

Converting Colors

HunterLab(93.8498, 1.1854,
6.8352)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(93.8498, 1.1854, 6.8352)
contains.

HunterLab(93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(93.8091, 1.2956,
6.7033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEDEE
RGB	255, 237, 238
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0706, 0.0667
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	357°, 100%, 96%
HSV	357°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.9568, 88.0015, 93.2918
YIQ	242.4960, 10.4070, 4.1270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

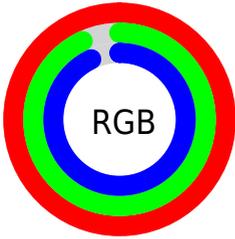
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 237, 238
Decimal	16772590
CIE Lab	95.16, 6.24, 1.70
CIE LCh	95, 6.471, 15.241
Yxy	88.0051, 0.3242, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962670 (0xFFFFEDEE)
YUV	242.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660
Hunter-Lab	93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033

Details

The HunterLab color **93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **98.3268, -11.2711, 3.8491**, and the grayscale version is **94.4566, -5.0400, 5.1320**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **69.5923, 1.9873, 5.2129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.4114, 11.0055, 8.7014**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**.

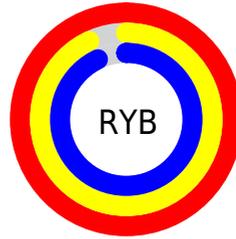
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (93%)

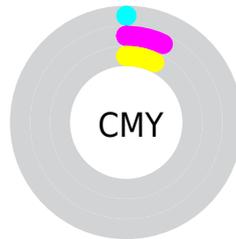


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 93.8091, 1.2956,
6.7033

 93.8091, 1.2956,
6.7033

228.3681, -3.7673,
14.5893

 81.4416, 1.6708,
5.9564

120.2349, 0.4114,
8.2832

 69.6693, 2.0032,
5.2368

134.2439, -0.0867,
9.1118

 58.5263, 2.2858,
4.5469

148.7584, -0.6203,
9.9655

 48.0502, 2.5137,
3.8879

163.7613, -1.1877,
10.8437

 38.2866, 2.6803,
3.2610

179.2372, -1.7874,
11.7458

 29.2919, 2.7771,
2.6675

195.1720, -2.4180,

 21.1385, 2.7918,

12.6711

2.1086

211.5529, -3.0783,
13.6191

■ 13.9243, 2.7060,
1.5850

■ 7.5603, 3.1948,
1.3442

■ 93.8091, 1.2956,
6.7033

■ 93.8091, 1.2956,
6.7033

■ 85.4114, 11.0055,
8.7014

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 77.5180, 21.0996,
10.9529

■ 70.2288, 31.5259,
13.4772

■ 63.6648, 42.1220,
16.2645

■ 57.9681, 52.5396,
19.2502

■ 53.2919, 62.1797,
22.2842

■ 49.7713, 70.2168,
25.1176

■ 47.4760, 75.8180,
27.4449

■ 46.3442, 78.5806,
29.0126

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8110, 1.3070, 3.5301



93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033



93.8110, -0.4266, 9.3586

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8110, 1.2926, 6.7047



93.8110, -9.5457, 9.3239



93.8110, -6.6477, -1.0213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033



98.3268, -11.2711, 3.8491

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8110, -9.5081, 0.6453



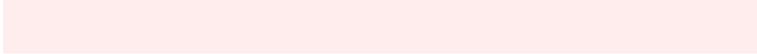
93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033



93.8110, -11.1652, 6.6558

Square

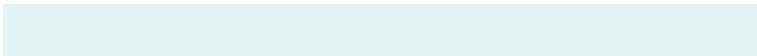
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.8110, 1.2926, 6.7047



93.8110, -6.6997, 10.8343



93.8110, -11.1516, 3.4795



93.8110, -3.3094, -1.0071

Rectangle

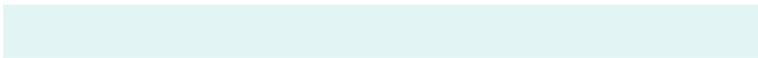
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



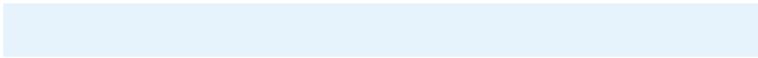
93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033



93.8110, -2.2945, 10.5078



93.8110, -11.1516, 3.4795



93.8110, -7.6960, -0.6366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8110, 1.2926, 6.7047



98.2256, -3.4753, 5.7828



94.2471, 3.8875, -1.3742



45.4842, -1.6506, 2.6673

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8110, 1.2926, 6.7047



92.9991, 2.1928, 6.8830



96.2085, -3.0166, 9.8518



42.4304, 1.6818, 3.3178



33.3647, 57.2076, 21.0204



10.4372, 17.9481, 6.1702

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.8110, 1.2926, 6.7047



92.9991, 2.1928, 6.8830



95.8494, -7.0206, 0.4171



42.4304, 1.6818, 3.3178



33.3647, 57.2076, 21.0204



10.4372, 17.9481, 6.1702

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

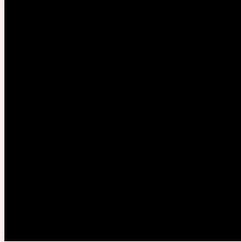
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8091, 1.2956,

6.7033.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033

Protanopia

93.9171, -3.0039, 5.7755

Deuteranopia

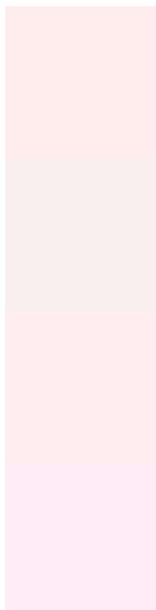
93.8721, 1.6364, 5.8039



Tritanopia

93.9233, 4.1085, 0.3340

Trichromacy



Original Color

93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033

Protanomaly

93.8641, -1.6426, 6.2278

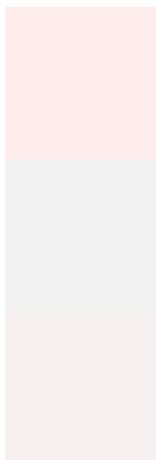
Deuteranomaly

93.8405, 1.4656, 6.2547

Tritanomaly

93.7575, 3.2154, 2.6932

Monochromacy



Original Color

93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033

Achromatopsia

94.2297, -5.0279, 5.1197

Achromatomaly

94.0453, -2.4977, 5.4418

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 237, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 237, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 237, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 237, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 237, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 237, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 237, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.8091, 1.2956, 6.7033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 237, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
237, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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