

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.7950, -11.2058,  
4.9656)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(93.7950, -11.2058,  
4.9656) contains.

<b>HunterLab(93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**HunterLab(93.8881,  
-11.2109, 5.1045)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E4F5F1
RGB	228, 245, 241
RGB Percent	89%, 96%, 95%
CMY	0.1059, 0.0392, 0.0549
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.04
HSL	166°, 46%, 93%
HSV	166°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	80.5246, 88.1498, 95.9897
YIQ	239.4610, -8.8480, -4.8480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

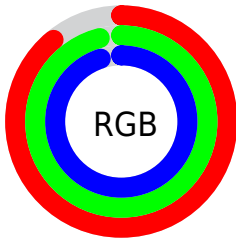
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 238, 245
Decimal	15005169
CIE Lab	95.23, -6.30, -0.00
CIE LCh	95, 6.301, 180.045
Yxy	88.1535, 0.3043, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293195249 (0xFFE4F5F1)
YUV	239.4610, 0.7587, -10.0513
Hunter-Lab	93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045

# Details

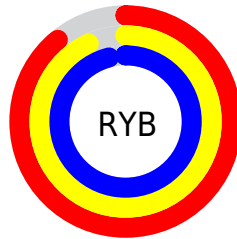
The HunterLab color **93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.8487, 1.6359, 5.0118**, and the grayscale version is **93.1108, -4.9682, 5.0589**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **69.8443, -9.2965, 3.9119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91.6989, -19.4455, 5.2310**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.3322, -2.3068, 5.2740**.

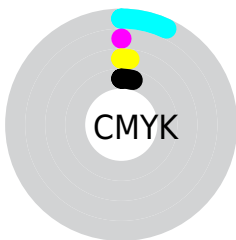
# Distribution



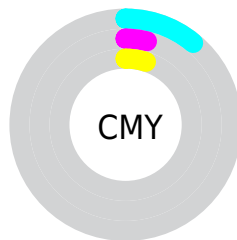
- Red (89%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



93.8881, -11.2109,  
5.1045

93.8881, -11.2109,  
5.1045

228.4745,  
-20.5891, 12.4301

81.5170, -10.2591,  
4.4327

120.3207,  
-13.1723, 6.5442

69.7409, -9.3220,  
3.7919

134.3330,  
-14.1786, 7.3068

58.5938, -8.4004,  
3.1854

148.8506,  
-15.2027, 8.0968

48.1135, -7.4930,  
2.6152

163.8565,  
-16.2446, 8.9134

38.3453, -6.5972,  
2.0837

179.3353,  
-17.3044, 9.7558

29.3456, -5.7090,  
1.5941

195.2730,

21.1867, -4.8211,

-18.3818, 10.6232

1.1504

211.6566,  
-19.4767, 11.5148

■ 13.9662, -3.9202,  
0.7577

■ 7.6059, -4.0159,  
0.4113

■ 93.8881, -11.2109,  
5.1045

■ 93.8881, -11.2109,  
5.1045

■ 91.6989, -19.4455,  
5.2310

■ 96.3322, -2.3068,  
5.2740

■ 89.7636, -26.9305,  
5.6528

■ 96.7630, -0.4508,  
2.9118

■ 88.0867, -33.6022,  
6.3694

■ 96.8443, -0.0094,  
1.7541

■ 86.6672, -39.4087,  
7.3718

■ 85.5004, -44.3172,  
8.6440

■ 84.5770, -48.3197,  
10.1622

■ 83.8824, -51.4376,  
11.8953

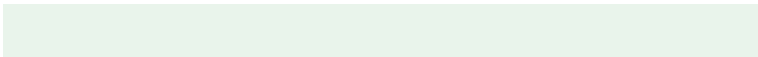
■ 83.3958, -53.7278,  
13.8045

■ 83.0869, -55.2955,  
15.8414

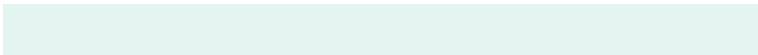
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8901, -10.3944, 8.0450



93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045



93.8901, -10.3895, 2.0700

# Triad

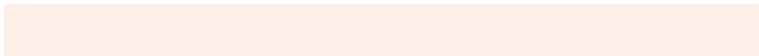
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8901, -11.2129, 5.1060



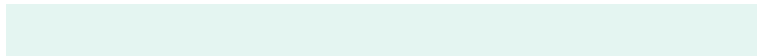
93.8901, -1.8496, -0.2093



93.8901, -1.8583, 10.1410

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



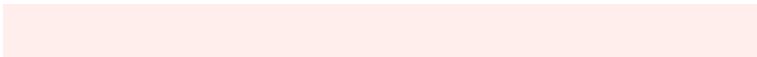
93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045



89.8487, 1.6359, 5.0118

# Split Complementary

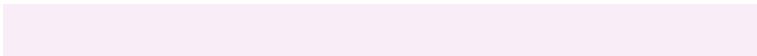
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8901, 0.4837, 8.0530



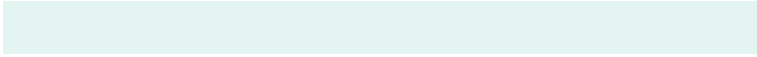
93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045



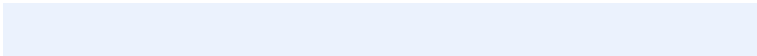
93.8901, 0.4888, 2.0785

# Square

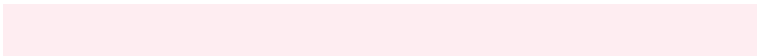
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.8901, -11.2129, 5.1060



93.8901, -5.0098, -1.0620



93.8901, 1.3484, 5.1154



93.8901, -5.0198, 10.8908

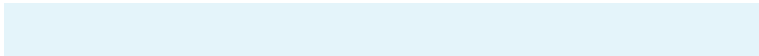


# Rectangle

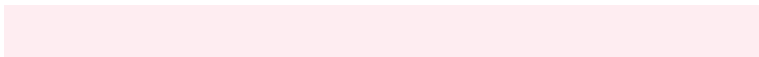
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



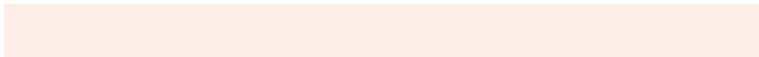
93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045



93.8901, -9.0139, 0.4148



93.8901, 1.3484, 5.1154



93.8901, -0.9476, 9.5759

# Sweetspot

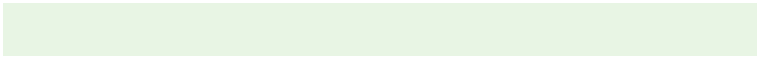
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8901, -11.2129, 5.1060



99.4829, -7.2168, 5.3922



93.8658, -12.0973, 11.2649



46.0371, -3.2960, 2.4955

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8901, -11.2129, 5.1060



97.9942, -12.6971, 5.3425



92.6567, -8.3007, 1.6689



43.2287, -6.1966, 2.3673



60.9456, -40.7646, 11.8224



18.1116, -11.8204, 2.8790



# Inverse Universe

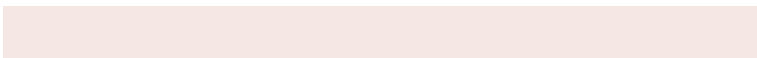
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.8487, 1.6359, 5.0118



93.1148, 2.8179, 5.2300



91.0333, -1.2862, 8.2663



40.6773, 1.9176, 2.3094



32.6167, 56.4107, 16.7845

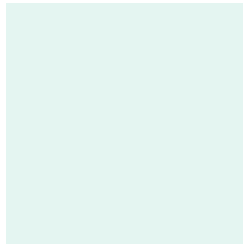


9.7485, 17.0146, 3.8190



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

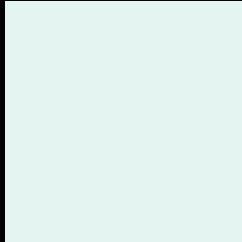
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

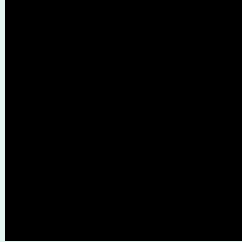
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

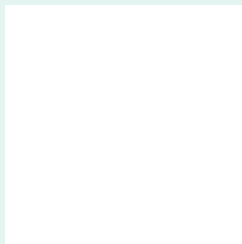
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045.



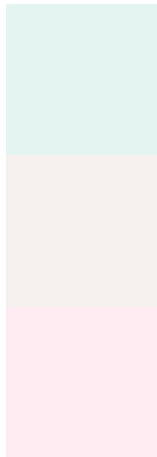
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8881,

-11.2109 5.1045.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045

### Protanopia

93.8542, -3.3476, 6.6744

### Deuteranopia

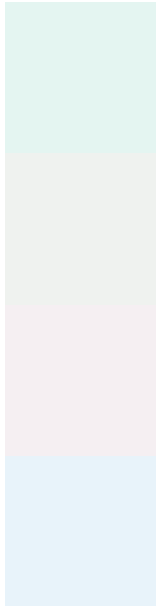
93.6278, 2.5158, 4.5411



## Tritanopia

93.9237, -5.2323, -1.9380

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045

## Protanomaly

93.8547, -6.5255, 6.1313

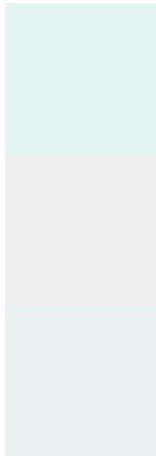
## Deuteranomaly

93.5715, -2.4605, 4.3873

## Tritanomaly

93.8931, -7.3114, 0.6174

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045

## Achromatopsia

92.9063, -4.9572, 5.0478

## Achromatomaly

93.2009, -7.1177, 4.8621

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 245, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 245, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 245, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 245, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 245, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 245, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 245, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 245, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 245, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 245,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.8881, -11.2109, 5.1045 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 245, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
245, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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