



99.5334, -7.8894, 12.0864

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8451, -10.8894, 9.6132



93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870



93.8451, -3.7772, 12.0390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



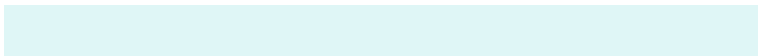
93.8451, -2.2723, -1.9846



93.8451, 2.2790, 7.6632



93.8451, -7.7213, 11.6874



93.8451, -12.0877, 2.4794

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



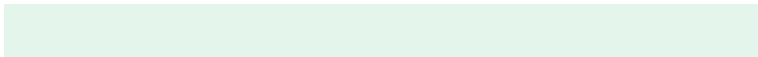
93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870



93.8451, 2.3519, 2.6696



93.8451, -7.7213, 11.6874



93.8451, -12.1564, 7.4832

Sweetspot

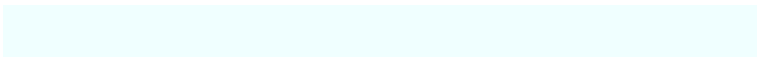
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8451, -2.2723, -1.9846



97.8955, -4.3083, 2.9486



98.6152, -10.2034, 3.8337



45.3391, -2.0169, 1.4215

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8451, -2.2723, -1.9846



92.6867, -1.6748, -3.4351



94.5310, 0.0907, -1.0869



42.5926, -0.6246, -1.9540



19.4258, 52.6739, -137.9883



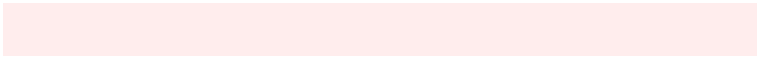
6.0635, 16.4274, -43.0409

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.8013, 0.0357, 6.8562



93.8290, 1.0726, 7.1331



98.8546, -10.2827, 11.2890



43.1678, 0.7561, 3.3697



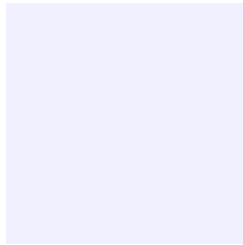
33.3300, 57.0790, 21.5347



10.4003, 17.8111, 6.7179

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

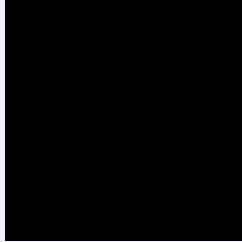
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8432, -2.2700,

-1.9870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870

Protanopia

93.9367, -1.9478, -1.8643

Deuteranopia

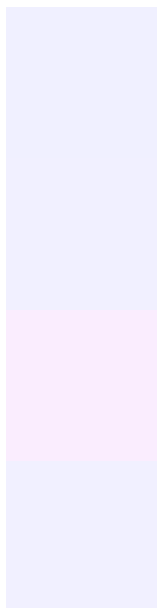
93.7190, 5.1949, -1.4796



Tritanopia

93.9367, -1.9478, -1.8643

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870

Protanomaly

93.9367, -1.9478, -1.8643

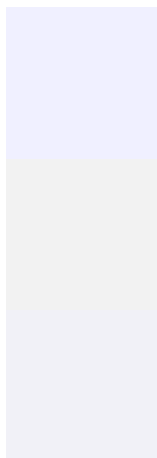
Deuteranomaly

93.8340, 2.4278, -1.3845

Tritanomaly

93.9367, -1.9478, -1.8643

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870

Achromatopsia

94.2297, -5.0279, 5.1197

Achromatomaly

93.9823, -3.9419, 2.3292

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 240, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 240, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 240, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 240, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 240, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 240, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 240, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 240, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 240, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 240,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.8432, -2.2700, -1.9870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 240, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
240, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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