

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.0288, -5.9533,  
6.5353)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(94.0288, -5.9533, 6.5353)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(94.0410, -5.8751,  
6.3597)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1F2EF
RGB	241, 242, 239
RGB Percent	95%, 95%, 94%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0510, 0.0627
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.05
HSL	80°, 10%, 94%
HSV	80°, 1%, 95%
XYZ	83.6078, 88.4371, 94.3249
YIQ	241.3590, 0.3670, -1.1450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

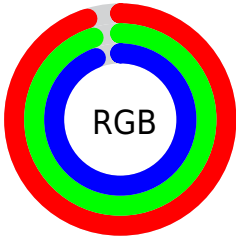
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 242, 240
Decimal	15856367
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.35, -0.86, 1.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 1.573, 123.063
Yxy	88.4409, 0.3139, 0.3320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294046447 (0xFFFF1F2EF)
YUV	241.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148
Hunter-Lab	94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597

# Details

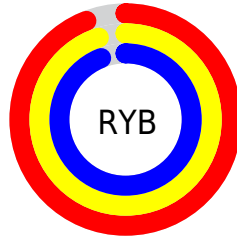
The HunterLab color  $94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $93.0976, -4.1030, 3.7926$ , and the grayscale version is  $93.9533, -5.0131, 5.1047$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $69.8935, -4.5444, 4.9853$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $92.5810, -12.4602, 15.7435$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $95.3334, -0.3720, -0.1013$ .

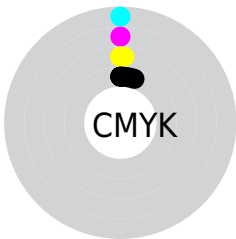
# Distribution



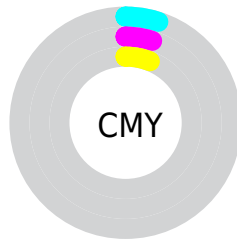
- Red (95%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94.0410, -5.8751,  
6.3597

94.0410, -5.8751,  
6.3597

228.6801,  
-13.3639, 14.1232

81.6629, -5.1767,  
5.6294

120.4869, -7.3635,  
7.9090

69.8794, -4.5059,  
4.9271

134.5054, -8.1471,  
8.7231

58.7245, -3.8663,  
4.2556

149.0289, -8.9564,  
9.5629

48.2359, -3.2596,  
3.6161

164.0406, -9.7906,  
10.4276

38.4588, -2.6874,  
3.0103

179.5250,  
-10.6492, 11.3167

29.4494, -2.1519,  
2.4398

195.4681,

21.2798, -1.6556,

-11.5313, 12.2293

1.9065

211.8571,  
-12.4364, 13.1650

■ 14.0473, -1.2015,  
1.4122

■ 7.6933, -0.8970,  
1.1291

■ 94.0410, -5.8751,  
6.3597

■ 94.0410, -5.8751,  
6.3597

■ 92.5810, -12.4602,  
15.7435

■ 95.3334, -0.3720,  
-0.1013

■ 91.2307, -18.5665,  
24.0072

■ 95.9102, 1.6002,  
0.6426

■ 89.9921, -24.1780,  
31.1341

■ 88.8647, -29.2811,  
37.1187

■ 87.8468, -33.8680,  
41.9702

■ 86.9359, -37.9383,  
45.7155

■ 86.1281, -41.5004,  
48.4021

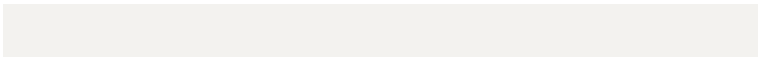
■ 85.4181, -44.5736,  
50.1027

■ 84.7984, -47.1919,  
50.9234

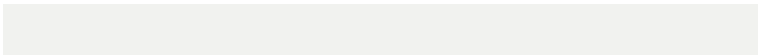
# Harmonies

## Analogous

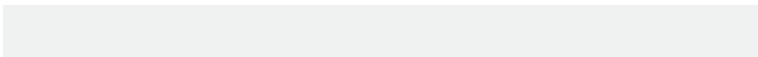
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.0430, -5.1068, 6.5971



94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597



94.0430, -6.4175, 5.7926

# Triad

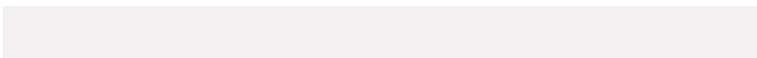
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.0430, -5.8773, 6.3612



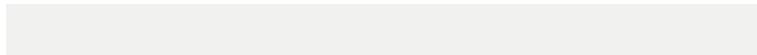
94.0430, -5.7326, 3.7788



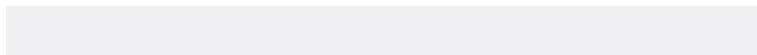
94.0430, -3.4512, 5.1987

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597



93.0976, -4.1030, 3.7926

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.0430, -3.6202, 4.4404



94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597



94.0430, -4.9391, 3.6165

# Square

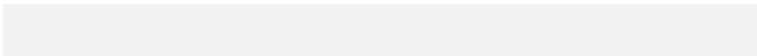
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



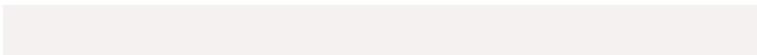
94.0430, -5.8773, 6.3612



94.0430, -6.3341, 4.3012



94.0430, -4.1655, 3.8597



94.0430, -3.7045, 5.9296



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



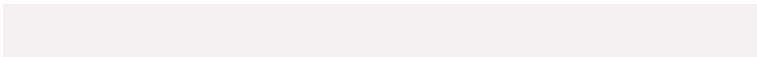
94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597



94.0430, -6.5752, 5.2991



94.0430, -4.1655, 3.8597



94.0430, -3.4605, 4.9386

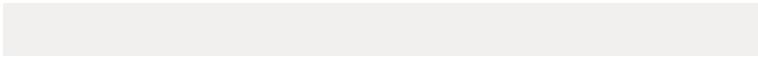
# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.0430, -5.8773, 6.3612

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



93.5053, -4.4991, 5.7579



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.0430, -5.8773, 6.3612



99.8376, -6.0645, 6.4988



93.9032, -6.3652, 6.1899



43.2137, -2.6072, 2.7872



61.8616, -35.7906, 37.4922

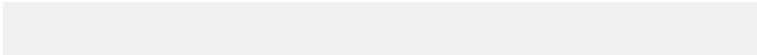


17.9938, -9.7206, 10.9175



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93.0976, -4.1030, 3.7926



99.0269, -4.5430, 4.2962



93.2390, -3.6129, 3.9694



42.8823, -1.9853, 1.8868



21.0908, 52.4472, -112.9484

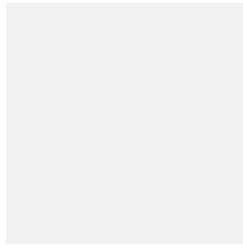


6.5000, 15.5391, -29.9667



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

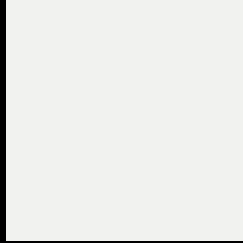
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

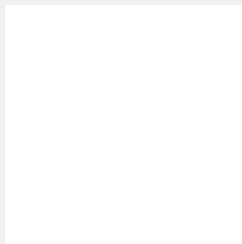
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



# HunterLab 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597.



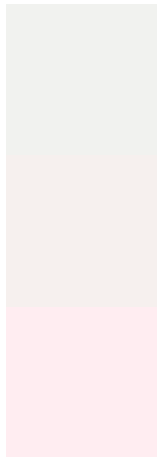
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597.

6.3597.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597

### Protanopia

93.8542, -3.3476, 6.6744

### Deuteranopia

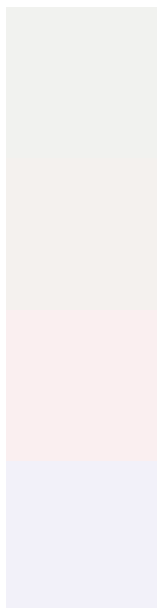
93.9038, 1.8080, 5.3510



## Tritanopia

94.1248, -1.2999, -1.6177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597

## Protanomaly

93.9770, -4.5375, 6.7960

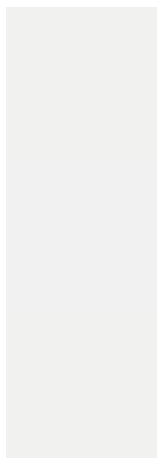
## Deuteranomaly

93.9938, -1.1336, 5.8978

## Tritanomaly

94.1421, -3.2564, 1.5093

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597

## Achromatopsia

93.7882, -5.0043, 5.0957

## Achromatomaly

93.7564, -5.1784, 5.5491

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 242, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 242, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 242, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 242, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 242, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 242, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 242, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 242, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 242, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 242, 239) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.0410, -5.8751, 6.3597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 242, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
242, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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