

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.0001, -0.2052,  
6.1012)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(94.0001, -0.2052, 6.1012)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(93.8807, 0.0760,  
5.7867)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCEEFO
RGB	252, 238, 240
RGB Percent	99%, 93%, 94%
CMY	0.0118, 0.0666, 0.0588
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.05, 0.01
HSL	351°, 70%, 96%
HSV	351°, 6%, 99%
XYZ	86.4477, 88.1359, 94.8938
YIQ	242.4140, 7.7020, 3.5900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

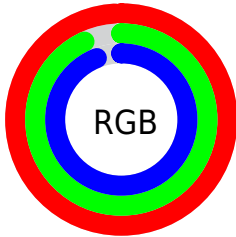
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	252, 238, 240
Decimal	16576240
CIE Lab	95.22, 5.05, 0.72
CIE LCh	95, 5.102, 8.087
Yxy	88.1397, 0.3208, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294766320 (0xFFFC EE F0)
YUV	242.4140, -1.1901, 8.4069
Hunter-Lab	93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867

# Details

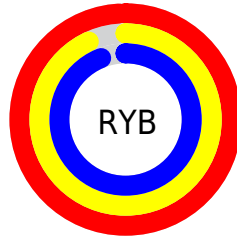
The HunterLab color **93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **97.3152, -10.1186, 4.6823**, and the grayscale version is **94.4171, -5.0379, 5.1299**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **69.6554, 0.8149, 4.3363** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.5975, 9.9364, 6.7869**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.7175, -6.3199, 5.0829**.

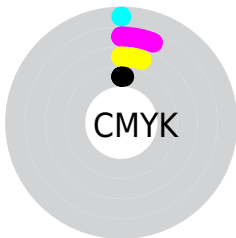
# Distribution



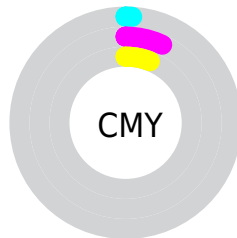
- Red (99%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (6%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 93.8807, 0.0760,  
5.7867

 93.8807, 0.0760,  
5.7867


228.4646, -5.3910,  
13.3494

 81.5100, 0.5053,  
5.0833


120.3128, -0.9084,  
7.2857

 69.7343, 0.8939,  
4.4093


134.3248, -1.4540,  
8.0762

 58.5875, 1.2356,  
3.7676

148.8421, -2.0335,  
8.8932

 48.1076, 1.5261,  
3.1600

163.8477, -2.6454,  
9.7358

 38.3398, 1.7595,  
2.5884

179.3262, -3.2883,  
10.6035

 29.3406, 1.9283,  
2.0551

195.2636, -3.9609,

 21.1822, 2.0216,

11.4954

1.5631

211.6470, -4.6621,  
12.4108

■ 13.9623, 2.0231,  
1.1158

■ 7.6017, 2.4894,  
0.8051

■ 93.8807, 0.0760,  
5.7867

■ 93.8807, 0.0760,  
5.7867

■ 85.5975, 9.9364,  
6.7869

■ 99.7175, -6.3199,  
5.0829

■ 77.7917, 20.1223,  
8.1241

■ 70.5562, 30.5797,  
9.8519

■ 64.0035, 41.1544,  
12.0105

■ 58.2669, 51.5225,  
14.6044

■ 53.4923, 61.1286,  
17.5667

■ 49.8150, 69.1955,  
20.7226

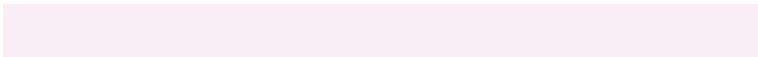
■ 47.3172, 74.9052,  
23.7850

■ 45.9711, 77.7837,  
26.4162

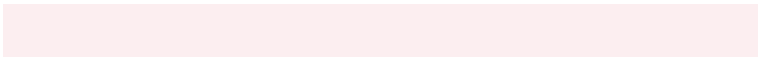
# Harmonies

## Analogous

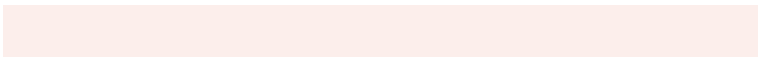
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.8827, -0.2498, 3.2869



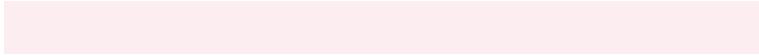
93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867



93.8827, -0.9782, 8.0456

# Triad

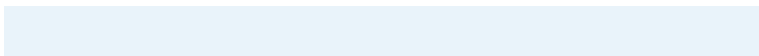
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



93.8827, 0.0736, 5.7882



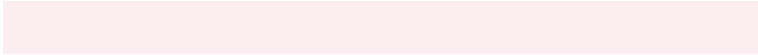
93.8827, -8.1307, 8.8386



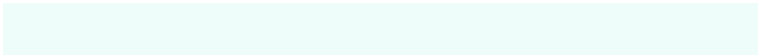
93.8827, -6.9047, 0.5106

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



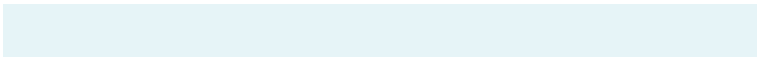
93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867



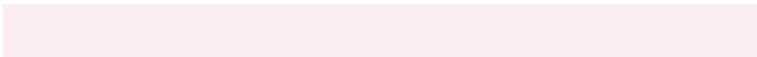
97.3152, -10.1186, 4.6823

# Split Complementary

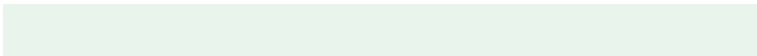
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



93.8827, -8.9835, 2.0770



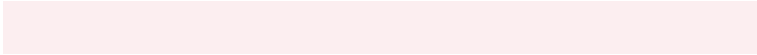
93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867



93.8827, -9.6858, 6.8978

# Square

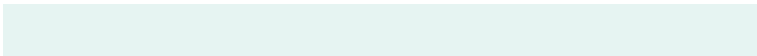
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



93.8827, 0.0736, 5.7882



93.8827, -5.7286, 9.7746



93.8827, -9.9962, 4.4273

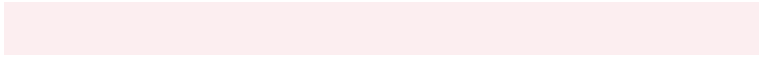


93.8827, -4.2980, 0.1936

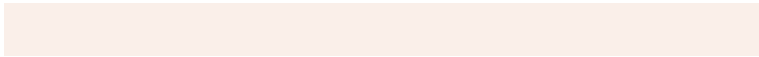


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



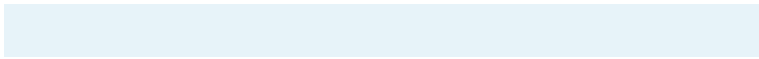
93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867



93.8827, -2.3110, 9.1245



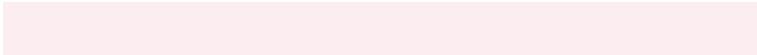
93.8827, -9.9962, 4.4273



93.8827, -7.6875, 0.9106

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93.8827, 0.0736, 5.7882



98.2398, -3.3975, 5.5796



94.0675, 1.4890, -0.0579



45.4904, -1.6164, 2.5779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

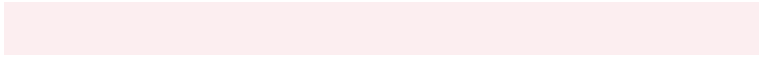


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

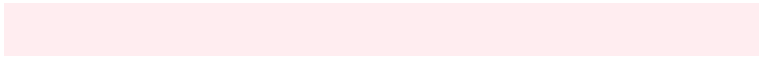


# Same Dimension

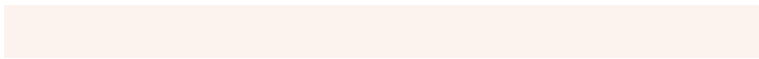
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93.8827, 0.0736, 5.7882



93.9087, 1.5041, 5.9942



95.3484, -2.8635, 8.4015



42.2812, 0.9443, 2.7376



32.9533, 56.6723, 19.4423

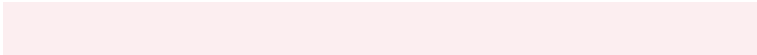


10.0875, 17.4648, 5.0487



# Inverse Universe

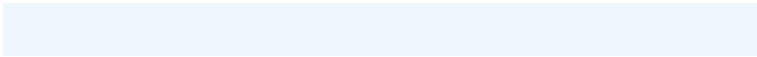
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.8827, 0.0736, 5.7882



93.9087, 1.5041, 5.9942



95.8077, -7.2031, 1.9167



42.2812, 0.9443, 2.7376



32.9533, 56.6723, 19.4423

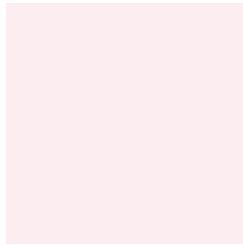


10.0875, 17.4648, 5.0487



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

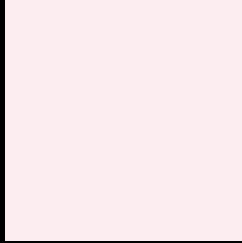
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

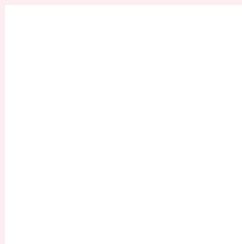
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867.



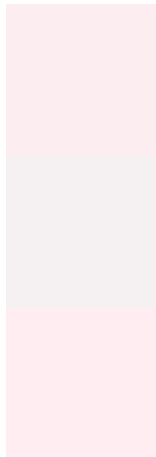
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 93.8807, 0.0760,

5.7867.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867

### Protanopia

93.8528, -3.1628, 5.2040

### Deuteranopia

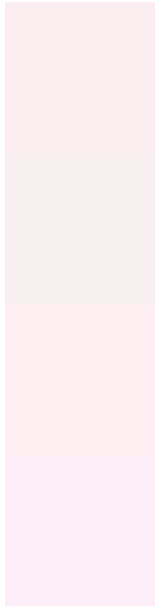
93.9038, 1.8080, 5.3510



## Tritanopia

93.9242, 4.3144, -1.2390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867

## Protanomaly

93.8298, -1.6341, 5.2037

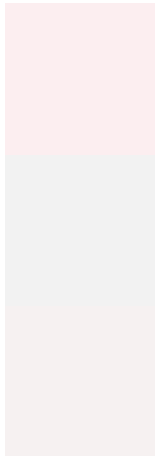
## Deuteranomaly

93.8030, 1.4646, 5.2264

## Tritanomaly

93.9631, 2.5298, 1.3927

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867

## Achromatopsia

94.2297, -5.0279, 5.1197

## Achromatomaly

94.2626, -3.3585, 5.6816

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 238, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 238, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 238, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 238, 240) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 238, 240) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 238, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 238, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 238, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 238, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 238,  
240) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 93.8807, 0.0760, 5.7867 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 238, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
238, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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