

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(94.1504, -11.4668,  
15.1774)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(94.1504, -11.4668,  
15.1774) contains.

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# **Color**

**HunterLab(94.1537,  
-11.5276, 15.1772)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEF5DC
RGB	238, 245, 220
RGB Percent	93%, 96%, 86%
CMY	0.0667, 0.0392, 0.1372
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.10, 0.04
HSL	77°, 56%, 91%
HSV	77°, 10%, 96%
XYZ	80.8305, 88.6492, 80.5609
YIQ	240.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

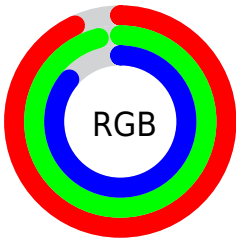
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	220, 245, 227
Decimal	15660508
CIE Lab	95.44, -6.61, 11.24
CIE LCh	95, 13.035, 120.452
Yxy	88.6530, 0.3233, 0.3545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293850588 (0xFFEEF5DC)
YUV	240.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040
Hunter-Lab	94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772

# Details

The HunterLab color  $94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $FFFCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $86.0885, 2.2757, -6.4111$ , and the grayscale version is  $93.4149, -4.9844, 5.0754$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $70.0406, -9.7212, 12.8551$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $92.8886, -17.3536, 23.7889$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $95.5294, -5.2330, 5.4048$ .

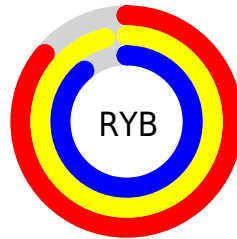
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (96%)

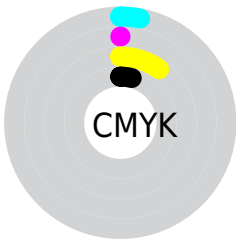
Blue (86%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (89%)

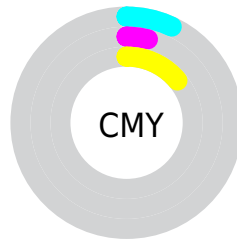


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



94.1537, -11.5276,  
15.1772

94.1537, -11.5276,  
15.1772

228.8317,  
-21.0167, 26.3359

81.7704, -10.5614,  
13.9864

120.6093,  
-13.5170, 17.5828

69.9815, -9.6088,  
12.7977

134.6324,  
-14.5363, 18.7983

58.8209, -8.6709,  
11.6086

149.1604,  
-15.5730, 20.0244

48.3261, -7.7460,  
10.4141

164.1763,  
-16.6270, 21.2618

38.5425, -6.8315,  
9.2064

179.6649,  
-17.6985, 22.5113

29.5260, -5.9229,  
7.9735

195.6120,

21.3485, -5.0126,

-18.7874, 23.7732

6.6961

212.0049,  
-19.8935, 25.0480

■ 14.1071, -4.0863,  
5.3391

■ 7.7570, -4.1254,  
5.4299

■ 94.1537, -11.5276,  
15.1772

■ 94.1537, -11.5276,  
15.1772

■ 92.8886, -17.3536,  
23.7889

■ 95.5294, -5.2330,  
5.4048

■ 91.7277, -22.6894,  
31.2214

■ 96.5262, -1.1010,  
1.3481

■ 90.6718, -27.5276,  
37.4739

■ 96.8444, -0.0095,  
1.7542

■ 89.7192, -31.8644,  
42.5592

■ 88.8669, -35.7027,  
46.5074

■ 88.1108, -39.0539,  
49.3684

■ 87.4455, -41.9398,  
51.2166

■ 86.8635, -44.3953,  
52.1579

■ 86.3605, -46.4580,  
52.4016

# Harmonies

## Analogous

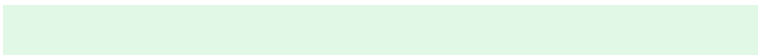
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.1557, -5.1315, 16.6760



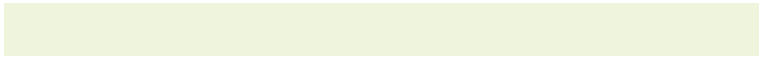
94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772



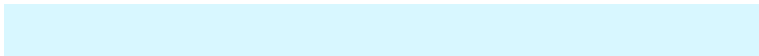
94.1557, -16.0777, 11.0244

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



94.1557, -11.5299, 15.1785



94.1557, -11.3571, -6.2850



94.1557, 8.3320, 5.2226

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772



86.0885, 2.2757, -6.4111

# Split Complementary

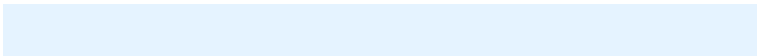
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.1557, 6.5540, -1.1824



94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772



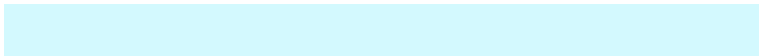
94.1557, -4.9264, -8.1043

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



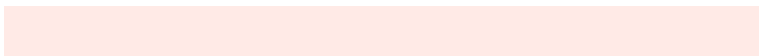
94.1557, -11.5299, 15.1785



94.1557, -15.9800, -1.3629



94.1557, 1.6533, -6.1757



94.1557, 6.4466, 11.1821

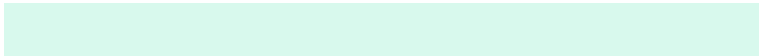


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772



94.1557, -17.5139, 7.1543



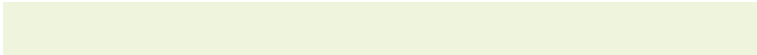
94.1557, 1.6533, -6.1757



94.1557, 8.1424, 3.0498

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94.1557, -11.5299, 15.1785



99.5554, -7.3708, 8.6421



89.0722, 0.3460, 9.8205



46.0047, -3.6583, 4.3865

0.0000, NaN, NaN

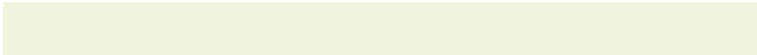


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

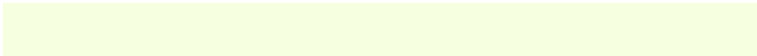


# Same Dimension

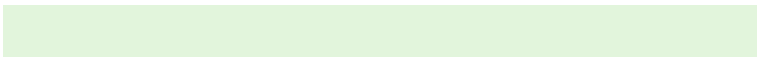
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94.1557, -11.5299, 15.1785



98.2821, -13.2124, 17.6152



93.0688, -15.4092, 13.9429



43.6654, -5.1389, 6.7239



63.4425, -33.8700, 38.5000



18.9445, -9.5042, 11.5071



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0885, 2.2757, -6.4111



88.3547, 3.7853, -8.9760



87.2702, 6.2650, -4.8074



40.1888, 0.8096, -2.5773



20.7016, 52.6076, -119.6087

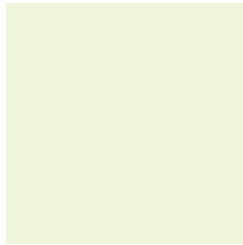


6.5279, 15.9608, -32.8479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

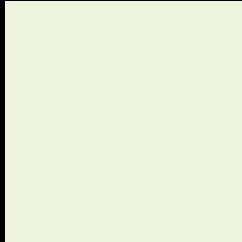
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

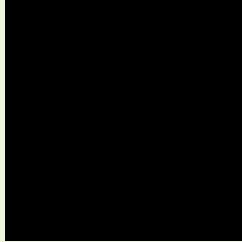
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

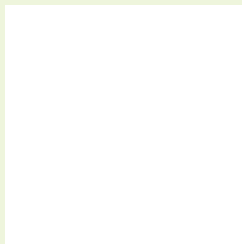
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772.



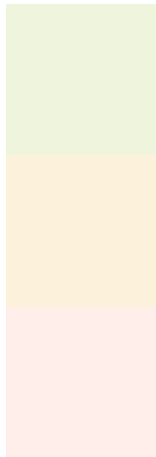
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 94.1537,

-11.5276,15.1772.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772

### Protanopia

94.1637, -5.0696, 16.1701

### Deuteranopia

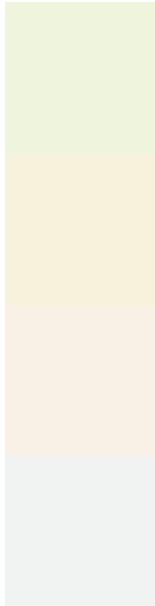
93.9945, 0.0923, 8.8193



## Tritanopia

94.1248, -1.2999, -1.6177

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772

## Protanomaly

94.0175, -7.1455, 15.5448

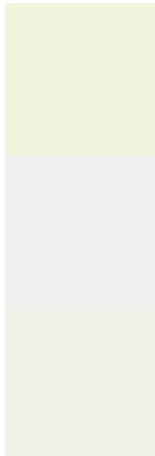
## Deuteranomaly

94.1846, -4.3647, 11.2951

## Tritanomaly

94.1360, -5.3539, 5.0036

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772

## Achromatopsia

93.3470, -4.9808, 5.0717

## Achromatomaly

93.6687, -7.5485, 8.7894

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 245, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 245, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 245, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 245, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 245, 220) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 245, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 245, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 245, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 245, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 245,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 94.1537, -11.5276, 15.1772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 245, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
245, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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